MUNSUN 麥盛

Munsun Capital Group Limited 麥 盛 資 本 集 團 有 限 公 司

Stock code 股份代號:1194

2017 ANNUAL REPORT 年度報告

CONTENTS

目錄

Corporate Profile 企業概況	2
Chairman's Statement	6
主席報告書	
Financial Highlights 財務摘要	8
Management's Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析	9
Corporate Governance Report 公司管治報告書	30
Biographical Details of the Directors and the Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷	44
Report of the Directors 董事會報告	52
Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書	71
Consolidated Income Statement 綜合損益表	80
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表	81
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	82
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表	84
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表	86
Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註	89
Five Years Summary 五年概要	245
Corporate Information 公司資料	246

CORPORATE PROFILE

企業概況

Munsun Capital Group Limited(麥盛資本集團有限公司)was incorporated on 14 January 2004 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. On 12 December 2017, the Company has been deregistered in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda.

The shares (the "Shares") of the Company have been listed on the main board (the "Main Board") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 12 October 2004 (Stock code: 1194).

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are principally engaged in mining and processing of gold ores and sale of gold products in The People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), provision of financial services business in Hong Kong and the PRC, including asset management, securities brokerage, financing and advisory services.

Following the completion of the Group's acquisitions of Munsun Asia and Munsun Securities in 2016 and Shenzhen Munsun in 2017, the Group has diversified its operation into the financial services industry in Hong Kong and the PRC, including asset management and securities brokerage and advisory services.

The Group is a non state-owned Chinese gold mining company in the PRC with a particular focus on the central and western regions of the PRC. The Group currently owns five operating gold mines located in the central, western and northern regions of the PRC, namely Jinxing Mine and Luanling Mine in Henan Province, Mojiang Mine and Hengyi Mine in Yunnan Province, and Yongfeng Mine in Inner Mongolia, with total gold resources of approximately 7.1 million ounces. The Group produced 73 Koz and 74 Koz of gold for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2017, respectively.

麥盛資本集團有限公司於二零零四年一月十四日根據開曼群島公司法於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。於二零一七年十二月十二日,本公司於開曼群島撤銷註冊並根據百慕達法律於百慕達存續為獲豁免有限公司。

本公司股份(「股份」)自二零零四年十月十二日起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板(「主板」)上市,股份編號為1194。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事金礦開採、加工及黃金產品銷售,在香港及中國從事提供金融服務業務,包括資產管理、證券經紀、融資及諮詢服務。

隨着本集團於二零一六年完成收購麥盛亞洲及麥盛證券及於二零一七年完成收購深圳麥盛後,本集團已進行多元化經營,將業務拓展至香港及中國的金融服務行業,包括資產管理及證券經紀與諮詢服務。

本集團是一間位於中國的非國有金礦公司,主要金礦資產位於中國中西部地區。本集團目前有5個營運中的金礦分別位於中國中部、西部及北部地區,即河南省的金興金礦及煙益金礦,以及內蒙古的墨江金礦及恆益金礦,以及內方。截至二零一六年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團分別生產黃金73千盎司及74千盎司。

JINXING GOLD MINE IN HENAN

Jinxing Mine is currently our largest mine in terms of total gold resources and 2016 production. Jinxing Mine is located in Luanchuan County, Henan Province. It is approximately 6 km from the regional town of Baitu and approximately 110 km southwest of Luoyang City, Henan Province. It is an underground mine and consists of two areas, namely Jinxing area and Xiepojing area. It has Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves ("JORC code") and its equivalent gold resources of 76.1 tonnes (2,446 Koz) with average grade of 4.6g/t.

Jinxing Mine is located at the junction between the southern margin of the Qinling complex structural zone and the Xinhuaxia Taihang uplift zone. Jinxing Mine is a polymetallic mine. The majority of the mineralisation is contained within fresh rock due to the limited weathering profile in the region. Two categories of mineralisation are identified, namely pyrite bearing that contains silver, lead and copper in addition to the gold mineralisation, and lead/gold bearing that is composed of lead and gold mineralisation with minor silver. Mineralisation occurs within quartz veins which are located within fracture zones to form stock work style deposits. Ten vein groups have been identified within the mining area.

LUANLING GOLD MINE IN HENAN

Luanling Mine is located in Luanchuan County, Henan Province. It is approximately 40 km from Jinxing Mine. It is composed of Northern underground mining site and Southern open-pit and underground mining site and is contained within a single mining license with an area of 9 km². Luanling Mine has JORC code gold resources of 61.2 tonnes (1,967Koz) with average grade of 3.2q/t.

Luanling Mine consists of two mining areas with mineralisation of different characteristics, namely the Northern mining area and the Southern mining area. Aggregate mining area of approximately 9km² is under the mining license.

河南金興金礦

金興金礦就總黃金資源量及二零一六年 產量而言為本集團目前最大的金礦。金 興金礦位於河南省欒川縣, 距離白土鎮 約6公里及河南省洛陽市西南方約110 公里。該金礦為地下礦山,由兩個礦區 組成,即金興區及斜坡井區。其擁有澳 大利亞聯合礦石儲量委員會標準(「JORC 標準」)及其類比標準的黃金資源量76.1 噸(2,446千盎司),平均品位為4.6克/

金興金礦位於秦嶺複雜構造帶南緣與新 華夏系太行山隆起帶的交接處。金興 金礦屬多金屬礦場。由於該地區風化較 弱,大多數的礦化發生在原岩中。兩種 礦化類型已予確定,即除金礦化外,還 包括銀、鉛和銅礦化的含黃鐵礦礦化; 以及由鉛、金以及少量銀礦化組成的含 鉛/金礦化。礦化位於石英脈斷裂帶, 富集成礦。礦區範圍內已確定10個礦脈 群。

河南欒靈金礦

樂靈金礦位於河南省欒川縣, 距離金興 金礦約40公里。樂靈金礦由北部地下 礦場及南部露天及地下礦場組成,由面 積為9平方公里的單一採礦許可證所涵 蓋。樂靈金礦擁有JORC標準黃金資源 量61.2噸(1,967千盎司),平均品位為 3.2克/噸。

樂靈金礦包括兩個具有不同礦化特徵的 礦區,即北礦區和南礦區。採礦許可證 下總礦區面積約為9平方公里。

CORPORATE PROFILE

企業概況

Luanling Mine is located at the junction between the southern margin of the Qinling complex structural zone and the Xinhuaxia Taihang uplift zone. There are mineralised zones are defined in two mining areas. The major gold zones include nine veins. The mineralised material is dominated by pyrite, secondarily marcasite, with small amount of galena and altaite (lead minerals). The major gangue minerals include quartz, albite, sericite and chlorite. The gold minerals include electrum, with a little calaverite and petzite.

樂靈金礦位於秦嶺複雜構造帶南緣與新華夏系太行山隆起帶的交接處。兩個礦區已予界定。主要黃金地帶包括九條礦脈。礦化材料主要為黃鐵礦,其次是白鐵礦,及少量硫化鉛和碲鉛礦(鉛礦物)。主要脈石礦物包括石英、鈉長石、絹雲母及綠泥石。含金礦物包括有銀金礦及少量碲金礦和碲金銀礦石。

MOJIANG GOLD MINE IN YUNNAN

Mojiang Mine is located in Mojiang County, Pu'er City, Yunnan Province, approximately 300 km southwest of the provincial capital-Kunming of Yunnan Province. Mojiang Mine is located in the famous Ailaoshan Fold Belt of the San Jiang Metamorphic Fold System implying favourable geology attributes. It has JORC code gold resources of 15.6 tonnes (504 Koz) with average grade of 1.4g/t.

Mojiang Mine holds one mining license covering an area of approximately 7.2 km².

Apart from gold deposit, there is also rich deposit of nickel metal in Mojiang Mine. The nickel ore bodies occur parallel to the gold ore bodies and belong to a typical hydrothermal type that are mainly sulfides.

HENGYI MINE IN YUNNAN

Hengyi Mine is located in Zhenyuan County, Yunnan Province. It is approximately 380 km southwest from Kunming. Hengyi Mine is located between the Mojiang-Jinping Fold Belt and the Ailaoshan Fold Belt of the San Jiang Metamorphic Fold System. It has JORC code gold resources of 51.5 tonnes (1,656 Koz) with average grade of 2.7g/t.

Hengyi Mine consists of two mining areas, namely Bianfushan mining area and Shangzhai mining area. Total area under the mining licences is approximately 9.1 km². It also holds four exploration licences in adjacent areas with aggregate area of approximately 36.7 km².

雲南墨江金礦

墨江金礦位於雲南省普洱市墨江縣, 距離雲南省省會昆明市西南方約300公 里。墨江金礦位於蘊含著有利地質屬性 的三江變質褶皺系的哀牢山褶皺帶。其 擁有JORC標準黃金資源量15.6噸(504 千盎司),平均品位為1.4克/噸。

墨江金礦持有覆蓋面積約7.2平方公里 之採礦許可證。

除黃金礦藏外,墨江礦亦存在豐富的鎳 金屬資源。在墨江礦區內,鎳礦體平行 於金礦體。該鎳礦床部分為典型的熱液 類型礦床,其鎳礦物主要為硫化礦。

雲南恆益金礦

恒益金礦位於雲南省鎮沅縣,距離昆明市西南方約380公里。恒益金礦位於三江變質褶皺系之墨江金平褶皺帶及哀牢山褶皺帶之間。其擁有JORC標準黃金資源量51.5噸(1,656千盎司),平均品位為2.7克/噸。

恒益金礦包括兩個礦區,即蝙蝠山礦區 及上寨礦區。採礦許可證下總礦區面積 約為9.1平方公里。其亦擁有鄰近礦區 總面積約36.7平方公里的四個勘探許可 證。

CORPORATE PROFILE

企業概況

YONGFENG GOLD MINE IN INNER MONGOLIA

The Yongfeng Mine is located in Honghuagou, Inner Mongolia. It currently holds mining licenses covering a total mining area of 1.9 km². The mine is an underground mine located in Honghuagou mineralisation belt of Inner Mongolia that has relatively high gold grade. It has gold resources of 16.1 tonnes (520 Koz) with average grade of 9.5g/t.

Seven mineralized veins were identified in Yongfeng Mine. The mineralised veins have similar characteristics with an average width between 1 and 1.5 metres and occur as gold bearing quartz veins.

內蒙古永豐金礦

永豐金礦位於內蒙古紅花溝。目前該礦 持有採礦許可證,總礦區面積1.9平方 公里。該礦為地下金礦,位於擁有較高 金品位的內蒙古紅花溝成礦帶。其擁有 黄金資源量16.1噸(520千盎司),平均 品位為9.5克/噸。

永豐金礦已有七處礦化礦脈被識別。該 等礦化礦脈特徵類似,平均寬度為1至 1.5米,為金石英礦脈。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board, I am glad to present to our shareholders the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

During the year under review, investors around the world continued to add gold to their portfolios arising from the increase in global economic growth despite the tightened monetary policy and rising interest rates. 2017 saw the gold's positive price momentum continued. During 2017, the Group continued with its efforts on exploration, organic expansion as well as cost control in a safe and an environmentally friendly manner. We remain dedicated to the local communities, as "Operating in a Safe and Environmentally Friendly Manner" is our philosophy.

Following completion of a series of acquisitions of certain companies with business of asset management and securities, the Group has diversified its operation into the financial services industry in Hong Kong and the PRC, including asset management and securities brokerage and advisory services in September 2016 and January 2017. During the year, the Group has successfully launched certain major projects and established different investment funds focusing on high investment return. In particular, the total asset under management of Shenzhen Munsun Asset Management Company Limited ("Shenzhen Munsun"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, has increased substantially since January 2017. The asset management business will continue to contribute to the Group's overall growth as it expands.

Looking ahead to 2018, it is expected that the prospect of gold market to be more challenging overshadowed by the likelihood of more than three rate hikes and the stronger US dollars. Yet, it is believed that the overall level of rates will remain low from a historical perspective. Expectation of the continued rising global wealth, in particular continuing growth of Mainland China's economy as well as the investors' using gold to manage financial market risks will support gold demand. As such, we believe that gold will maintain its high relevance as a strategic asset throughout 2018. The Group will continue to enhance the mining production process and improve the technology to achieve the cost efficiency.

尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表董事會欣然向股東匯報本集 團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度的年度報告。

於回顧年度內,儘管貨幣政策收緊以及利率上升,但全球投資者仍繼續在全球經濟增長的情況下,在其投資組合中增持了黃金。黃金的正面價格勢頭於二零一七年持續。於二零一七年,本集團以安全及環保方式繼續在勘探、自新產能和資產擴張以及控制成本方面持續作出努力。我們繼續致力為當地社區作出貢獻,將「以安全及環保方式經營」作為我們的經營理念。

展望二零一八年,在可能會出現超過三次加息和美元走強的陰影下,然而,預計黃地東人類,然而,然是人類,相信整體利率水,相信整體利率水,特別是中國內地的經濟持續增長以及投會支持者者黃金管理金融市場風險,均會支持為一八年仍將繼續改進開採生產流程及升級大術,以實現成本效益。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書

On the other hand, the likelihood of more than three rate hikes and fears of a US-led trade war would derail economic momentum around the world. The financial market in 2018 is likely to be volatile. With diversification of Group's business into the financial services industry, we recognize that strengthening of risk and liability management as well as the improvement of the cost control and sources of financing are key elements to the Group's continued growth in a world of fast-changing threats and opportunities. At the same time, we will continue to work in a close collaboration with our business partners to seek new investment opportunities to develop asset management business into a powerful engine of growth.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend our sincere gratitude to my fellow directors for their valuable commitment and the staff for their dedication and hard work in the past year, to the shareholders and business partners for their continuing support. With their contributions in 2018, we will strive to stimulate corporate growth and deliver high returns to the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

另一方面,加息可能出現超過三次以及 對美國帶頭發起貿易戰的恐懼均會破壞 全球經濟動力。二零一八年的金融市場 仍將波動。隨著集團業務多元化拓展至 金融服務行業,我們認識到加強風險和 責任管理以及改善成本控制和融資來源 均為本集團在威脅和機遇瞬息萬變的世 界中取得持續增長的關鍵元素。同時, 我們將繼續與我們的業務夥伴緊密合 作,尋求新的投資商機,將資產管理業 務發展成強勁的增長動力。

本人謹代表董事會衷心感謝各位董事的 寶貴貢獻及員工在過去一年的盡忠職守 和辛勤工作,以及感謝股東及業務夥伴 的持續支持。憑藉彼等於二零一八年作 出的貢獻,我們將致力刺激企業增長, 以為本公司及全體股東帶來高回報。

Mr. Liu Liyang Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 March 2018

劉力揚先生

主席

香港,二零一八年三月二十九日

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務摘要

KEY FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT

Financial Data Summary 財務數據摘要		FY 2017 二零一七 財政年度	FY 2016 二零一六 財政年度	Movement % 變化%
Gold production output	黃金產量(千盎司)			
(thousand ounces)		74	73	1%
Revenue (HK\$'000)	收益(千港元)	838,305	766,654	9%
Gross profit (HK\$'000)	毛利(千港元)	317,798	298,114	7%
Net loss (HK\$'000)	淨虧損(千港元)	(390,190)	(419,151)	-7%
T (UU(t/000)	(由次→/ イ>サー)	40.504.005	12 102 105	1.0/
Total assets (HK\$'000)	總資產(千港元)	13,591,807	13,493,195	1%
Total debts* (HK\$'000)	總債項*(千港元)	5,018,945	5,105,258	-2%
Cash and bank balances*	現金及銀行結餘*			
(HK\$'000)	(千港元)	754,194	1,124,067	-33%
Net debts* (HK\$'000)	淨債項*(千港元)	4,264,751	3,981,191	7%
Total equity (HK\$'000)	總權益(千港元)	7,209,880	7,241,089	-1%

*Notes:

- Total debts are bank and other borrowings, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and convertible bonds.
- Cash and bank balances include cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits.
- Net debts are total debts less cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits.

*附註:

主要財務數據摘要

- 總債項為銀行及其他貸款、透過損益 按公平值列賬之金融負債及可換股債 券。
- 現金及銀行結餘包括現金及現金等價物以及已抵押存款。
- 一 淨債項為總債項減現金及現金等價物 以及已抵押存款。

管理層討論及分析

GOLD MARKET OUTLOOK

The full year gold demand for in 2017 saw a drop by 7% to 4,071.7 tonnes despite a late rally of 6% year-on-year to 1,095.8 tonnes in the fourth quarter. There was an increase of 4% in jewellery demand led by the recovery in India, the US and China but remained below historical averages. Gold used in electronics and industrial applications grew steadily by 3% to 332.8 tonnes in 2017 owing to the increasing prevalence of new-generation features in smart phones and vehicles. Yet, the weaker fund investment outstripped an increase in jewellery and technology consumption. Investment demand reduced by nearly a quarter, primarily driven by the decline in exchange traded funds ("ETF") buying. Annual ETF inflows added 202.8 tonnes to demand, only around one-third of 2016's inflows whilst bar and coin demand fell approximately 2%. Central bank reserves swelled by 371.4 tonnes, 5% down on 2016. Turkey and Russia were the most prominent of the central bank buyers.

As for gold supply, total supply dipped by 4% year-on-year to 4,398.4 tonnes in 2017, with annual gold recycling fell by 10% and mine production inched to a record mine high of 3,268.7 tonnes. The introduction of stringent environmental controls in China led to a 9% fall in national mine production. With mine production expected to be stable in 2018, supply will remain constrained.

In the first half of 2017, gold price rebounded by 8% on fears of geopolitical uncertainties and the weaker US dollar. Rising interest rates and a surge in stock markets detracted from the gold's appeal as an investment. Higher interest rates increase the opportunity cost of investing in gold. The boost in the gold price slowed down in the second half of 2017.

Looking forward to 2018, the prospect of gold market is more challenging in view of expectation of more than three rate hikes and the stronger US dollars. Yet, it is believed that the overall level of rates will remain low from a historical perspective. The continued global economic growth and the using of gold to manage financial market risks will also underpin the gold demand in the long run.

黄金市場前景

於二零一七年,全年黃金需求下滑7% 至4,071.7噸,儘管第四季按年增長6% 至1,095.8噸。印度、美國和中國的經 濟復甦帶動了珠寶需求增長4%,惟仍 低於歷史平均水平。由於智能手機和汽 車的新一代功能日益普及,於二零一七 年在電子和工業應用中使用的黃金穩步 增長3%至332.8噸。然而,基金投資 疲弱超過了珠寶和科技消費的增長。投 資需求減少近四分之一,主要是由於交 易所交易基金(「交易所交易基金」)的買 盤減少所致。交易所交易基金持倉量全 年增加202.8噸,僅佔二零一六年增倉 量約三分之一,而金條及金幣的需求下 降約2%。央行儲備增加371.4噸,較 二零一六年下降5%。土耳其及俄羅斯 是央行最主要的買家。

黃金供應方面,二零一七年的總供應按年下降4%至4,398.4噸,年度黃金回收量下降10%,而金礦生產量創歷史新高,達3,268.7噸。中國推出嚴格的環境監控導致國家金礦產量下降9%。隨著金礦產量預期於二零一八年保持穩定,供應仍將受到限制。

於二零一七年上半年,由於對地緣政治不明朗的恐懼以及美元弱勢,金價已反彈8%。持續上升的利率以及股市興旺均削弱了黃金作為投資項目的吸引力。較高的利率會增加投資至黃金的機會成本。金價的升勢於二零一七年下半年放緩。

展望二零一八年,鑑於預期會出現超過三次加息以及美元走強,黃金市場的前景將更具挑戰性。然而,從歷史角度看來,相信整體利率水平仍然偏低。全球經濟持續增長以及使用黃金管理金融市場風險亦將長遠支持黃金的需求。

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

Financial Services Business

Following the completion of the Group's acquisitions of Munsun Asia and Munsun Securities in 2016 and Shenzhen Munsun in 2017, the Group has diversified its operation into the financial services industry in Hong Kong and the PRC, including asset management and securities brokerage and advisory services.

During the year, the Group has successfully launched certain numbers of major projects and set up various investment funds focusing on high investment returns. Shenzhen Munsun is engaged in the asset management and advisory services in the PRC. Its total asset under management has increased approximately to RMB4.1 billion as at 31 December 2017. Shenzhen Munsun is planning to work in a close collaboration with its business partners to explore new investment opportunities to substain the continued growth of the asset management business for 2018.

Gold Mining Business

At the same time, the Group continued focusing in mine development and reserve converting exploration during the year. Total gold production was 2.3 tonnes (74 Koz) during the year, a 1% increase as compared to that in 2016.

業務回顧

金融服務業務

隨着本集團於二零一六年完成收購麥盛亞洲及麥盛證券及於二零一七年完成收購深圳麥盛後,本集團已進行多元化經營,將業務拓展至香港及中國的金融服務行業,包括資產管理及證券經紀與諮詢服務。

於年內,本集團成功推出約干重大項目,並設立側重於高投資回報的各項投資基金。深圳麥盛從事中國資產管理及諮詢服務業務。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,其資產管理總規模已增加至約人民幣41億元。於二零一八年,深知麥盛將透過與業務夥伴的緊密合作,致力尋找新投資機遇,力求保持資產管理業務的持續增長。

金礦開採業務

同時,本集團於本年度內繼續專注於礦場開發及儲量轉換勘探。黃金總產量於年內為2.3噸(74千盎司),較二零一六年增加1%。

管理層討論及分析

Henan Jinxing Mine

Henan Jinxing Mine is located approximately 6 km from the regional town of Baitu and approximately 110 km southwest of Luoyang City, Henan Province. It is the largest mine in terms of gold resources of the Group. It is an underground mine and consists of two areas, namely Jinxing area and Xiepojing area. The Group acquired Jinxing Mine in 2010. Ten vein groups have been identified within the mining area, with similar orientation, size and shape. The variation of overall continuity of the thickness and grade of the vein is also relatively consistent, which suggested good potential for further resources expansion. Jinxing Mine has received the environmental approval and safety approval for its new tailings yard and has started the construction work. It has JORC code and its equivalent gold resources of 76.1 tonnes (2,446 Koz) with average grade of 4.6g/t. Gold production in 2017 was 0.7 tonnes (23 Koz), a decrease of 21% compared to that of 2016.

Jinxing Mine conducted exploration in the Kangshan Gold Mine area for production purpose and data for part of the trenching project along the mineralized vein was collected for compilation purpose. 3 old trenches of over 300 metres in the surrounding area of the Kangshan Gold Mine were cleared, examination of the samples taken showed that copper mineralization was better in part of the area, and therefore, mine exploration prospect was considered to be good in the mining area.

Henan Luanling Mine

Luanling Mine is located in Luanchuan County, Henan Province, 40 km away from Jinxing Mine. It is composed of Northern underground mining site and Southern open-pit and underground mining site and is contained within a single mining licence with an area of 9 km². The Group acquired the mine in 2010 and realised full scale production in 2012. It has JORC code gold resources of 61.2 tonnes (1,967 Koz) with average grade of 3.2g/t. Gold production in 2017 was 0.5 tonnes (17 Koz), an increase of 31% compared to that of 2016.

河南金興金礦

河南金興金礦位於河南省, 距離白土鎮 約6公里及洛陽市西南方約110公里。 按黃金資源量計,該金礦為本集團最大 的金礦。該金礦為地下礦山,由兩個礦 區組成,即金興區及斜坡井區。本集團 於二零一零年收購金興金礦。礦區範圍 內已確定10個礦脈群,所有礦脈群的 走向、大小和形狀大致相似,整個礦脈 的厚度和品位也具有良好的連續性,即 表示進一步資源擴張的可能性較高。金 興金礦已就興建新尾礦庫取得環境及安 全批准,並已開始新尾礦庫的建設。其 JORC 標準及其類比標準的黃金資源量有 76.1噸(2,446千盎司),平均品位為4.6 克/噸。二零一七年的黃金產量為0.7 噸(23千盎司),較二零一六年產量減少 21% °

金興金礦在康山金礦區進行生產勘探工作,並對部分沿脈坑道工程進行了編錄等資料收集工作。在康山週邊金礦區清理老坑道3個,計300餘米,經過取樣化驗,部分區域銅礦化較好,認為該礦區有良好的探礦前景。

河南欒靈金礦

樂靈金礦位於河南省樂川縣,距離金興金礦40公里。樂靈金礦由北部地下礦場及南部露天及地下礦場組成,由面積為9平方公里的單一採礦許可證所涵蓋。本集團於二零一零年收購該金礦,並於二零一二年全面實現規模生產。該礦的JORC標準黃金資源量為61.2噸(1,967千盎司),平均品位為3.2克/噸。二零一七年的黃金產量為0.5噸(17千盎司),較二零一六年產量增加31%。

管理層討論及分析

Exploration activities and reinforcement works for construction projects continued in three mining sites of Luanling Mine. Moreover, exploration works were in progress. The reconstruction of the processing plant was completed.

樂靈金礦三個礦場的勘探活動及加固工程之建築工程正在繼續進行。此外,探 礦工程正在進行,選廠改造已完成。

Yunnan Mojiang Mine

Mojiang Mine, is located in Mojiang County, Pu'er City, Yunnan Province, which is approximately 300 km southwest of the provincial capital – Kunming of Yunnan Province. It lies on the famous Mojiang-Jinping and Ailaoshan Fold, implying favourable geology attributions. It has JORC code gold resources of 15.6 tonnes (504 Koz) with average grade of 1.4 g/t. Gold production in 2017 was 1.1 tonnes (32 Koz), a 19% increase compared to that of 2016.

To facilitate centralized management, increase production capacity, lower costs, reduce pollution, increase examination passing rate and increase the safety coefficient of tailings yard at the Mojiang Mine, various projects including the construction of warehouse, the technological upgrading of processing plant, the renovation of laboratory and the construction of drainage ditches were completed respectively during the year.

Yunnan Hengyi Mine

Hengyi Mine is located in Zhenyuan County, Yunnan Province. It is approximately 380 km southwest from Kunming. It holds two mining licenses, namely Shangzhai and Bianfushan.

Hengyi Mine is located between the Mojiang-Jinping Fold Belt and the Ailaoshan Fold Belt of the San Jiang Metamorphic Fold System. The San Jiang Metamorphic System is situated on the southwest margin of the Yangzi Platform and the northeast margin of the Simao Block between the Honghe and Amojiang Faults.

雲南墨江金礦

墨江金礦位於雲南省普洱市墨江縣,距雲南省省會昆明市往西南方向大約300公里處。該礦山位於墨江一金平及哀牢山成礦帶,這意味著有利的地質因素。其JORC標準黃金資源量為15.6噸(504千盎司),平均品位為1.4克/噸,而黃金產量於二零一七年為1.1噸(32千盎司),較二零一六年產量增加19%。

墨江金礦為了方便集中管理、提高產能、降低成本、減少污染、提高化驗合格率、提高尾款庫的安全係數於年內分別完成了倉庫修建、選廠技改、化驗室修繕、尾礦庫排水溝修築等工程。

雲南恆益金礦

恆益金礦位於中國雲南省鎮沅縣,距離 昆明市西南方約380公里。該礦有兩個 採礦許可證,即上寨及蝙蝠山。

恒益金礦位於三江變質褶皺系之墨江金 平褶皺帶及哀牢山褶皺帶之間。三江變 質褶皺系位於揚子準地台的西南緣及紅 河與阿墨江斷層的東北緣。

管理層討論及分析

Since the Group's acquisition of Hengyi Mine in 2012, the Group has been working on ramping up its production capacity. Heap leaching has been practised for several years at the mine. It has JORC code gold resources of 51.5 tonnes (1,656 Koz) with an average grade of 2.7 g/t. Gold production in 2017 was 15 kg (1 Koz), a 83% decrease compared to that of 2016.

Inner Mongolia Yongfeng Mine

Yongfeng Mine is an underground mine which was acquired by the Group in 2009. Yongfeng Mine consists of two mining areas, namely Lianhuashan mining area and Honghuagou mining area, which are further divided into seven sub-mining areas. Yongfeng Mine is located in the middle segment of the northern margin of the North China Plate, adjacent to the Inner Mongolia Fold Belt in the North. Seven mineralised veins were identified. The mineralised veins have similar characteristics with an average width between 1 and 1.5 metre and occur as gold-bearing quartz veins. It has resources of 16.1 tonnes (520 Koz) with an average grade of 9.5 g/t. The output of Yongfeng Mine in 2017 was 28 kg (1 Koz), a 250% increase compared to that of 2016.

自本集團於二零一二年收購恆益金礦以來,本集團一直致力提升其產能。堆浸法已於該礦區使用數年。其JORC標準黃金資源量為51.5噸(1,656千盎司),平均品位為2.7克/噸。二零一七年的黃金產量為15千克(1千盎司),較二零一六年產量減少83%。

內蒙古永豐金礦

管理層討論及分析

GOLD RESOURCES/RESERVES

At the end of year 2017, the Group had total resources of 220.5 tonnes which is compliant with the JORC code and/or its equivalent. Measured and indicated resources (inclusive of proven and probable reserves) were 85.1 tonnes and inferred resources were 135.4 tonnes. The measured and indicated resources (inclusive of proven and probable reserves) and inferred resources of each mine of the Group are detailed in the table below. The gold grade ranged from 1.4 g to 9.5 g per ton of resources.

黄金資源量/儲量

更新礦產資源表(1)

於二零一七年年末,本集團按JORC標準及/或其類比資源總量總為220.5噸。探明與控制資源量(包括證實與概略儲量)為85.1噸及推斷資源量135.4噸。本集團各個礦區的探明與控制資源量(包括證實與概略儲量)以及推斷資源量詳列於下表。黃金品位介乎於資源每噸1.4克至9.5克。

Updated mineral resources table (1)

			Au Metal (t) 金金屬(噸)			u Metal (koz) :金屬(千盎司)	
		Measured +			Measured +		
		Indicated ⁽²⁾	Inferred	Total	Indicated ⁽²⁾	Inferred	Total
		探明+控制 ⁽²⁾	推斷	合計	探明+控制⑵	推斷	合計
Jinxing Mine	金興金礦	36.6	39.5	76.1	1,176	1,270	2,446
Luanling Mine	欒靈金礦	17.2	44.0	61.2	552	1,415	1,967
Mojiang Mine	墨江金礦	12.1	3.5	15.6	391	113	504
Hengyi Mine	恆益金礦	14.2	37.3	51.5	457	1,199	1,656
Yongfeng Mine	永豐金礦	5.0	11.1	16.1	163	357	520
Total	合計	85.1	135.4	220.5	2,739	4,354	7,093

- All mines' resources and reserves are JORC code compliant and/ or its equivalent.
- (2) Measured and indicated resources are inclusive of proven and probable gold reserves.
- (1) 所有金礦的資源儲量均為JORC標準及/
- (2) 探明及控制資源量包括證實及概略黃金 儲量。

或其類比標準。

管理層討論及分析

ANNUAL REVIEW – EXPLORATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

The Group continued its exploration work in its mines, and in total has completed trenching of approximately 55,407m and diamond drilling of approximately 2,655m.

年度回顧 - 勘探及基建發展

Xiepojing

本集團於其礦山持續從事勘探工作,共 完成坑探工程量約55,407米,鑽探工程 量約2,655米。

Jinxing Mine 金興金礦

i)

Area

1) Exploration activities 礦區勘探活動

i)	Exploration area and size	Jinxing (5km²)	Xiepojing (0.05km²)
	勘探區域及範圍面積	金興(5平方公里)	斜坡井(0.05平方公里)
ii)	Exploration project	Trenches (33,545m)	Trenches (10,104m)
	勘探工程	坑探(33,545米)	坑探(10,104米)
iii)	No. of drillholes 鑽探洞孔數目	4 drilling spots of each of 28 mine mouths 共28 個坑口,每個坑口 4 個工作面	4 drilling spots of each of 4 mine mouths 共4個坑口, 每個坑口4個工作面
iv)	Average size of drillholes	Trenching of 2.2*2m;	Trenching of 2.2*2m
	鑽探洞孔平均大小	坑道2.2*2米,	坑道2.2*2米

Jinxing

2) Development/construction activities 礦區發展/建設活動

,	礦區	金興	斜坡井
ii)	Infrastructure construction 基礎設施建設	Development of main tunnel and engineering cut works of mine mouths No. 18,28,19,3,Xingshuya,Moshigou, Houmusi, Qiaogou, Xiaobeigou	Development of the main tunnel and engineering cut works of Xiepojing, extension of slope mine
		tunnels, etc. 18 坑、28 坑、19 坑、3 坑、杏樹埡、磨石溝、后母寺、橋溝、小北溝等坑道主巷開拓及採切工程	斜坡井主巷開拓、採切工程及 斜井延深

管理層討論及分析

Luanling Mine 欒靈金礦

1) Exploration activities 礦區勘探活動

i) Exploration area and size Sour 勘探區域及範圍面積 南區

ii) Exploration project 勘探工程

iii) No. of drillholes 鑽探洞孔數目

iv) Average size of drillholes 鑽探洞孔平均大小 South Area (2.7km²) 南區(2.7平方公里)

Trenches (7,558m) 坑探(7,558米)

3 drilling points of each of

9 mine mouths

共9個坑口,每個坑口3個工作面

Trenching of 2.2*2m 坑道2.2*2米 North Area (6.3km²) 北區(6.3平方公里)

Trenches (2,842m) 坑探(2,842米)

4 drilling spots of each of

8 mine mouths

共8個坑口,每個坑口4個工作面

Trenching of 2.2*2m 坑道2.2*2米

2) Development/construction activities 礦區發展/建設活動

i) Area 礦區

ii) Infrastructure construction 基礎設施建設 South Area 南區

Development of main tunnel and engineering cut works of tunnel No.301, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 311 and slope extension project of

tunnel No.301

301坑、304坑、305坑、306坑、 307坑、308坑、309坑、311坑

主巷開拓及採切工程, 301坑斜井延深工程 North Area 北區

Development of main tunnel and engineering cut works of Dongpo No.100 and 13, Huichungou No.201 and No.200, Wangzhuang No.401 東坡100坑、13坑,茴椿溝201坑、200坑,汪莊401坑主坑巷開拓

及採切工程

不適用

管理層討論及分析

Mojiang Mine 墨江金礦

1) Exploration activities 礦區勘探活動

鑽探洞孔平均深度

Exploration area and size Open Cut (0.4km²) Underground (3km²) 勘探區域及範圍面積 露天採區(0.4平方公里) 地下採區(3平方公里) ii) Exploration project Diamond drilling (610m) Trenches (300m) 勘探工程 鑽探(610米) 坑探(300米) No. of drillholes 2 drillholes 4 drillings spots of each of iii) 鑽探洞孔數目 2個鑽孔 6 mine mouths 共6個坑口,每個坑口4個工作面 Average size of drillholes Diameter of 75mm Trenching of 2.2*2m iv) 鑽探洞孔平均大小 鑽孔直徑75毫米 坑道2.2*2米 Average depth of drillholes 305m N/A V)

305米

2) Development/construction activities 礦區發展/建設活動

Underground Open Cut i) Area 礦區 露天採區 地下採區 Infrastructure construction Construction of a four-stage mining No. 2 and No. 1 bulkhead wall for 基礎設施建設 stope to separate the stripping and mining junkyard, phase two mine mining area, and 10 other heap mouth mining and rehabilitation leaching plants project 共建4期採場,分別剝離、採礦區, 2號及1號排土場擋渣工程, 共建其他堆浸廠10個 二期礦井口開採及修復工程

管理層討論及分析

Hengyi Mine 恆益金礦

勘探工程

1) Exploration activities 礦區勘探活動

i) Exploration area and size Bianfushan (2km²) Shangzhai (7km²) 勘探區域及範圍面積 蝙蝠山(2平方公里) 上寨(7平方公里)
ii) Exploration project Diamond drilling (2,045m) Trenches (1,058m);

iii)No. of drillholes17 drillholes3 drilling spots of each of鑽探洞孔數目17 個鑽孔3 mine mouths

鑽探(2,045米)

共3個坑口,每個坑口3個工作面

iv) Average size of drillholes Diameter of drillholes of 75mm Trenching of 2.4*2.6m 鑽探洞孔平均大小 鑽孔直徑75毫米 坑道2.4*2.6米

v) Average depth of drillholes 120m N/A 鑽探洞孔平均深度 120米 不適用

2) Development/construction activities 礦區發展/建設活動

i) Area Bianfushan Shangzhai 礦區 蝙蝠山 上寨

ii) Infrastructure construction N/A Development of the main tunnel and 基礎設施建設 不適用 engineering cut works of Langnitang's midpoint of pit mouths of 1350, 1400

and 1450

坑探(1,058米)

浪泥塘1350中段、1400中段及1450中段主恭開拓及採切工程

管理層討論及分析

EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT AND MINING PRODUCTION EXPENDITURES

During the year, the Group had capital expenditures of HK\$275 million for exploration, development and mining production and had entered into certain significant contracts with certain independent contractors for provision of exploration and infrastructure development of the Group. Details of the relevant exploration and infrastructure development work are set in above section headed "ANNUAL REVIEW – EXPLORATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT". Details of the Group's capital commitments are set out in note 34(a) to the financial statements.

During the year, the Group incurred production costs of HK\$521 million which included raw materials of HK\$69 million, amortisation and depreciation of HK\$171 million, wages and subcontractors' fees of HK\$200 million, resources compensation fees and taxes of HK\$28 million and other miscellaneous mining and processing costs of HK\$53 million.

勘探、開發及開採生產活動開 支

年內,本集團有關勘探、開發及開採活動的資本開支為275百萬港元及與若干名獨立承包商訂立若干重大合約以為本集團提供勘探及基建發展工程。相關勘探及基建發展工程的詳情載於上文「年度回顧一勘探及基建發展」一節。本集團資本承擔的詳情載於財務報表附註34(a)。

於年內,本集團產生生產成本521百萬港元,其中包括原材料69百萬港元、攤銷及折舊費用171百萬港元,工薪及分承包商費用200百萬港元、資源補償費用及稅項28百萬港元及其他雜項採礦及加工成本53百萬港元。

管理層討論及分析

MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSAL

On 22 April 2016, the Company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Purchaser") entered into an agreement (the "Shenzhen Munsun Agreement") with all shareholders (the "Shenzhen Munsun Sellers") of Shenzhen Munsun, a company incorporated in the PRC. Pursuant to the Shenzhen Munsun Agreement, the Shenzhen Munsun Sellers agreed to sell and the Purchaser agreed to purchase the entire equity interest in Shenzhen Munsun at a consideration of RMB25 million. The above acquisition transaction, further details of which are set out in notes 32 and 35(a)(i) to the financial statements, has been approved by the Company's shareholders at an extraordinary general meeting on 20 July 2016. The completion of acquisition of Shenzhen Munsun has taken place on 3 January 2017.

Mr. Li Xianghong ("Mr. Li"), the former Chairman, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, one of the Shenzhen Munsun Sellers, is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Ms. Kong Jian, one of the Shenzhen Munsun Sellers, is the spouse of Mr. Li and is therefore also a connected person of the Company. Mr. Zhang Lirui ("Mr. Zhang"), one of the Shenzhen Munsun Sellers, is an executive Director of the Company, and hence is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Ms. Wei Hua, one of the Shenzhen Munsun Sellers, is the spouse of Mr. Zhang and is therefore also a connected person of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, there was no other major merger, acquisition or disposal by the Group during the reporting period and up to the date of this Annual Report.

併購及出售

於二零一六年四月二十二日,本公司及本公司一家全資附屬公司(「買方」)與深圳麥盛(一家於中國註冊成立的公司)之全體股東(「深圳麥盛賣方」)訂立協議(「深圳麥盛協議」)。根據深圳麥盛賣方同意出售而買流圳麥盛之全部股權,代價為民幣25百萬元。上述收購交易(有關詳情已列載於財務報表附註32及35(a)(i)內已獲本公司股東於二零一六年七月二十日在股東特別大會上批准。收購深圳麥盛已於二零一七年一月三日完成。

本公司之前主席、執行董事兼行政總裁李向鴻先生(「李先生」)為其中一名深公司之關連人士。孔健女士(其中一名名文明变盛賣方)為李先生之配偶,因此(其中一名深圳麥盛賣方)為李先生之配偶先方)為大生」)(其中一名深圳麥盛賣方)為張上市規文的人士。魏連人士。魏華生的四人,因此亦為本公司之關連人士。

除上文所披露外,本集團於報告期內及 直至本年報日期並無進行其他重大併購 及出售活動。

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue and Results

During the year, the Group's revenue increased by 9% to HK\$838 million (2016: HK\$767 million) and its gold production increased by 1% to 74 (2016: 73) thousand ounces ("Koz"). The increase in revenue is mainly arisen from the bounce of gold price and increase in sales of by-products extracted as an integral part of the Group's gold mining operations which is a result of the Group's efforts in maximising its output productivity. The gross profit margin of the Group slightly decreased to 38% (2016: 39%) which is attributable from the increase in production costs.

During the year, the Group recorded profit from operations of HK\$53 million as compared with loss from operations of HK\$9 million last year. The turnaround to the profit from operations is mainly due to the non-cash equity-settled share-based expenses of HK\$145 million relating to the shares options granted recorded by the Group last year, but, no relevant expense incurred during this year. However, the profits from operations is reduced by the increase of the fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to HK\$85 million (2016: HK\$9 million) (details are set out in the following section headed "Other Revenue and Other Net Gain/Loss"). In addition, the Group has an increase of the finance costs to HK\$427 million (2016: HK\$398 million) during the year (details are set out in the following section headed "Finance Costs"). Accordingly, the Group's loss after tax slightly decreased to HK\$390 million during the year as compared to HK\$419 million last year.

The Group's total comprehensive loss decreased by 96% to HK\$31 million during the year as compared to HK\$743 million last year. The decrease in total comprehensive loss is attributable to the Group's recognition on an exchange gain on translation of financial statements of PRC subsidiaries and associate of HK\$359 million during the year (2016: exchange loss of HK\$323 million) that is arisen from appreciation of exchange rate of RMB against HK\$ during the year.

During the year, the loss per share of the Company was HK2.81 cents (2016: HK3.81 cents).

Other Revenue and Other Net Gain/Loss

During the year, the Group's other revenue was HK\$20 million (2016: HK\$31 million), representing a decrease by 35% as compared last year. The decrease is mainly due to the decrease in bank interest income to HK\$15 million (2016: HK\$22 million) and the decrease in dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to HK\$0.5 million (2016: HK\$4 million).

財務回顧

收益及業績

於年內,本集團的收益增加9%至838 百萬港元(二零一六年:767百萬港元) 及其黃金產量增加1%至74(二零一六年:73)千盎司(「千盎司」)。收益增加 主要來自金價反彈及作為金礦開採業務 的組成部份,本集團致力提高產量生產 力,引致其他副產品的銷售額有所增 加。本集團的毛利率因生產成本上升而 略降至38%(二零一六:39%)。

於年內,本集團錄得經營溢利53百萬港 元,去年則錄得經營虧損9百萬港元。 由虧損轉為經營溢利主要由於本集團去 年錄得的授出購股權所涉及的非現金權 益結算的股份開支145百萬港元,但本 年度並無發生相關開支。然而,由於年 內透過損益按公平值列賬之金融資產的 公平值虧損增至85百萬港元(二零一六 年:9百萬港元)(詳情載於「其他收入 及其他收益/虧損淨額」一節)導致經營 溢利減少。而且,本集團財務成本於年 內增加至427百萬港元(二零一六年: 398百萬港元)(詳情載於「財務成本」-節)。因此,本集團稅後虧損於年內輕 微下跌至390百萬港元,而去年則為 419 百萬港元。

於年內,本集團的全面虧損總額減少 96%至31百萬港元,而去年則為743 百萬港元。全面虧損總額減少由於人民 幣兑港元匯率升值,令本集團年內確認 換算中國附屬公司及聯營公司財務報 表產生之匯兑收益359百萬港元(二零 一六年:匯兑虧損323百萬港元)。

於年內,本公司每股虧損為2.81港仙 (二零一六年:3.81港仙)。

其他收入及其他收益/虧損淨額

於年內,本集團的其他收入為20百萬港元(二零一六:31百萬港元),較去年減少35%。該減少主要由於銀行利息收入減少至15百萬港元(二零一六:22百萬港元)及透過損益按公平值列賬之金融資產之股息收入減少至0.5百萬港元(二零一六:4百萬港元)。

管理層討論及分析

During the year, the Group recorded the other net loss of HK\$87 million as compared to the other net gain of HK\$12 million last year. The turnaround to the other net loss is mainly attributable to the increase in fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to HK\$85 million (2016: HK\$9 million), which includes fair value loss arisen from listed shares and unlisted equity investments in investment funds of HK\$81 million (2016: HK\$4 million) and HK\$4 million (2016: HK\$5 million) respectively. In addition, the Group recorded a gain on disposal of subsidiaries of HK\$21 million last year, but, no relevant gain incurred during the year.

Selling and Distribution Costs

During the year, the Group's selling and distribution costs were HK\$16 million (2016: HK\$11 million), representing an increase by 45% as compared with last year. The increase is mainly attributable to the completion of acquisitions of Munsun Asia and Munsun Securities by the Group in 2016 and Shenzhen Munsun in 2017 and the diversification of its business into asset management, securities brokerage and advisory services.

Administrative Expenses

During the year, the Group's administrative expenses were HK\$182 million (2016: HK\$339 million), representing a decrease by 46% as compared with last year. The decrease is mainly due to the non-cash equity-settled share-based expenses of HK\$145 million relating to the shares options granted recorded by the Group last year, but, no relevant expense incurred during this year.

Finance Costs

During the year, the Group's finance costs were HK\$427 million (2016: HK\$398 million), representing an increase by 7% as compared with last year. The increase in finance costs is mainly due to the increase in financing the Group's working capital by way of short-term bank and other borrowings and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss during the year. The total interest expenses under finance costs increased to HK\$456 million (2016: HK\$340 million) accordingly. However, the Group recorded a loss on the convertible bonds restructure of HK\$63 million last year, no relevant loss incurred during the year; and its fair value gain on derivative financial instruments relating to the convertible bonds increased to HK\$31 million (2016: HK\$6 million) (details are set out in notes 6(a) and 24 in the financial statements).

於年內,本集團錄得其他虧損淨額為87 百萬港元,而去年則錄得其他收益淨額 12百萬港元。轉為其他虧損淨額主要 由於透過損益按公平值列賬之金融資 之公平值虧損增加至85百萬港元(二 一六:9百萬港元),其中包括上市股權投資之公平值虧損分別為 81百萬港元(二零一六年:4百萬港元) 及4百萬港元(二零一六年:5百萬港元) 及4百萬港元(二零一六年:5百萬港元)。此外,本集團於去年錄得出售 屬公司收益21百萬港元,但本年度並無 發生相關收益。

銷售和分銷成本

於年內,本集團的銷售及分銷成本為16 百萬港元(二零一六年:11百萬港元), 較去年增加45%。該增加主要由於本集 團於二零一六年完成收購麥盛亞洲及麥 盛證券及於二零一七年完成收購深圳麥 盛及本集團於資產管理、證券經紀及諮 詢服務等業務多元化所致。

行政費用

於年內,本集團的行政費用為182百萬港元(二零一六年:339百萬港元),較去年減少46%。該減少主要由於本集團去年錄得的授出購股權所涉及的非現金權益結算的股份支出為145百萬港元,但本年度並無發生相關開支。

財務成本

於年內,本集團之財務成本為427百萬港元(二零一六年:398百萬港元),較去年增加7%。融資成本增加主要由於本集團於年內採用短期銀行及其他負債款及透過損益按公平值列賬之金融負債務之平值列賬之金融到數之。因此,萬港元(二零一六年:340百萬港元)。然虧,與股債券有關之衍生金融工具公有與股債券有關之衍生金融工具、有數股債券有關之衍生金融工具、有收益增加至31百萬港元(二零一六年:6百萬港元)(詳情載於財務報表附註6(a)及24)。

管理層討論及分析

Deferred Tax

As at 31 December 2017, deferred tax liabilities amounted to HK\$615 million (2016: HK\$577 million), which represented mainly the estimated tax effects of the temporary differences arising from acquisitions of gold mines by the Group in previous years and was calculated at PRC income tax rate of 25% on the increase in fair value of mining rights. The deferred tax liability balance is subsequently reversed and credited to the consolidated income statement as a result of tax effect of the amortisation of the mining rights. Such liabilities are accounted for in accordance with the accounting principle and therefore no cash payment is required. Details are set out in note 25 (a) in the financial statements.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

At 31 December 2017, the Group's cash and bank balances (including pledged deposits) and net current liabilities were HK\$754 million (2016: HK\$1,124 million) and HK\$2,985 million (2016: HK\$1,808 million), respectively. The increase in the Group's net current liabilities is mainly attributable from (i) the reclassification of convertible bonds of HK\$385 million from non-current liabilities to current liabilities at 31 December 2017 (details are set out in note 24 in the financial statements); (ii) the increase in short-term financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$427 million; (iii) the decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$304 million that is arisen from the disposal of these assets during the year; and (iv) the decrease in pledged bank deposits under current assets of HK\$242 million and bank and other borrowings under current liabilities of HK\$217 million which is attributable from the settlement of bank and other borrowings secured by the pledged bank deposits during the year. At 31 December 2017, the Group's net assets slightly decreased to HK\$7,210 million (2016: HK\$7,241 million).

The Group has met its needs of working capital and capital expenditure mainly through cash generated from operations, bank and other borrowings and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. As at 31 December 2017, the Group's bank and other borrowings were repayable within one to six years and its fixed rate borrowings over total borrowings was 71%. There is no significant seasonality of the borrowings demand of the Group. Further details of the Group's bank and other borrowings are set out in note 23 to the financial statements. The Company's directors are of the opinion that the Group will be able to finance its future working capital and financial requirements as further detailed in note 2(b) in the financial statements.

The Group's cash and bank balances and bank and other borrowings are mainly denominated in Hong Kong Dollars and Renminbi.

遞延税項

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團 之現金及銀行結餘(包括已抵押存款)為 754百萬港元(二零一六年:1,124百萬 港元),流動負債淨值為2,985百萬港元 (二零一六年:1,808百萬港元)。本集 團的流動負債淨額增加主要由於(i)可換 股債券385百萬港元於二零一七年十二 月三十一日由非流動負債重新分類為流 動負債(詳情載於財務報表附註24); (ii)短期透過損益按公平值列賬之金融負 債增加427百萬港元;(iii)透過損益按 公平值列賬之金融資產減少304百萬港 元,是由於年內出售該資產所引致;及 (iv)流動資產下之抵押銀行存款減少242 百萬港元及流動負債下之銀行及其他貸 款減少217百萬港元,是由於已用銀行 存款作抵押之銀行及其他貸款於年內還 款。於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本 集團的資產淨值輕微減少至7,210百萬 港元(二零一六年:7,241百萬港元)。

本集團之現金及銀行結餘和銀行及其他 貸款主要以港元和人民幣計值。

管理層討論及分析

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

At 31 December 2017, the total number of issued ordinary shares of the Company was 13,897,918,781 shares, each of HK\$0.125 (the "Shares"). Further details are set out in the section headed "Share Capital" in the report of the directors in this annual report and note 26(b) in the financial statements.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher returns to the owners of the Company that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

At 31 December 2017, the Group's gearing ratio increased to 37% (2016: 35%). The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is calculated as the net debts divided by total equity plus net debts. The Group's net debts include bank and other borrowings, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and convertible bonds, less cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits. The Group's total equity comprises total share capital and reserves of the Group.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of pledge of assets of the Group are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2017, the Group did not have any contingent liabilities.

資本結構

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本公司每股面值0.125港元之已發行普通股總數為13,897,918,781股(「股份」)。進一步詳情載於本年報董事會報告「股本」一節及財務報表附註26(b)。

本集團定期積極審閱及管理資本架構, 於維持本公司擁有人較高回報,可能帶來之高借貸水平及保持穩健資本狀況所 享有之優勢和安全之間取得平衡,亦因 應經濟狀況變動而調整資本架構。年內 本集團資本管理之方法並無改變。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團的資產負債比率增加至37%(二零一六年:35%)。本集團利用資產負債比率(其為淨債項除以總權益加淨債項計算產生)監控資本。本集團之淨債項包括銀行及其他貸款、透過損益按公平值列賬之金融負債及可換股債券,減去現金及現金等價物及已抵押存款。本集團之總權益包括本集團總股本及儲備。

資產抵押

本集團之資產抵押詳情載於財務報表附 註28。

或然負債

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無產生任何或然負債。

管理層討論及分析

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

The Group's principal assets and liabilities are located in the PRC and are denominated in RMB which is the functional currency of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC. The Group did not enter into any forward foreign exchange contracts to manage its foreign currency risk during the year as the management considered that the Group's exposure to exchange rate risk could be managed. Details of the foreign exchange risks of the Group during the year are set out in note 33(e) to the financial statements.

BUSINESS RISK

The Group is exposed to price risks arising from the market price fluctuations on gold products and equity securities. To protect the Group from the impact of price fluctuations in gold products, the management closely monitors gold product price exposure and will consider to use derivative contracts should the need arises. The Group did not enter into any forward equity securities contracts to manage its equity securities price risk. The Group mitigates its price risk by performing detailed analysis of investments and dedicated professionals are assigned to oversee and monitor the performance of investments. Details are set out in note 33(d) in the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

At 31 December 2017, the Group had available-for-sale investments of HK\$264 million, representing 1.9% of the Group's total assets, which include mainly investment in an unlisted company in the PRC of HK\$252 million and investment in a private equity fund in the PRC of HK\$12 million.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any other investments at 31 December 2017.

外幣風險

本集團主要資產及負債來自中國以及按 人民幣(為本集團中國國內之附屬公司 的功能貨幣)計值,因管理層認為本集 團所面臨之外匯風險能夠控制,故年內 本集團並無訂立任何遠期外匯合約管理 其外幣風險。本集團年內的外匯風險詳 情載於財務報表附註 33(e)。

業務風險

本集團承受因黃金產品及股本證券市價 波動而產生之價格風險。為保障本集團 避免因黃金產品價格波動而受到影響, 管理層會密切監察黃金產品價格風險, 並在有需要時考慮利用衍生工具合約。 本集團並無訂立任何股本證券遠期 管理其股本證券價格風險。本集團透 對投資進行詳細分析降低價格風險,並 指派專業人士監督及監控投資表現。有 關詳情載於財務報表附註33(d)。

重大投資

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團可供出售投資264百萬港元,佔本集團總資產的1.9%,主要包括投資於一間中國境內非上市公司252百萬港元及投資於一間中國私募股權基金12百萬港元。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年十二 月三十一日,本集團並無其他投資。

管理層討論及分析

EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2017, the Group employed approximately 920 (2016: 880) employees in the PRC and Hong Kong. All employees are remunerated according to their performance, experience and prevailing industry practices. Both on-the-job and professional training are provided. The Group provides retirement benefits in the form of Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance to its employees in Hong Kong. The Group provides defined contribution retirement benefit schemes organised by the relevant local government authorities in the PRC to its employees in the PRC.

PRODUCTION SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

We operate in a responsible manner to ensure the health and safety of our employees and the communities in which we operate. We are committed to meeting applicable legal requirements and where possible seek to implement leading industry standards in our operations. We have established a dedicated safety and environment enhancement team that is responsible for the occupational health and safety of our mines and operations.

We are subject to various PRC laws and regulations with respect to the prevention and treatment of occupational diseases, the prevention of worksite accidents and the handling of industrial injuries. Production safety permits have been obtained for our mines.

We have adopted a comprehensive set of internal occupational health and safety policies for our mines. We conduct staff training, review internal safety procedures, carry out regular on-site safety inspections and continuously monitor the implementation of safety policies. Protective equipment and clothing are regularly provided to our mine personnel, and we regularly check proper usage of such equipment. In addition, each of our mines has been equipped with a real-time visual monitoring system to monitor mine operation and safety. We have also set up an inspection and detection system in the explosive warehouses in each of our mines to provide comprehensive protection to the usage and security of daily explosives.

僱員

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團 於中國內地及香港共有僱員約920(二零 一六年:880)人。本集團根據員工之表 現、經驗及現時行業慣例釐定所有僱員 薪酬,並提供在職及專業訓練予員工。 本集團以香港強制性公積金計劃條例項 下強制性公積金計劃之形式為其本港僱 員提供退休福利,並為中國內地員工提 供由中國內地有關地方政府機關成立之 定額退休供款計劃。

安全生產及環境保護

本集團本著負責態度進行經營業務,以確保本集團僱員以及本集團所經營社區內之健康及安全。本集團竭誠遵守適用法規規定,並在適當情況下於本集團之經營業務中力求實施先進行業標準。本集團已設立專業安全及環境保護團隊,彼等負責本集團之礦場及經營業務之職業健康及安全。

本集團受多項中國法律及規例規限,當 中涉及預防及治療職業病,防範工作地 點事故,以及處理工傷事件等。本集團 已為各礦場取得安全生產許可證。

管理層討論及分析

We require our third-party contractors to possess requisite production safety licences and relevant qualifications for the work they contract from us and to undertake appropriate safety measures.

We have been in compliance with all relevant PRC laws and regulations regarding occupational health and safety in all material respects. We have not had any material accident involving death or personal injury at any of the mines operated by us.

In accordance with Rule 13.91 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), the Company will publish an Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report within three months after the publication of this annual report in compliance with the provisions set out in the ESG Reporting Guide in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules.

RELATIONSHIP WITH GOVERNMENT AND AWARDS

The Group has been maintaining good relationships with the local government where the mines are located.

In July 2012, the Group signed the cooperation framework agreement on mineral resources exploration and development with the local government of Yunnan Province. According to the agreement, with the local government's strong support and assistance on exploration development and consolidation of gold resources, the Group will have the priority rights to access to the gold mining assets in the region. Moreover, the local government will provide support on infrastructure, including power, water and logistics.

In 2011, the Group also signed the similar framework agreement with local government of Henan Province. According to the agreement, the local government will provide full support in terms of the Group's consolidation of precious metal resource sector in the region. The Group is also subject to the subsidy policy tailored for foreign investment as well as the favourable policy for land acquisition and other approvals.

本集團要求其第三方承包商就其向本集 團所承接工程項目辦理必要生產安全許 可證及相關資格證書並採取適當之安全 措施。

本集團一直於各重大方面遵守所有與職業健康及安全相關中國法律及法規。本 集團於其所經營之礦場上並無任何涉及 身故或個人工傷之重大事故。

根據香港聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則))第13.91條及上市規則附錄27的規定,本公司將會於年報刊登後三個月內發佈其環境、社會及管治報告。

與政府的關係及獎項

本集團與礦區所在的地方政府繼續維持良好關係。

於二零一二年七月,本集團就礦產資源 勘探及開發與雲南省地方政府簽訂合作 框架協議。根據該協議,憑藉地方政府 於勘探開發及整固黃金資源方面給予大 力支持及協助,本集團將會享有優先權 於該地區取得黃金開採資產。另外,包括 市政府將會於基建方面提供支持,包括 電力、水力及物流方面。

於二零一一年,本集團亦與河南省地方 政府簽訂類似框架協議。根據該協議, 地方政府將會就本集團於該地區整合貴 金屬資源行業方面提供全面支持。本集 團亦享有專門為外商投資設定的補助政 策以及土地收購及其他批准的優惠政 策。

管理層討論及分析

Jinxing Mine and Luanling Mine had been granted a number of awards with fruitful results over the years. During the year, Jinxing Mine was granted an additional award of "2017 Advanced Unit of Statistical Work in Luoyang City". Luanling Mine was granted the award of "2016 Advanced Unit for Operation Management in the Gold Industry of Luoyang City" by the Luoyang Gold Administration Bureau in February 2017, while at the same time, it was also granted the honour of "Advanced Unit" jointly by the CPC Committee of Tantou Township and the people's government of Tantou Township, and was awarded the honour of "Safety Qualified Team" jointly by the Labour Contest Committee of Luoyang City and the General Labour Union of Luoyang City in March 2017.

CORPORATE STRATEGY AND CORPORATE PROSPECT

Looking ahead to 2018, it is expected that the prospect of gold market to be more challenging overshadowed by the likelihood of more than three rate hikes and the stronger US dollars. Yet, it is believed that the overall level of rates will remain low from a historical perspective. Expectation of the continued rising global wealth, in particular the improving Mainland China's economy as well as the investors' using gold to manage financial market risks will support gold demand. As such, we believe that gold will maintain its high relevance as a strategic asset throughout 2018.

As for mining business, the Group's objective is to maintain its stable development in respect of mine exploration and reserve increase by means of strict implementation of existing mines exploration planning. More effort will be put on optimizing the construction of the major exploration projects and on the cost control in an environmentally friendly manner. Being one of the largest privately owned, China-based gold mining companies, the Group commits business strategy as to:(i) continue to expand production capacity at our existing mines, (ii) speed up construction work of the capacity expansion and improve the exploration efficiency, and (iii) continue to conduct further exploration projects in order to increase resources and upgrade reserves.

公司戰略及前景

展望二零一八年,在可能會出現超過三次加息和美元走強的陰影下,預計黃金市場的前景將更具挑戰性。然而仍然偏史角度看來,相信整體利率水平仍然偏低。預期全球財富持續上漲,投資者者與內地的經濟持續改善以及會支持工學的需求。因此,我們認為黃金於二零一八年仍將繼續作為重要的戰略資產。

管理層討論及分析

On the other hand, the likelihood of more than three rate hikes and fears of a US-led trade war would derail economic momentum around the world. The financial market in 2018 is likely to be volatile.

Following the Group's diversification of its operations into financial services industry in Hong Kong and the PRC, including asset management and securities brokerage and advisory service in September 2016 and January 2017, the Group will seek new investment opportunities for broadening the income streams in a world of fast-changing threats and opportunities. As always, the Group will remain vigilant on costs and adopt a prudent approach in its growth strategies.

RELATIONSHIP WITH SUPPLIERS, CUSTOMERS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

The Group understands that the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationships with each of its key stakeholders.

The details of the Group's major customers, the credit terms granted to them and credit risk exposure are set out in the section headed "Major Customers and Suppliers" in the "Report of the Directors" and notes 18 and 33(a) in the financial statements.

另一方面,加息可能出現超過三次以及 對美國帶頭發起貿易戰的恐懼均會破壞 全球經濟動力。二零一八年的金融市場 仍將波動。

隨著本集團於二零一六年九月及二零一七年一月進行多元化經營,將業務拓展至香港及中國的金融服務行業(包括資產管理及證券經紀與諮詢服務)後,本集團將致力尋找新投資機遇,力求在瞬息萬變的挑戰和機會之中擴大收入來源。一如既往,本集團繼續嚴緊控制成本,並將審慎地實施我們的增長策略。

與供應商·客戶和其他權益人 的關係

本集團明白本集團業務的成功有賴其主 要權益人,包括僱員、客戶、供應商、 銀行、監管機構和股東的支持。本集團 將繼續確保與各主要權益人維持有效溝 通和保持良好關係。

有關本集團主要客戶、授予該等客戶的 信貸期及信貸風險的詳情載於「董事會 報告」內「主要客戶及供應商」一節及財 務報表附註18及33(a)。

公司管治報告書

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board has committed to maintain high standards of corporate governance and procedures to ensure integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in order to promote the ongoing development of the best long term interest of the Company and enhance value for all the shareholders.

The Company complied with all the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") throughout the year ended 31 December 2017 except for certain deviations as specified with considered reason for such deviations as explained belotw.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions.

The Company has made specific enquiry of all directors ("Directors") of any non-compliance with the Model Code during the financial year ended 31 December 2017, and they have all confirmed their full compliance with the required standard as set out in the Model Code.

公司管治常規

董事會一直致力維持高水平的公司管治標準及程序,以確保披露事項的完整性、透明度和質素,務求促進持續發展本公司的長期最佳利益及為全體股東提升價值。

除下文解釋之若干已闡明原因之偏離行為外,於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載的企業管治守則的全部守則條文。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載的上 市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則 (「標準守則」)作為有關其董事進行證券 交易之操守守則。

本公司已就全體董事(「董事」)於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止財政年度曾否未有遵守標準守則的行為作出特定查詢,而彼等全體已確認,彼等已全面遵守標準守則所載的規定標準。

公司管治報告書

THE BOARD

The overall management of the Company's business is vested in the Board. The major responsibilities of the Board include formulation of strategic plans, adoption of corporate strategies, assessment of investment projects, monitoring and controlling the Group's operating and financial performance, assessment and management of risk to which the Group is exposed. The management of the Group are responsible for the execution of the Board's decisions and day-to-day operation of the Group.

COMPOSITION

The composition of the Board during the year and up to date of this report consists of 9 directors, with 6 Executive Directors, namely Mr. Liu Liyang (Chairman), Mr. Chen Sheng (Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Yu Yong, Mr. Wang Baozhi, Ms. Zang Dongling and Mr Zhang Lirui. 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wu Tai Cheung, Professor Xiao Rong Ge and Professor Zhang Tianyu.

There are no financial, business, family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

Under provision A.2.1 of the Code, the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. For the period from 1 January 2017 to 31 August 2017, Mr. Li Xianghong was the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Board considers that vesting both of the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in Mr. Li is beneficial to the business prospects and management of the Group, as Mr. Li has in-depth experience in business management and development and can lead the Group to have continuous growth in the future.

Mr. Li resigned as director on 31 August 2017. Starting from 6 September 2017, Mr. Liu Liyang was appointed Chairman of the Board. Mr. Liu is responsible for the leadership of the Board. Mr. Chen Sheng was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company as from 24 January 2018. Mr. Chen is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

董事會

本公司整體業務由董事會負責管理。董 事會的主要職責包括制定策略性計劃、 採納企業策略、評估投資項目、監察及 控制本集團的經營及財務表現,以及評 估及管理本集團所承受的風險。本集團 管理層須負責執行董事會之決定及本集 團之日常營運。

組成

於年內及截至本報告日期止,董事會由 九名董事組成,包括六名執行董事, 分別為劉力揚先生(主席)、陳勝先生 (行政總裁)、余勇先生、王保志先生、 臧東玲女士及張利鋭先生,以及三名 獨立非執行董事,分別為胡大祥先生、 肖榮閣教授及張田余教授。

董事會成員之間概無財務、業務、家族或其他重大關係。

根據守則條文第A.2.1條,主席及行政總裁之職務應予以區分,不應由同一人士兼任。於二零一七年一月一日三二零一七年八月三十一日期間,李向高差,李先生於業務管理及發展方面擁有豐富的經驗,並可帶領本集團宣職在來的持續增長,主席及行政總裁之職位日本先生擔任對本集團之業務前景及管理有利。

李先生於二零一七年八月三十一日辭任董事。於二零一七年九月六日起,劉力揚先生獲委任為董事會主席,劉先生負責領導董事會。陳勝先生則於二零一八年一月二十四日獲委任為行政總裁,陳先生負責集團之日常業務管理。

公司管治報告書

The Company has appointed a sufficient number of independent non-executive Directors with suitable professional qualifications, such as expertise in accounting and financial management, in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. They actively bring their valuable experience to the Board for promoting the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers all of the Independent Non-Executive Directors to be independent.

本公司已根據上市規則的規定委任足夠 人數的獨立非執行董事,彼等均具備合 適的專業資格,例如有關會計及財務管 理的專業知識。他們均積極向董事會提 供其寶貴經驗,以提升公司及其股東執行 最佳利益。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行 董事根據上市規則第3.13條發出的有關 其獨立性的年度確認函件,及本公司認 為全體獨立非執行董事屬獨立。

As permitted under the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws"), the Company has arranged Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance for which Members of the Board and officers of the Company do not have to bear any excess.

按本公司細則(「細則」)允許,本公司已 投保董事與高級職員責任保險,對此本 公司董事會成員及其高級職員均無須承 擔此保單所列明之免賠額。

The term of office of the Directors (including Independent Non-Executive Directors) is 3 years. In accordance with the Bye-laws, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one third of the Directors for the time being or, if their number is not 3 or a multiple of 3, the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Directors shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的任職期 為三年。根據細則之規定,於本公司每 屆股東週年大會上,三分之一在任董事 (或董事並非三或三之倍數,則為最接 近但不少於三分之一之人數)須輪值退 任,而每位董事至少每三年輪值退任一 次。

公司管治報告書

Attendance records of the Directors at Board Meeting, Audit Committee Meeting, Remuneration Committee Meeting, Nomination Committee Meeting, Corporate Governance Committee Meeting and General Meetings held in 2017 are as below:

各董事於二零一七年內舉行的董事會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會議、提名委員會會議、企業管治委員會會議及股東大會的出席記錄載列如下:

Number of meetings attended/held

出席/舉行的會議次數

			Remuneration	Audit	Nomination	
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General
		meetings	meetings	meetings	meetings	meetings
			薪酬	審核	提名	
Name of Directors	董事姓名	董事會會議	委員會會議	委員會會議	委員會會議	股東大會
Executive Directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Liu Liyang	劉力揚先生	13/13	_	_	_	2/2
(appointed as Chairman on 6 September 2017)	(於二零一七年九月六日委任為主席)					
Mr. Chen Sheng	陳勝先生	4/4	_	_	_	0/1
(appointed as Executive Director on 6 September 2017.	(於二零一七年九月六日委任為執行董事及					
He was further appointed as Chief Executive Officer	於二零一八年一月二十四日委任為行政總裁)					
on 24 January 2018)						
Mr. Li Xianghong (resigned on 31 August 2017)	李向鴻先生(於二零一七年八月三十一日辭任)	7/8	1/1	_	1/1	0/1
Mr. Zhang Liwei (resigned on 28 April 2017)	張力維先生(於二零一七年四月二十八日辭任)	6/7	_	_	_	0/1
Mr. Wang Hao (resigned on 31 October 2017)	王浩先生(於二零一七年十月三十一日辭任)	11/11	_	_	_	0/1
Mr. Zhang Shuguang (resigned on 31 August 2017)	張曙光先生(於二零一七年八月三十一日辭任)	7/8	_	_	_	0/1
Mr. Zhang Lirui	張利鋭先生	11/13	_	_	_	0/2
Mr. Wang Baozhi (appointed on 21 August 2017)	王保志先生(於二零一七年八月二十一日委任)	6/6	_	_	_	0/1
Mr. Yu Yong (appointed on 6 September 2017)	余勇先生(於二零一七年九月六日委任)	3/4	_	_	_	0/1
Ms. Zang Dongling (appointed on 6 September 2017)	臧東玲女士(於二零一七年九月六日委任)	4/4	_	_	_	0/1
INEDs:	獨立非執行董事:					
Professor Xiao Rong Ge	肖榮閣教授	9/13	_	3/3	_	1/2
Mr. Wu Tai Cheung	胡大祥先生	13/13	1/1	3/3	1/1	2/2
Mr. Yin Chenggang (resigned on 31 August 2017)	尹成剛先生(於二零一七年八月三十一日辭任)	6/7	_	2/2	_	1/1
Professor. Zhang Tianyu (appointed on 21 August 2017)	張田余教授(於二零一七年八月二十一日委任)	5/6	_	2/2	_	0/1

公司管治報告書

The minutes of Board meetings are prepared by the company secretary of the Company. The draft minutes are circulated to all members of the Board for their comments and the final version of the minutes is sent to all members of the Board for their records within a reasonable time after the meeting. The minutes are also open for inspection by all members of the Board at the Company's registered office.

DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has arranged in-house trainings for Directors in the form of seminar and provision of training materials. A summary of training received by Directors during the relevant period according to the records provided by the Directors is as follows:

董事會會議記錄由本公司之公司秘書編製,在會議結束後的合理時間內,會議記錄草稿將發送予董事會所有成員以供表達意見,而最終定稿則發送至董事會所有成員以備記錄。會議記錄亦備存在本公司註冊辦事處,以供董事會所有成員查閱。

董事持續專業發展

本公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業發展,以發展及更新彼等的知識及技能。 本公司已透過舉行研討會及向董事提供培訓資料,為董事安排內部培訓。根據董事提供的記錄,董事於相關期間接受的培訓概要如下:

Training on corporate governance, regulatory development and other relevant topics 企業管治、監管發展及 其他相關主題培訓

		企業管治、監管
Name of Directors	董事姓名	其他相關主題
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Liu Liyang	劉力揚先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Chen Sheng	陳勝先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Wang Baozhi	王保志先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Zhang Lirui	張利鋭先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Yu Yong	余勇先生	$\sqrt{}$
Ms. Zang Dongling	臧東玲女士	$\sqrt{}$
Independent Non-Executive Director	ors 獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Wu Tai Cheung	胡大祥先生	$\sqrt{}$
Professor Xiao Rong Ge	肖榮閣教授	$\sqrt{}$

張田余教授

Professor Zhang Tianyu

公司管治報告書

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit committee

The Company has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") under the Board. The Audit Committee currently comprises three Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wu Tai Cheung, Professor Zhang Tianyu and Professor Xiao Rong Ge. Mr. Wu Tai Cheung is the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has formulated its term of reference in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee's duties are mainly to review the Company's financial reports, make recommendations on the appointment, removal and remuneration of independent auditors and approve audit and audit related services, and supervise the Company's internal financial reporting procedures and management policies.

At least two meetings of the Audit Committee will be convened annually to review the accounting policies, risk management, internal control and the relevant financial and accounting issues, so as to ensure fairness and accuracy of the Company's financial statements and other relevant information. The minutes of the Audit Committee meetings are prepared by the secretary of the meeting. The draft minutes are circulated to the Committee Members for comments and the final version of the minutes is sent to the Committee Members for their records within a reasonable time after the meeting. The minutes are also open for inspection by the Committee Members at the Company's registered office.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, three Audit Committee meetings were held and the attendance of each member is set out in the section headed "Composition" of this report, The work performed by the Audit Committee included to review and recommend for the Board's approval the interim and annual financial results and reports, financial reporting and compliance procedures, and internal control and risk management matters as well as to review and recommend for the Board's approval, the Audit Planning Report and Internal Control Planning Report the engagements with the Auditor and the consultant for internal control matter of the Company.

董事會委員會

審核委員會

本公司已於董事會管轄下成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」),審核委員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事胡大祥先生、張田余教授及肖榮閣教授組成,胡大祥先生為審核委員會的主席。審核委員會已根據上市規例的規定制定其職權範圍。

審核委員會的職務主要為審閱本公司的 財務報告、建議有關獨立核數師的任免 及其薪酬事宜、批准審核及有關審核的 服務,以及監察本公司的內部財務申報 程序及管理政策。

審核委員會每年至少舉行兩次會議,以檢討會計政策、風險管理、內部監控,人有關財務及會計事項,從而確保本確以財務報表及其他相關資料公平準確,會議結束後的合理時間內,會議結束後的合理時間內,會議結束後的合理時間內,會議記見見會成員以供表員會成員公司註冊辦事處,以供委員會成員查閱。

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司舉行三次審核委員會會議,而各成員之出席情況載於本報告「組成」一節內。審核委員會履行之工作包括審閱及建議董事會批准半年及全年財務申報及合規程序,及內部監控和風險管理事宜,以及審閱計劃書並委聘核數師及內部監控事宜之顧問。

公司管治報告書

Remuneration committee

The Company has established a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"). The Remuneration Committee currently consists of two Independent Non-Executive Directors, Professor Zhang Tianyu and Mr. Wu Tai Cheung, and one Executive Director, Mr. Liu Liyang. Professor Zhang Tianyu is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The Company has formulated written terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for ensuring formal and transparent procedures for developing remuneration policies and in overseeing and evaluating remuneration packages of the Directors. Its duties include making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. It takes into consideration factors such as salaries and compensation packages paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of Directors. It also takes into account whether the emoluments offered are appropriate to the duties and performance of the respective individuals concerned and whether such emoluments are competitive and sufficiently attractive to retain such individuals.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, one Remuneration Committee meeting was held and the attendance of each member is set out the section headed "Composition" of this report. In addition to the Remuneration Committee meeting, the Remuneration Committee also dealt with matters by way of circulation during 2017. In 2017 and up to the date of this report, the work of Remuneration Committee included to review the remuneration policies and made recommendation to the Board on the remuneration packages regarding renewal of service contract of executive directors and newly appointed directors as well as annual review on remuneration policy and structure for directors and senior management of the Company.

Competitive remuneration packages are structured to be commensurate with individual responsibilities, qualification, experience and performance.

薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員 會」),薪酬委員會現時由兩名獨立非執 行董事張田余教授及胡大祥先生,以及 一名執行董事劉力揚先生組成。張田余 教授為薪酬委員會的主席。本公司已根 據上市規則的規定制定薪酬委員會的書 面職權範圍。

薪酬委員會負責確保有一套正式及具透 明度之程序以制定薪酬政策並監察評估 董事之薪酬組合。該委員會之職責包括 就執行董事及高級管理層個人之薪酬組 合向董事會提供推薦建議,並考慮其他 可比較公司所支付薪酬及報酬組合、董 事之時間投入及責任等因素。同時,該 委員會亦考慮所提供薪酬是否適合各自 相關個人之責任及表現以及相關薪酬是 否具有競爭性且足以吸引及挽留相關個 人。

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司舉行一次薪酬委員會會議而 各成員之出席情況載於本報告「組成」 一節內。除舉行薪酬委員會會議外,薪 酬委員會亦於二零一七年透過傳閱文件 方式處理事宜,於二零一十年內及截至 本報告日期止,薪酬委員會已履行之工 作包括審閱薪酬政策及就續訂執行董事 及新委任董事服務合約相關薪酬待遇向 董事會作出推薦建議,以及年度審閱本 公司董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架

本集團乃按個人職責、資歷、經驗及表 現,設計一套具競爭力之薪酬待遇。

公司管治報告書

The remuneration of a Director is determined with reference to his duties and responsibilities with the Company and the prevailing market situation. Details of the emoluments of Directors during the year ended 31 December 2017 are set out in note 8 to the financial statements of this annual report. The emoluments paid to senior management during the year ended 31 December 2017 were within the following bands:

董事薪酬乃參照其於本公司之職責及責任以及現行市況而釐定。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之董事酬金詳情載於本年報財務報表附註8。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度支付予高級管理層成員之酬金在以下範圍內:

Number of Senior Management 高級管理層人數

HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000

2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元

Nomination Committee

The Company has established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") under the Board. Members of the Nomination Committee currently consists of two Independent Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Wu Tai Cheung and Professor Zhang Tianyu, and one Executive Director, Mr. Liu Liyang who is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for the following:

- reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and making recommendations on proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors; and
- making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive.

提名委員會

本公司已於董事會轄下設立提名委員會 (「提名委員會」)。提名委員會成員現時 包括兩名獨立非執行董事胡大祥先生及 張田余教授以及一名執行董事劉力揚先 生。劉力揚先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會負責以下各方面:

- 檢討董事會之架構、規模及組成 (包括技能、知識及經驗),並就擬 變更董事會以配合本公司企業策略 提供推薦建議;
- 物色適當符合資格成為董事會成員 之個人,並就甄選提名出任董事之 個人作出選擇或向董事會提供推薦 建議;
- 評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性;及
- 就委任或重新委任董事以及董事繼任計劃(尤其為主席及行政總裁)向董事會提供推薦建議。

公司管治報告書

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board to ensure that the Board has the balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, knowledge and skills. In identifying suitable candidates, the Nomination Committee will consider candidates with the objective criteria with due regard of the benefits of diversity on the Board.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, one Nomination Committee meeting was held. The attendance of each member is set out in the section headed "Composition" of this report. In addition to the Nomination Committee meeting, the Nomination Committee also dealt with matters by way of circulation during 2017. In 2017 and up to the date of this report, the Nomination Committee's work included to make recommendation to the Board on rotation of directors for 2017 and 2018 AGM, appointment of Executive Directors and Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company, access the Independence of Non-Executive Directors and reviewed the structure and size and diversity of the Board.

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee was established on 30 March 2017 and comprises all Executive Directors of the Company. Mr. Liu Liyang is the Chairman of the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee is vested with all the general powers of management and control of the activities in the ordinary course of business of the Group as are vested in the Board, save for those matters which are reserved for the Board's decision and approval pursuant to the written terms of reference of the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee will meet as and when necessary to discuss the operating affairs of the Group and may also deal with matters by way of circulation.

董事會已採納一項董事會多元化政策, 旨在為達到董事會多元化而訂出措施 以確保董事會具備所需技巧、經驗及 樣的觀點與角度,包括(但不限於)性 別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業 驗、知識及技能。提名委員會物色,並 人選時,會考慮有關人選的長處,並的 客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化的 裨益。

執行委員會

公司管治報告書

The Executive Committee is mainly responsible for undertaking and supervising the day-to-day management and is empowered:

- (i) to formulate and implement policies for the business activities and administration of the Group and to make such amendments thereto from time to time as the Executive Committee may think fit and to make exceptions to the policies as the circumstances arise while implementing such polices; and
- (ii) to plan and decide on strategies to be adopted by the Group on business activities.

Corporate Governance Committee

The Group has established a corporate governance committee (the "Corporate Governance Committee"). The Corporate Governance Committee currently consists of three Executive Directors, Mr. Liu Liyang, Mr. Wang Baozhi and Ms. Zang Dongling. Mr. Liu Liyang is the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee.

The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for the following:

- developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board:
- reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements;
- developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct applicable to employees and Directors; and
- reviewing the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

執行委員會主要負責處理及監察日常管 理事宜,並獲授權:

- (i) 制定及執行有關本集團商業活動及 行政之政策,且執行委員會可不時 作出其認為適當之修訂,並因應執 行政策時實際情況需要而作出政策 上之偏離;及
- (ii) 規劃及決定就本集團商業活動將予 採納之策略。

企業管治委員會

本集團已成立企業管治委員會(「企業管治委員會」)。企業管治委員會現時由三名執行董事劉力揚先生、王保志先生及臧東玲女士組成。劉力揚先生為企業管治委員會主席。

企業管治委員會負責以下各方面:

- 制定及審核本公司之企業管治政策 及常規並向董事會提供推薦建議;
- 審核及監察董事及高級管理層之培 訓及持續專業發展;
- 審核及監察本公司關於遵守適用法 律及監管規定之政策及常規:
- 制定、審核及監察適用於僱員及董事之操守守則;及
- 審核本公司遵守本公司管治報告書 內所載守則及披露的情況。

公司管治報告書

During the year ended 31 December 2017, no Corporate Governance Committee meeting was held while Corporate Governance Committee dealt with matters by way of circulation. In 2017 and up to the date of this report, the Corporate Governance Committee's work included to review and make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements of the Company and ensure that they are prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also ensure the timely publication of such financial statements.

The statement of the external auditors of the Company, Ascenda Cachet CPA Limited, with regard to their reporting responsibilities on the Company's financial statements is set out in the Auditor's Report on pages 71 to 79.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration paid/payable to the Company's external auditors (including any entity under common control, ownership or management with the external auditors or any entity that a reasonable and informed third party having knowledge of all relevant information would reasonably conclude as part of the audit firm nationally or internationally) during the year is as follows:

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年 度,企業管治委員會並無召開會議。企 業管治委員會透過傳閱文件方式處理事 宜。於二零一七年及截至本報告日期, 提名委員會已履行之工作包括審閱本公 司企業管治政策及慣例及就此向董事會 作出推薦建議。

董事對財務報表的責任

董事知悉彼等就編製本公司財務報表的 責任,並確保該等財務報表已根據法定 規定及適用會計準則編製,董事亦確保 及時公佈該等財務報表。

本公司外部核數師天健德揚會計師事務 所有限公司有關其就本公司財務報表的 報告責任的聲明載於第71至79頁之核 數師報告。

核數師酬金

年內,已付/應付予本公司外部核數師(包括任何與外聘核數師受同一機構控制、擁有或管理,或掌握所有相關資料的第三方能合理地推斷其為該核數師事務所的全國或國際分部的機構)之酬金如下:

2017 二零一七年 **HK\$'000** 千港元 3,239 970

Audit services
Non-audit services

審核服務 非審核服務

公司管治報告書

RISKS MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibilities to maintain a sound and effective risks management and internal control systems of the Group to safeguard the shareholders' investment and the Company's assets. The Group has established guidelines and procedures for the approval and control of expenditure. Operating expenditures and capital expenditures are subject to the overall budget control and approval process prior to commitment

The Company has established an internal audit function. The Board has, through the Audit Committee of the Company, conducted the annual review of the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls and risk management system for the year ended 31 December 2017. The review covered all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions. There were no significant control failings, weaknesses or significant areas of concern identified during the year which might affect shareholders.

The Group handles and disseminates inside information with due care. Staff is required to comply with and maintain the strict confidentiality of the information. Only personnel at appropriate level can get reach of price sensitive and inside information.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary, Ms. Leung Lai Seung, appointed on 23 January 2017, is responsible for facilitating the Board process, as well as communications among Board members, with shareholders and the management. Ms. Leung's biography is set out in the "Biographical Details of the Directors and the Senior Management" section on page 51. During the year, Ms. Leung took not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training to update her skills and knowledge.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會全權負責確保本集團的風險管理 及內部監控系統穩健妥善而且有效,以 保障股東的投資及本公司的資產。本集 團已就開支之批核及控制建立指引及程 序。營運開支及資本開支均須於承諾前 按照整體預算控制及批核程序執行。

本公司設有內部審核職能。董事會透過本公司之審核委員會,已對本公司之審核委員會,已對此年度內定之不可之事,可以與實理系統之成效進行了實驗,有關檢討涵蓋所有重控及與檢討,包括財務監控、運作監控及自動於實理功能。年內並無察實於會對股東構成影響的重大監控失誤、弱項或重大關注事項。

本集團審慎處理和發放內幕消息。員工 必須嚴格遵守及維持消息之保密性。僅 適當級別的人員才獲准接觸價格敏感資 料及內幕消息。

公司秘書

公司秘書梁麗嫦女士於二零一七年一月 二十三日獲委任負責協助董事會流程, 及董事會成員與股東及管理層之間的溝 通。梁女士之簡歷載於第51頁「董事及 高級管理層履歷」。於年內,梁女士接 受不少於15個小時相關專業培訓,以更 新其技能及知識。

公司管治報告書

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company's annual general meeting and extraordinary general meetings provide the principal channels of communication with its shareholders which provide opportunities for shareholders to share views with the Board.

Code Provision A.6.7 stipulates that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders.

Due to other business engagements, some Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company could not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 22 June 2017 and an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 27 November 2017. However, at the respective general meetings of the Company, there were Executive Directors and some other Independent Non-Executive Directors present to enable the Board to develop a balanced understand of the views of the Shareholders

CODE PROVISION E.1.2

In accordance with the code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. He should also invite the chairmen of the audit, remuneration, nomination and any other committees (as appropriate) to attend. In their absence, he should invite another member of the committee or failing this his duty appointed delegate to attend. These persons should be available to answer questions at the annual general meeting.

Due to other business engagements, Mr. Li Xianghong, the former Chairman of the Board, was not able to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 22 June 2017. However, Mr. Liu Liyang, an Executive Director of the Company, took the chair of that meeting and Chairman of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee were present thereat to be available to answer any question to ensure effective communication with the Shareholders.

與股東的溝通

本公司的股東週年大會及股東特別大會 提供與股東溝通的主要渠道,亦為股東 提供與董事會交流意見的機會。

守則條文A.6.7條規定,獨立非執行董事 及其他非執行董事應出席股東大會,以 對股東的意見有公正的了解。

由於其他業務委聘,部分本公司獨立非執行董事未能出席本公司於二零一七年六月二十二日舉行的股東週年大會及本公司於二零一七年十一月二十七日舉行的股東特別大會。然而,執行董事及部分其他獨立非執行董事已出席本公司各股東大會,致使董事會對股東的意見有公正的了解。

守則條文 E.1.2

根據企業管治守則之守則條文E.1.2,董事會主席應出席股東週年大會。。彼名之事會主席應出席股東週年大會會、提之亦為 資會及任何其他委員會(如會主席出席,或應在該等委員會成員會(如會主席 席出席,或應在該等委員會(或會主出名 房會成員未能出席,則其正在股東 國籍 表)出席大會。該等人士須在股東週年 大會上回答提問。

董事會前主席李向鴻先生因其他公事而 未能出席於二零一七年六月二十二日 舉行之本公司股東週年大會。然而,本 公司執行董事劉力揚先生擔任該大會主 席,而審核委員會及薪酬委員會之主席 均出席以回答任何提問,確保與股東保 持有效溝通。

公司管治報告書

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening extraordinary general meeting and putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

Under the Company's Bye-laws, the Board, on the requisition of shareholders of the Company holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company by sending a written notice to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong, shall convene an extraordinary general meeting to address specific issues specified in such requisition of the Company within 21 days from the date of deposit of written notice. The same requirement and procedure also apply to any proposal to be tabled at shareholders' meetings for adoption.

ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Enquiries may be put to the Board through the Company's Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong at Unit 7810, The Center, 99 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong (email: info@munsun.hk).

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

Upon the change of domicile of the Company from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda became effective on 11 December 2017 (Bermuda time)/12 December 2017 (Hong Kong time), the new Memorandum and Continuance and Bye-laws were adopted in substitution for existing Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company.

The Memorandum of Continuance and Bye-laws are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company.

股東權利

召開股東特別大會及於股東大會 上提出議案

根據本公司之細則,持有不少於本公司 繳足股本十分之一之本公司股東透過向 董事會或公司秘書發出書面通告並送交 至本公司香港主要營業地點方式發出要 求,則董事會須於書面通告寄發日期起 計21日內召開股東特別大會,以解決本 公司相關要求所詳載之特別事件。同 要求及程序亦適用於提呈於股東大會以 供採納之任何建議。

向董事會作出查詢

股東可透過本公司的香港主要營業地點 向董事會作出查詢,地址為香港皇后大 道中99號中環中心7810室(電郵地址: info@munsun.hk)。

章程文件

於二零一七年十二月十一日(百慕達時間)/二零一七年十二月十二日(香港時間),本公司已由開曼群島遷冊至百慕達,新的存續大綱及新細則已採納並取代本公司現有的組織章程大綱及組織章程細則。

本公司之存續大綱及公司細則可於聯交 所及本公司網站內查閱。

董事及高級管理層履歷

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Liu Livang (劉力揚), aged 57, was appointed as Executive Director of the Company on 13 October 2015. He was appointed as the Chairman of the Board, and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company, He was also redesignated as the Chairman of each of Executive Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company on 6 September 2017. Mr. Liu holds an MBA degree from Columbia University. He has 16 years of experience in the investment banking industry. Mr. Liu was appointed as an executive director, the deputy chairman of the board and the chief executive officer and a member of the remuneration committee of eForce Holdings Limited (stock code: 943) ("eForce") on 19 August 2010 and was further appointed as a member of the nomination committee of eForce on 29 March 2012. Mr Liu has ceased to be the deputy chairman of the board of eForce on 18 January 2018. Before joining eForce, he was the co-head of the China Investment Banking of Nomura International (HK) Limited. He has also worked in Merrill Lynch (Asia Pacific) Limited, China International Capital Corporation Limited and Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc.. Mr. Liu is also an independent non-executive director, a member of each of the audit committee and the nomination committee and the chairman of the remuneration committee of Beautiful China Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 706).

董事

執行董事

劉力揚先生,57歲,於二零一五年十 月十三日獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼 於二零一七年九月六日獲委任為董事會 主席及薪酬委員會委員,並獲調任為執 行委員會,提名委員會及企業管治委員 會主席。劉先生持有哥倫比亞大學工商 管理碩士學位。彼於投資銀行業擁有16 年經驗。劉先生於二零一零年八月十九 日獲委任為意科控股有限公司(股份代 號:943)(「意科」)之執行董事、董事 會副主席兼行政總裁以及薪酬委員會成 員, 並於二零一二年三月二十九日進一 步獲委任為意科之提名委員會成員。劉 先生於二零一八年一月十八日辭任意科 之董事會副主席一職。於加入意科前, 彼曾擔任野村國際(香港)有限公司中 國投資銀行部聯席主管。彼亦曾於美林 (亞太)有限公司、中國國際金融有限公 司及Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc.工作。 劉先生亦為美麗中國控股有限公司(股 份代號:706)之獨立非執行董事、審核 委員會及提名委員會成員兼薪酬委員會 主席。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Chen Sheng (陳勝), aged 45, was appointed as an Executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee and Corporate of the Company on 6 September 2017. Mr Chen has been appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 24 January 2018. Mr Chen graduated from China European International Business School with a master's degree in business administration (EMBA). He has over 20 years' experience in government and state-owned corporate governance and extensive economic financial and investment experience. Mr. Chen served as a researcher in the research centre of the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council of Shanghai Municipal Government. He worked as the deputy general secretary in the Asia Research Centre of Shanghai Jiaotong University, the deputy general manager in the Asia Pacific International Commodity Exchange Centre of China Railway and the president of Shanghai Rongfa Enterprise Development Limited.

Mr. Zhang Lirui (張利鋭), aged 45, was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 10 July 2015. Mr. Zhang is currently a member of Executive Committee of the Company. He graduated from Shenzhen University and Huazhong University of Science & Technology and holds a bachelor's degree in international finance and postgraduate in economics. Mr. Zhang has more than 24 years of experiences in the business sectors of market capital and securities. During the years from 1992 to 2008, Mr. Zhang worked successively in the market capital, credit and organization departments and sub-branches of the Shenzhen Branch of the Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited. He was a director of Munsun Assets Management Ltd from August 2012 to December 2013 and a director of Munsun Asset Management (Asia) Limited from October 2012 to May 2014.

董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Wang Baozhi (王保志), aged 50, was appointed as an Executive Director and a member of each of the Executive Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company on 21 August 2017. Mr Wang obtained a bachelor's degree in agriculture education from Yuxi Agriculture College and a master's degree in Economics from Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics (formerly Jiangxi Finance and Economics College). He is currently a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has over 23 years of experience in finance. Mr. Wang has been the managing director of south china business headquarter of Zhongrong International Trust Company Limited ("Zhongrong International") since April 2009. Before joining Zhongrong International, he has previously worked as the project manager of Shenzhen Baifuda Finance Company Limited, the financial controller of Shenzhen Chengnong Siliao Company Limited, the financial controller of Shenzhen Hongji (Group) Logistic Company Limited, the chief financial officer of Shenzhen Nanyou (Holdings) Limited and an auditor of Shenzhen Minfu audit firm.

Mr. Yu Yong (余勇), aged 61, was appointed as an Executive Director, the Deputy Chief Executive Officer and a member of the Executive Committee of the Company on 6 September 2017. Mr Yu holds a bachelor's degree in geology engineering (mine exploration) from the Central South Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. He is a professor-level senior engineer and a national mineral reserves appraiser. He has numerous years of extensive experience in geological exploration technology, geological technology management and resource assessment. He served as the deputy director of the China Metallurgical Geology Bureau, the deputy manager of the geological resources department of the China National Gold Group, the secretary, the vice president and chief engineer of China National Gold Geology Co., Ltd.. He has long been engaged in solid mineral geological exploration, mining geological, geological research, geological technology management and mine management. He has presided over and mainly participated in a number of major scientific research and

王保志先生,50歳,於二零一十年八 月二十一日獲委任為本公司執行董事, 執行委員會及企業管冶委員會委員。王 先生於豫西農業專科學校獲得農業教育 大專學位及於江西財經大學(前稱江西 財經學院)取得經濟學碩士學位。彼亦 現為中國註冊會計師協會會員。彼擁有 超過二十三年財務經驗。王先生自二零 零九年四月任職中融國際信託有限公司 (「中融國際」)華南業務總部董事總經 理。於加入中融國際前,彼曾於深圳百 富達融資公司擔任項目經理、於深圳成 農飼料股份公司擔任財務總監、於深圳 鴻基(集團)物流公司擔任財務總監、於 深圳南油集團有限公司擔任財務科長、 並於深圳民孚審計師事務所擔任社會審 計。

余勇先生,61歳,於二零一七年九月六 日獲委任為本公司之執行董事,副總裁 及執行委員會成員。余先生於中南礦治 學院獲得地質系礦產普查勘探工學學士 學位。彼為教授級高級工程師及國家礦 產資源儲量評估師。彼擁有多年豐富的 地質勘查技術和地質技術管理以及資源 考察評估經驗。彼曾擔任冶金工業部地 質局副處長,中國黃金集團地質資源部 副經理,中國黃金集團地質有限公司書 記、副總及總工。長期從事固體礦產地 質勘查、礦山地質探礦、地質科研以及 地質技術管理和礦山經營管理等工作。 曾先後主持或主要參與多個重大科研及 找礦項目,並獲得中國黃金協會科學技 術一等獎兩項,二等獎一項。彼亦主持 或負責完成了數個大中型勘查項目。負

董事及高級管理層履歷

mining projects, and obtained two first-class awards and one second-class award in science and technology from the China Gold Association. He has also presided over and completed a number of large and medium-sized exploration projects, and was responsible for or participated in numerous domestic and foreign mining rights projects, presided over or participated in the review of various types of geological prospecting design projects, participated in or reviewed various geological exploration reports.

責或參與考察了一批國內外礦權項目, 主持或參與審查了多個各類地質探礦設 計項目,參與或主審了一批各類地質勘 杳報告。

Ms. Zang Dongling (臧東玲), aged 55, was appointed as an Executive Director and a member of each of the Executive Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company on 6 September 2017. Ms. Zang received a bachelor's degree in industrial enterprise management engineering from China Nonferrous Metal Administrative Cadre Institute and received a postgraduate degree in economics (economic management) from the Graduate School of the CPC Central Party School. She has more than 20 years of financial and audit experience. She served as general manager of the finance department and general manager of the audit department of China Aluminum International Trading Co., Ltd. ("China Aluminum International Trading"). China Aluminum International Trading is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited, a company listed in China, Hong Kong and the United States. Prior to joining China Aluminum International Trading, she worked in the finance department of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited and served as general manager of the finance department in Zhongxin Assets Appraisal Office.

臧東玲女士,55歳,於二零一七年九月 六日獲委任為本公司之執行董事,執行 委員會及企業管治委員會委員。臧女士 於有色金屬管理幹部學院獲得工業企業 管理工程學士學位, 並於中共中央黨校 研究生院獲得經濟學(經濟管理)研究生 學位。彼擁有超過二十多年財務及審計 經驗。彼曾擔任中鋁國際貿易有限公司 (「中鋁國貿」)財務部總經理和審計部總 經理。中鋁國貿是中國鋁業股份有限公 司(一間於中國、香港、美國三地上市 之公司)之全資子公司。於加入中鋁國 貿前,彼分別於中國鋁業集團財務部工 作及中鑫資產評估事務所擔任財務部總 經理。

47

董事及高級管理層履歷

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Wu Tai Cheung (胡大祥), aged 60, was appointed an Independent Non-Executive Director, the chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company on 3 October 2016. Mr. Wu is currently the chief financial officer and company secretary of Yee Hop Holdings Limited (stock code: 1662) and the joint company secretary of Shenyang Public Utility Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 0747). Mr. Wu has over 17 years of experience in accounting and corporate finance. Mr. Wu has served various public-listed companies in Hong Kong holding positions such as financial controller, company secretary and chief financial officer, Mr. Wu also served as an independent non-executive director of BEP International Holdings Limited (stock code: 2326). The aforesaid companies are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Wu obtained a bachelor's degree in arts in accountancy from the University of Bolton and master's degree in business administration from the University of Newcastle, Australia, Mr. Wu is currently a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, an associate member of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators.

獨立非執行董事

胡先生於波爾頓大學(University of Bolton) 取得會計學文學士學位及澳洲紐卡素大 學(University of Newcastle)獲得工商管理 碩士學位。胡先生現為香港會計師公會 會員、香港稅務學會初級會員、特許公 認會計師公會資深會員、香港特許秘書 公會會員及特許秘書及行政人員公會會 員。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Professor Xiao Rong Ge (肖榮閣), aged 68, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company on 21 January 2010. Professor Xiao obtained his PhD in Professional Geology from the China University of Geosciences (Beijing). He is currently a professor of Professional Geology and mentor to doctoral students at the China University of Geosciences (Beijing). Professor Xiao has long been conducting research work in the fields of geology, mineral exploration and economic evaluation. He participated in the fieldwork of geological inspection of metal minerals by an integrated exploration team of the geological exploration company of the Ministry of Metallurgical Industry of China, mainly at the regions of Langshan mountain Bayan Obo, Manzhouli and Daxinganling of Inner Mongolia, PRC. He also took part in the geological research work of the Three-River Area of Yunnan and the system research of mesocenozoic geological minerals and sylvite and copper minerals in Yunnan. As a post-doctoral researcher at the Institute of Geochemistry Chinese Academy of Sciences, he engaged in geological geochemistry research, focusing research on the formation of meso-cenozoic sandstone-type copper minerals. He is currently engaged in the research studies on various types of minerals involving non-ferrous metals, precious metals, ferrous metals, non-metals and energy minerals, and has in-depth studies on the rules for the formation of metal ore deposits and mine exploration and has accomplished a series of research achievements. Academic publications in the recent decade include: Geochemistry of rock mineral deposits (Geological Publishing House), Boron ore deposits in Liaodong (Geological Publishing House), Gold mine formation rules and mineralization forecast in the deep parts of Xiaoginling (Geological Publishing House), Phosphate ore deposits in China (Geological Publishing House), Molybdenum ore formation theory (Geological Publishing House) and Crystalline graphite ore deposits in northern China (Science Press). Professor Xiao had engaged in the projects of the National Science Foundation of China, basic technical research projects of the Department of Technology, Ministry of Land and Resources, national geological inspection projects, open laboratory projects on geochemistry of the Chinese Academy of Sciences and related provincial projects of the Department of Land and Resources and various mining enterprises projects, and was awarded a Third Class Award of Technological Progress by the Ministry of Geology and Mineral Resources, a First Class Award and a Second Class Award of Technological Achievement by the Ministry of Land and Resources. Professor Xiao had engaged in consultant services for mining investment, valuation for financing, mining rights valuation and technical inspection, and had conducted valuation of mining resources for various mining enterprises.

肖榮閣教授,68歳,於二零一零年一月 二十一日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董 事兼審核委員會成員。肖教授持有中國 地質大學(北京)礦床學專業博士學位。 彼現為中國地質大學(北京)礦床學專 業教授,博士生導師。肖教授長期從事 礦床學、礦產勘查與經濟評價方面的研 究,曾在中國冶金工業部華北地質勘查 公司綜合普查大隊從事金屬礦產野外地 質調查工作,工作區域主要在中國內蒙 古狼山一白雲鄂博、滿洲里及大興安嶺 地區;亦曾參與雲南三江地區地質研究 工作, 對雲南中新生代地質礦產及鉀鹽 礦產與銅礦地質進行了系統研究。彼在 中國科學院地球化學研究所做博士後, 從事礦床地球化學研究,專攻中新生代 砂岩銅礦成因研究。現專業研究礦產涉 及各種有色金屬、貴金屬、黑色金屬、 非金屬、能源礦產等,對金屬礦床成礦 規律找礦勘查有深入研究,取得了系 列研究成果。近十年以來出版學術專著 有:岩石礦床地球化學(地質出版社); 遼東硼礦床(地質出版社);小秦嶺深 部金礦成礦規律與成礦預測(地質出版 社);中國磷礦床(地質出版社);鉬礦 成因論(地質出版社);華北顯晶質石墨 礦床(科學出版社)。肖教授先後承擔國 家自然科學基金項目、國土資源部科技 司基礎研究項目、國家地調項目、中國 科學院礦床地球化學開放研究室項目、 相關省國土資源廳項目及多項礦山企業 項目,並獲得原地質礦產部科技進步三 等獎一項、國土資源部科技成果一等獎 一項和二等獎一項。肖教授曾承擔礦業 投資、融資評估、礦業權評估及勘查技 術諮詢工作,先後為多家礦山企業作礦 產評估。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Professor Zhang Tianyu (張田余), aged 43, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company on 21 August 2017. Professor Zhang was re-designated as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee of the Company on 31 August 2017. Professor Zhang obtained a bachelor's degree in Accounting from Nankai University, a master's degree in Accounting from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics and a Doctor of Philosophy in Accounting from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He has over 12 years of experience in accounting. Professor Zhang is a professor in School of Accountancy and the director of the Center for Institutions and Governance in The Chinese University of Hong Kong ("Chinese University"). His research focuses on political institutions and governance in China emerging market. He is now sitting on the editorial board of The Accounting Review and Contemporary Accounting Research. Before joining the Chinese University, he worked for City University of Hong Kong in 2011. Professor Zhang also served as an independent director of Netac Technology Co Ltd from February 2011 to February 2017. The aforesaid company is listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

張田余教授,43歳,於二零一七年八 月二十一日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行 董事,兼任審核委員會,薪酬委員會及 提名委員會委員。張教授於二零一十年 八月三十一日獲調任為薪酬委員會之主 席。張教授於南開大學獲得會計學學士 學位,於上海財經大學獲得會計學碩士 學位,及於香港科技大學獲得哲學博士 (會計學)學位。彼擁有超過12年會計 經驗。張教授現任香港中文大學(「中 文大學」)會計學院之教授及公司治理 中心之董事。彼主力研究中國新興市場 的政治制度和治理。彼為現任「會計評 論」和「當代會計研究」雜誌之編委。 於加入中文大學前,張教授曾於香港城 市大學任職。張教授於二零一一年二月 至二零一七年二月曾擔任深圳朗科科技 股份有限公司之獨立董事,上述公司於 深圳證券交易所上市。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Senior Management

Dr. SHI, Simon Hao ("Dr. SHI"), aged 54, was appointed as the chief financial officer of the Company with effect from 20 September 2016. Dr. SHI graduated from Fudan University with a bachelor's degree in Biophysics in 1987 and obtained a PhD degree at State University of New York Downstate Medical School in 1995, followed by a postdoctoral fellowship at an affiliate hospital of Harvard Medical School, Harvard University until 1998. Dr. SHI received his MBA degree from University of Southern California Marshall School of Business in 2000. He has over 16 years of experience in financial management, fund and asset management. Prior to joining the Company, Dr. SHI has served various international investment groups and public-listed companies in the PRC, Taiwan and Hong Kong holding various positions such as manager, financial controller, vice president, and chief financial officer. He was appointed as a financial officer of the Company in September 2015. He was appointed as an non-executive director of L'Sea Resources International Holdings Limited ("L'Sea"), a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on April 1, 2014, and was re-designated as an executive director on March 31, 2015. He subsequently resigned as an executive director of L'Sea on 30 September 2017.

Ms. Leung Lai Seung (梁麗嫦), aged 55, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 23 January 2017. Ms. Leung served as Company Secretary of Ceneric (Holdings) Limited (Stock Code: 542) between April 2011 to December 2016. She is a fellow member of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. She also holds a Professional Diploma in Company Secretaryship and Administration from Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as Hong Kong Polytechnic University) and an Executive Diploma in Corporate Governance and Pragmatic Business Eithics from the University of Hong Kong. She possesses over 20 years of experience in handling company secretarial practice and corporate governance matter for listed companies.

高級管理層

SHI, Simon Hao博士(「SHI博士」) 54歲,於二零一六年九月二十日獲委 任為本公司之首席財務官。SHI博士於 一九八七年畢業於復旦大學,獲生物物 理學學士學位,並於一九九五年取得於 紐約州立大學下州醫學院博士學位,隨 後至一九九八年,其一直為哈佛大學醫 學院博士後研究員。SHI博士於二零零零 年獲得美國南加州大學工商管理碩士學 位。SHI博士於財務管理、基金及資產管 理方面擁有超過16年經驗。加入本公司 之前,SHI博士曾就職於中國、台灣及 香港多間國際投資集團及上市公司,擔 任經理、財務總監、副總裁及首席財務 官等多項職務。彼於二零一五年九月獲 委任為本公司之財務官。彼於二零一四 年四月一日獲委任為利海資源國際控股 有限公司(「利海」)(於香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市的公 司)之非執行董事,並於二零一五年三 月三十一日調任為執行董事。彼其後於 二零一七年九月三十日辭任利海之執行 董事一職。

梁麗嫦女士,55歲,於二零一七年一月 二十三日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書。 梁女士於二零一一年四月至二零一六年 十二月期間曾擔任新嶺域(集團)有限 公司(股票代號:542)之公司秘書。彼 為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會以及香 港特許秘書公會之資深會員。彼並持有 香港理工學院(現稱香港理工大學)頒 發之公司秘書及行政專業文憑以及香港 大學頒發之行政人員文憑(公司管治及 商業道德)。彼在處理上市公司之公司 秘書事務及企業管治事務方面積逾20年 經驗。

董事會報告

The Directors hereby submitting the annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

CHANGE OF DOMICILE AND CAPITAL REORGANISATION

On 12 October 2017, the Board proposed to change the domicile of the Company from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda by way of deregistration in the Cayman Islands and continuation as an exempted company under the laws of Bermuda (the "Change of Domicile") and to effect the capital reorganization (the "Capital Reorganization") in the following manner: (i) the par value of each of the issued shares of HK\$0.125 each in the existing share capital of the Company ("Existing Shares") reduced from HK\$0.125 each to HK\$0.005 each ("New Shares") by cancelling the capital paid-up thereon to the extent of HK\$0.12 on each of the issued Existing Shares ("Capital Reduction"); (ii) immediately following the Capital Reduction taking effect, all the authorised but unissued share capital of the Company (which shall include the authorised but unissued share capital arising from the Capital Reduction) would be cancelled in its entirety and forthwith upon such cancellation, the authorised share capital of the Company would be increased to HK\$150,000,000 by the creation of additional New Shares as shall be sufficient to increase the authorised share capital of the Company to HK\$150,000,000 divided into 30,000,000,000 New Shares; (iii) the credits arising in the books of the Company from the Capital Reduction would be credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company within the meaning of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda; and (iv) the amount standing to the credit of the contributed surplus account be applied to set off the accumulated losses of the Company by the amount of such credit or be applied in any other manner as may be permitted under the the bye-laws of the Company in effect from time to time and all applicable laws of Bermuda.

董事謹此提呈截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度之年報及經審核財務報 表。

遷冊及股本重組

於二零一七年十月十二日,董事會建議 撤銷本公司於開曼群島之註冊及根據 百慕達法例以獲豁免公司形式存續,藉 以將本公司遷冊(「遷冊」),並透過下 列方式進行股本重組(「股本重組」): (i)透過註銷每股已發行現有股份之實 繳股本0.12港元,將本公司現有股本 中每股面值0.125港元之已發行股份 (「現有股份」)之面值由每股0.125港 元 削 減 至 每 股 0.005港 元(「新 股 份」) (「股本削減」);(ii)緊隨股本削減生效 後,全面註銷本公司所有法定但未發行 股本(包括由股本削減產生之法定但未 發行股本),及於註銷有關股本後,隨 即透過增設額外新股份(足以增加本公 司法定股本至150,000,000港元,分為 30,000,000,000股新股份)增加本公司 法定股本至150,000,000港元;(iii)在本 公司賬目中因股本削減而產生之進賬將 撥入本公司之實繳盈餘賬(定義見百慕 達一九八一年公司法);及(iv)實繳盈餘 賬之進賬金額已按該進賬金額用於撇銷 本公司之累計虧損,或按照於由本公司 細則及百慕達所有適用法律可能允許之 任何其他方式動用。

董事會報告

The aforesaid proposals were approved by the shareholders of the Company by a special resolution at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 27 November 2017. Details of the Change of Domicile and Capital Reorganisation were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 12 October 2017, 27 November 2017, 12 December 2017 and 2 January 2018 as well as the circular of the Company dated 1 November 2017.

The Change of Domicile became effective on 11 December 2017(Bermuda time)/12 December 2017 (Hong Kong time), while the Capital Reorganisation has become effective on 2 January 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set forth in note 29(a) to the financial statements. The discussion and analysis as required by schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are set out on pages 9 to 29. This discussion form part of the report of the directors.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017 are set out in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 80 and 81.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2017.

上述建議已於二零一七年十一月二十七日舉行之本公司股東特別大會上由本公司股東通過特別決議案批准。遷冊及股本重組之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一七年十月十二日、二零一七年十一月二十七日及二零一七年十二月十二日及二零一八年一月二日之公佈以及本公司日期為二零一七年十一月一日之通函內。

本公司遷冊已於二零一七年十二月十一日(百慕達時間)/二零一七年十二月十二日(香港時間)起生效,而股本重組則自二零一八年一月二日起生效。

主要業務及業務回顧

本公司為投資控股公司,其主要附屬公司之主要業務載於財務報表附註29(a)。香港公司條例附表5規定之討論及分析載於第9至29頁,此討論構成董事會報告之一部份。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日 止年度之業績載於第80及81頁的綜合 損益表及綜合全面收益表。

董事並不建議就截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度派付任何股息。

董事會報告

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out in page 245.

RESERVES

Details of movement in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of change in equity on pages 84 and 85 and note 26 to the financial statements respectively.

FIXED ASSETS

Particulars of the movements in fixed assets of the Group during the financial year are set forth in note 13 to the financial statements.

BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2017 are set out in note 23 to the financial statements.

CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Particulars of convertible bonds of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2017 are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績及資 產與負債概要載於第245頁。

儲備

本集團及本公司年內儲備之變動詳情分別載於第84及85頁的綜合權益變動表及財務報表附註26。

固定資產

有關本集團固定資產於財政年度內之變動詳情載於財務報表附註13。

貸款

有關本集團於二零一七年十二月三十一 日銀行及其他貸款之詳情載於財務報表 附註23。

可換股債券

本集團及本公司於二零一七年十二月 三十一日可換股債券之詳情載於財務報 表附註24。

董事會報告

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year, the Company has proposed to effect the capital reorganization and it has become effective on 2 January 2018.

Details of the above transaction and the movements of share capital of the Company are set out in the section headed "Change of Domicile and Capital Reorganization" in the report of the directors and notes 26(a) & (b) in the financial statements.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of non-exempted connected transaction entered into by the Company during the year was set out in the section headed "Mergers and Acquisitions and Disposal" in the Management Discussion and Analysis in this annual report. The related party transactions as disclosed in notes 35 (a)(ii) to (vi) to the financial statements are fully exempted connected transactions under chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

股本

於本年度內,本公司建議股本重組並於 二零一八年一月二日起已生效。

上述交易及本公司股本變動之詳情載於董事會報告「遷冊及股本重組」一節及財務報表附註26(a)及(b)。

關連交易

本公司於年內訂立的非豁免關連交易載 於本年報管理層討論及分析「併購及出 售」一節。根據上市規則第十四A章,財 務報表附註35(a)(ii)至(vi)所載各關連人士 交易,乃全面豁免於關連交易。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Liu Liyang (Chairman, appointed on 6 September 2017)

Mr. Chen Sheng (Chief Executive Officer)
(appointed as director on 6 September 2017 and as
Chief Executive Officer on 24 January 2018)

Mr.Yu Yong (appointed as director and Deputy

Chief Executive Officer on 6 September 2017)

Ms. Zang Dongling (appointed on 6 September 2017)

Mr.Wang Baozhi (appointed on 21 August 2017)

Mr. Zhang Lirui

Mr. Li Xianghong (resigned on 31 August 2017)

Mr. Wang Hao (resigned on 31 October 2017)

Mr. Zhang Liwei (resigned on 28 April 2017)

Mr. Zhang Shuguang (resigned on 31 August 2017)

Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Professor Xiao Rong Ge Mr. Wu Tai Cheung Professor Zhang Tianyu *(appointed on 21 August 2017)*

Mr. Yin Chenggang (appointed on 4 January 2017 and resigned on 31 August 2017)

董事

年內及百至本報告日期,董事如下:

執行董事:

劉力揚先生(主席,於二零一七年 九月六日獲委任)

陳勝先生(行政總裁)

(於二零一七年九月六日獲委任為 董事及於二零一八年一月二十四日 獲委任為行政總裁)

余勇先生(於二零一七年九月六日 獲委任為董事及副總裁)

臧東玲女士(於二零一七年九月六日 獲委任)

王保志先生(於二零一七年 八月二十一日獲委任)

張利鋭先生

李向鴻先生(於二零一七年 八月三十一日辭任)

王浩先生(於二零一七年 十月三十一日辭任)

張力維先生(於二零一七年

四月二十八日辭任)

張曙光先生(於二零一七年 八月三十一日辭任)

獨立非執行董事:

肖榮閣教授

胡大祥先生

張田余教授(於二零一七年

八月二十一日獲委任)

尹成剛先生(於二零一七年一月四日 獲委任及於二零一七年

八月三十一日辭任)

董事會報告

The service contract of Mr. Zhang Lirui as an Executive Director was signed on 10 July 2015 for a term of three years. The service contract of Mr. Liu Liyang as an Executive Director was signed on 13 October 2015 for a term of three years. The service contract of Mr. Wang Baozhi as an Executive Director was signed on 21 August 2017 for a term of three years. The service contract for each of Mr. Chen Sheng, Mr. Yu Yong and Ms. Zang Dongling as Executive Directors was signed on 6 September 2017 for a term of three years.

The service contract of Professor Xiao Rong Ge as an Independent Non-executive Director was renewed for a term of three years commencing from 21 January 2016. The service contract of Mr. Wu Tai Cheung as an Independent Non-executive Director was signed on 3 October 2016 for a term of three years. The service contract of Professor Zhang Tianyu as an Independent Non-executive Director was signed on 21 August 2017 for a term of three years.

There is no specific clause in all the service contracts providing for the amount of compensation in case of early termination. Each Director was subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meetings in accordance with the Bye-laws. Pursuant to Bye-law 84(1), Mr. Liu Liyang and Mr. Zhang Lirui shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and shall be eligible for re-election. Pursuant to Bye-law 83(2), Mr. Chen Sheng, Mr. Wang Baozhi, Mr. Yu Yong, Ms. Zang Dongling and Professor Zhang Tianyu shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and shall be eligible for re-election.

Other than as disclosed above, no Director has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

During the year, no consideration was provided to or receivable by third party for making available the service of director or in any other capacity while director.

The Company has received from each of its Independent Non-Executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of its Independent Non-Executive Directors independent.

張利鋭先生作為執行董事服務合約於 二零一五年七月十日簽訂,為期三年。 劉力揚先生作為執行董事之服務合約於 二零一五年十月十三日簽訂,為期三 年。王保志先生作為執行董事之服務,為 納於二零一七年八月二十一日簽訂,為 期三年。而陳勝先生、余勇先生及納 , 東 安士作為執行董事之各自服務合約於 二零一七年九月六日簽訂,為期三年。

肖榮閣教授作為獨立非執行董事之服務 合約續期,自二零一六年一月二十一日 起計為期三年。胡大祥先生作為獨立非 執行董事之服務合約於二零一六年十月 三日簽訂,為期三年。張田余教授作為 獨立非執行董事之服務合約於二零一七 年八月二十一日簽訂,為期三年。

所有該等服務合約並無載有規定提早終止合約情況下,有關補償金額的具體條款。各董事須按細則於本公司股東週年大會上輪值退任及重選。根據細則第84(1)條規定,劉力揚先生及張利鋭先生須於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退任,惟將符合資格重選連任。根據細則第83(2)條規定,陳勝先生、王保志先生、余勇先生、臧東玲女士及張田余教授須於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退任,惟將符合資格重選連任。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事訂有本集 團不作賠償(法定賠償除外)則不可於一 年內終止之服務合約。

年內,概無第三方就擔任董事或以任何 其他身份提供服務而獲提供或應收取代 價。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條有關其獨立性的年度確認函件。本公司認為其所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTEREST IN SHARES

As at 31 December 2017, the interests of the Directors and chief executives in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange are as follows:

董事及最高行政人員於股份之 權益

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,董事及 最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨 條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份或发 券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部第7及8分部之規定已知會本公 聯交所的權益(包括彼等根據證券及期 貨條例該等條文被當作或視為擁有的權 益及/或淡倉);或根據證券及期 條例第352條之規定須載入該條所述登記 冊之權益;或根據標準守則須知會本公 司及聯交所之權益載列如下:

Number of shares (including underlying shares)

股份數目(包括相關股份)

Name of Directors 董事姓名 Mr. Liu Liyang 劉力揚先生	Personal Interests 個人權益 1,700,000	Family Interests 家族權益 —	Corporate Interests 公司權益 978,182,869 (Note a)	Number of underlying shares held under equity derivatives (Note b) 以股本衍生工具持有之相關股份數 (附註 b)	Total 合計 1,117,882,869	Approximate % of Issued Share Capital 佔已發行股本 之概約權益 百分比 8.04%
Mr. Zhang Lirui	266,313,590	_	(附註a) —	138,000,000	404,313,590	2.91%

張利鋭先生

董事會報告

Notes:

- (a) Tai Ning Investment Holdings Limited ("Tai Ning") is whollyowned by Mr. Liu Liyang. Accordingly, Mr. Liu Liyang is taken to be interested in 978,182,869 shares held by Tai Ning.
- (b) These represent the interests in underlying shares in respect of the share options granted by the Company, the details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Options Scheme" below.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2017, none of the Directors nor chief executive of the Company nor their associates, had any interest in long position or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations which they are taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which required, pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

附註:

- (a) 泰寧投資控股有限公司(「泰寧」)由劉 力揚先生全資擁有。因此,劉力揚先 生被認為於泰寧所持有的978,182,869 股股份中擁有權益。
- (b) 此乃本公司授出之購股權涉及之相關股份權益,有關詳情載於下述名為「購股權計劃」一節。

除以上所披露者外,於二零一七年十二 月三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人 員或其聯繫人於本公司或其相聯法有 股份、相關股份或債券中,概無擁有任 何彼等根據證券及期貨條例該等條文 當作或視為擁有、或根據證券及期貨條 例第352條規定須載入該條所述之 冊、或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯 交所之好倉或淡倉之權益。

董事會報告

SHARE OPTIONS SCHEMES

The Company has two share option schemes: the 2004 Share Option Scheme and the 2014 Share Option Scheme.

The 2004 Share Option Scheme was adopted by a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 18 September 2004 whereby the directors of the Company were authorised, at their discretion, to invite directors and employees of the Group, to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company up to a maximum of 160,000,000 shares. By a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 26 May 2011, the Company refreshed the limit in respect of the granting of share options under the 2004 Share Option Scheme and all other share options scheme up to 10% of the total number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue. The 2004 Share Option Scheme would be valid and effective for a period of 10 years ended on 17 September 2014. By a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 30 May 2014, the 2004 Share Option Scheme was terminated and thereafter no further options would be offered or granted under the 2004 Share Option Scheme.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, no options have been granted or exercised under the 2004 Share Option Scheme. Since the exercise period of the outstanding share options granted under 2004 share option scheme had expired on 28 October 2017, the relevant share options therefore lapsed automatically on the same date. Details are set out on page 63 of this section.

購股權計劃

本公司有兩項購股權計劃:二零零四年 購股權計劃及二零一四年購股權計劃。

二零零四年購股權計劃由本公司股東通 過決議案於二零零四年九月十八日採 納,據此,本公司董事獲授權酌情邀請 本集團董事及僱員接納購股權以認購最 多160,000,000股本公司股份。透過本 公司股東於二零一一年五月二十六日通 猧的一項決議案,本公司已更新根據二 零零四年購股權計劃及所有其他購股權 計劃授出購股權之上限至本公司已發行 普通股份總數最多10%。二零零四年購 股權計劃有效期為十年,至二零一四年 九月十七日止。透過本公司股東於二零 一四年五月三十日通過的一項決議案, 二零零四年購股權計劃已終止並且本公 司其後將不再根據二零零四年購股權計 劃提呈或授出購股權。

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,概無根據二零零四年購股權計劃授 出或獲行使之任何購股權。由於二零零四年購股權計劃授出之尚未行使購股權 之行使期已於二零一七年十月二十八日 屆滿,有關的購股權已經於同日自動失效。詳情載列於本章節第63頁。

董事會報告

The 2014 Share Option Scheme was adopted by a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 30 May 2014. The 2014 Share Option Scheme provides that the Board may specify the eligible participants to whom the options shall be granted. The eligible participants include directors, employees, suppliers, customers, consultants, agents and advisers of the Company and its subsidiaries and any person who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group in recognition of their contribution to the Group. The Board shall determine the exercise price of option in accordance with the terms of the 2014 Share Option Scheme, which cannot in any event fall below the price stipulated in the Listing Rules. The maximum number of the ordinary shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2014 Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% (i.e. 435,127,903 shares) of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at the date when the 2014 Share Option Scheme is approved and adopted. The 2014 Share Option Scheme was effective on 4 June 2014 and will remain valid and effective for a period of 10 years from that date. The existing scheme mandate limit in respect of the granting of options to subscribe for shares under the 2014 Share Option Scheme was refreshed and renewed at the an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 19 September 2016. The maximum number of the ordinary shares of the Company upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2014 Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% (ie. 1,385,769,378 shares) of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 19 September 2016 being the date of approval of the refreshment of the existing scheme mandate limit. During the year, no options have been granted under the 2014 Share Option Scheme.

Unless approved by the shareholders, the total number of the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under 2014 Share Option Scheme to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue.

本公司股東於二零一四年五月三十日 通過決議案採納二零一四年購股權計 劃。二零一四年購股權計劃規定,董 事會可指定獲授購股權之合資格參與 者。合資格參與者包括本公司及其附屬 公司之董事、僱員、供應商、客戶、諮 詢顧問、代理及顧問以及董事會全權酌 情釐定對本集團作出或可能作出貢獻之 任何人士,以認可其對本集團之貢獻。 董事會將根據二零一四年購股權計劃之 條款釐定購股權之行使價,惟無論如何 不得低於上市規則所訂明之價格。根據 二零一四年購股權計劃及本公司任何其 他購股權計劃授出的所有購股權獲行使 而可能發行之本公司最大普通股數目合 共不得超過於二零一四年購股權計劃 獲批准及採納當日本公司已發行普通 股之10%(即435,127,903股股份)。 二零一四年購股權計劃於二零一四年六 月四日生效,並將由該日計起十年期間 仍然有效。有關根據二零一四年購股權 計劃授出之購股權以認購股份之現有計 劃授權上限已於二零一六年九月十九日 舉行之本公司股東特別大會上獲更新及 續期。根據二零一四年購股權計劃及本 公司任何其他計劃將予授出之所有購股 權獲行使後,本公司普通股之最高數目 合共不得超過於二零一六年九月十九日 (即現有計劃授權上限獲批准及更新之 日期)本公司已發行普通股之10%(即 1,385,769,378股股份)。於年內,概無 根據二零一四年購股權計劃授出任何購 股權。

除非股東批准,否則於任何十二個月就 根據二零一四年購股權計劃授予每位參 與者之購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使 之購股權)獲行使而已發行或將予發行 之股份總數不可超過已發行股份總數之 1%。

董事會報告

Offer of an option ("Offer") shall be deemed to have been accepted by any participant (the "Grantee") who accepts an Offer in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme and the option to which the Offer relates shall be deemed to have been granted and to have taken effect when the duplicate of the offer letter comprising acceptance of the Offer duly signed by the Grantee together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the granting thereof is received by the Company within such period as the Board may determine and specify in the Offer.

The exercise price of options under the 2014 Share Option Scheme is at least the highest of:

- the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the date on which an offer of an option is made by the Company to the grantee (which date must be a business day);
- (ii) a price being the average of the closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of 2014 Share Option Scheme, the maximum number of ordinary shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2014 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not exceed 30% of the total number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

As at the date of issue of this annual report, the number of Shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under 2014 Share Option Scheme was 899,269,378, representing approximately 5.39% of the existing issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this report.

倘在董事會釐定並於授出建議書中指定之期間內,本公司接獲參與者(「承授人」)妥為簽署之購股權授出建議(「授出建議」)接受函件副本,連同向本公司支付作為授出代價的1.00港元股款,則該授出建議將被視為已獲該承授人根據購股權計劃的條款接納,授出建議有關之購股權亦將被視作已授出及生效。

二零一四年購股權計劃項下的購股權行 使價不會低於(以最高者為準):

- (i) 本公司向承授人提呈購股權當日 (必須為營業日)聯交所每日報價表 所示之本公司股份收市價:
- (ii) 緊接提呈日期前五個營業日在聯交 所每日報價表所示之本公司股份平 均收市價:及
- (iii) 本公司股份面值。

即使二零一四年購股權計劃訂有任何其他條款,二零一四年購股權計劃以及本公司任何其他購股權計劃項下所有授出及尚未行使之購股權一旦獲行使而可發行之本公司普通股數目,最多亦不可超過本公司不時已發行普通股總數30%。

截至本年報刊發日期,二零一四年購股權計劃項下已授出及尚未行使的購股權所涉及之股份數目為899,269,378股,於本報告日期約佔本公司現有已發行股本的5.39%。

董事會報告

Details of the share options granted and remained outstanding as at 31 December 2017 under the 2004 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

以下為於二零一七年十二月三十一日在 二零零四年購股權計劃項下已授出及尚 未行使的購股權之詳情:

Number of option shares 購股權涉及之股份數目

	Date of grant	Exercise Price	Outstanding at 1 January 2017 二零一七年 一月一日	Lapsed during the year	Exercised during the year	Outstanding at 31 December 2017 (note 1) 二零一七年
	授出日期	行使價 HK\$ 港元	尚未行使	年內失效	年內行使	十二月三十一日 尚未行使 (附註1)
Mr. Zhang Shuguang 張曙光先生	28 October 2011 二零一一年十月二十八日	1.51	20,000,000	20,000,000	_	_
Professor Xiao Rong Ge 肖榮閣教授	28 October 2011 二零一一年十月二十八日	1.51	3,000,000	3,000,000	_	_
Other senior management staff and employees 其他高級管理人員及僱員	28 October 2011 二零一一年十月二十八日	1.51	86,100,000	86,100,000	_	_
Total 合計			109,100,000	109,100,000		

Note 1:

The above share options are of an exercise price HK\$1.51 per share with the exercisable period from 28 October 2013 to 27 October 2017. Since the exercise period of the outstanding share options granted under 2004 share option scheme had expired on 28 October 2017, the relevant share options therefore lapsed automatically on the same date.

附註1:

上述購股權之行使價為每股1.51港元,行使期為二零一三年十月二十八日至二零一七年十月二十七日。由於二零零四年購股權計劃授出之尚未行使購股權之行使期已於二零一七年十月二十八日屆滿,有關的購股權已經於同日自動失效。

董事會報告

Details of the share options granted and remained outstanding as at 31 December 2017 under the 2014 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

根據二零一四年購股權計劃,於二零 一七年十二月三十一日已授出而尚未行 使之購股權之詳情如下:

	Date of Grant 授出日期	Exercise Price 行使價 HK\$ 港元	Outstanding as at 1 January 2017 二零一七年 一月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 年內授出	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Exercise during the year 年內行使	Outstanding as at 31 December 2017 二零一七年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使
Mr. Li Xianghong	12 October 2016	0.2486	138,000,000	_	138,000,000	_	_
李向鴻先生	二零一六年十月十二日		, ,				
Mr. Liu Liyang	12 October 2016	0.2486	138,000,000	_	_	-	138,000,000
劉力揚先生	二零一六年十月十二日						
Mr. Wang Hao	12 October 2016	0.2486	138,000,000	_	138,000,000	-	-
王浩先生	二零一六年十月十二日	0.0406	420.000.000				420.000.000
Mr. Zhang Lirui 張利鋭先生	12 October 2016 二零一六年十月十二日	0.2486	138,000,000	_	_	_	138,000,000
诙刊载尤生 Mr. Zhang Liwei	_ ◆ 一八十十万十一日 12 October 2016	0.2486	30,000,000	_	30,000,000	_	_
張力維先生	二零一六年十月十二日	0.2400	30,000,000		30,000,000		
Mr. Zhang Shuguang	12 October 2016	0.2486	30,000,000	_	30,000,000	_	_
張曙光先生	二零一六年十月十二日		, ,		, ,		
Other senior management staff and Employees	12 October 2016	0.2486	730,544,378	-	107,275,000	-	623,269,378
其他高級管理人員及僱員	二零一六年十月十二日						
Total 合計			1,342,544,378	-	443,275,000	-	899,269,378

The above share options are of an exercise price of HK\$0.2486 per share with the exercise period from 12 October 2016 to 11 Octoboer 2019.

The share options granted are recognised in the financial statements. The information on measurement of the fair value of share options is set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

上述購股權之行使價為每股0.2486港元,行使期由二零一六年十月十二日至二零一九年十月十一日。

授出的購股權已於財務報表確認。有關計量購股權公平值之資料載於財務報表 附註31。

董事會報告

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the financial year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Other than as disclosed in note 35 to the financial statements, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the financial year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2017, as far as known to the Directors, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had 5% or more interests or short position in the shares or underlying shares in respect of equity derivatives of the Company that would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

購買股份或債券之安排

於財政年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使董事藉收購本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。

董事之重大合約權益

除於財務報表附註35內披露,董事概無 於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立,且 於本財政年度年結日或年內任何時間仍 然生效之重大交易、安排或合約中,直 接或間接擁有重大權益。

主要股東

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,據董事所知,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置的登記冊所記錄,除本公司董事或行政總裁外,下列人士於本公司股份或股本衍生工具相關股份中擁有5%或以上權益或淡倉,而該等權益須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之規定向本公司披露:

董事會報告

Position in the shares of the Company

	ne of shareholders ē名稱	Nature of interest and capacity 權益性質及身份		Number of ordinary shares of the Company 本公司普通股數目 (Note (a)) (附註(a))	Total Percentage 總百分比
1.	Credit Suisse Group AG	Corporate (Note (b)) 法團(附註(b))		1,669,782,156 1,647,862,156	12.02%(L) 11.86%(S)
2.	Citic Guoan Group Limited 中信國安集團有限公司	Corporate (Note (c)) 法團(附註(c))		1,304,347,826	9.38%
3.	Tai Ning Investment Holdings Limited 泰寧投資控股有限公司	Corporate (Note (d)) 法團(附註(d))		978,182,869	7.04%
4.	BFAM Partners (Cayman) Limited	Corporate (Note (e)) 法團(附註(e))		975,380,904	7.02%
5.	The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation	Corporate (Note (f)) 法團(附註(f))		716,000,364	5.15%
Notes:			附註:		

Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes a long position whilst the letter "S" (a) denotes a short position.
- Credit Suisse Group AG via its indirectly controlled subsidiaries beneficially owned 1,669,782,156 shares, of which 48, 120, 156 being physical shares held in the Company and 1,621,662,000 being the underlying shares (including 1,600,000,000 underlying shares under convertible bonds held and 21,662,000 shares via the other derivatives interest). Credit Suisse Group AG via its indirectly controlled subsidiaries also has a short position in 1,647,862,156 shares of the Company.
- Road Shine Developments Limited is wholly-owned by Guoan (HK) Holdings Limited which is wholly-owned by Citic Guoan Group. Road Shine Developments Limited is directly holding 1,304,347,826 Shares and Citic Guoan Group is deemed to hold 1,304,347,826 Shares through its controlled interests in Road Shine Developments Limited.

[L]代表好倉,而[S]代表淡倉。 (a)

於本公司股份

- Credit Suisse Group AG通過其間接控 制的附屬公司實益擁有1,669,782,156 股股份,其中48,120,156為本公司 的實體股份及1,621,662,000股為相 關股份(包括持有可換股債券下之本 公 司 1,600,000,000股 相 關 股 份 及 21,662,000 其他衍生權益)。Credit Suisse Group AG亦通過其間接控制的 子公司同時擁有1,647,862,156股淡倉
- Road Shine Developments Limited 由國安(香港)控股有限公司全資 擁有,而國安(香港)控股有限 公司由中信國安集團全資擁有。 Road Shine Developments Limited 直接持有1,304,347,826股股份,而 中信國安集團透過其於Road Shine Developments Limited 的控制權益視為 持有1,304,347,826股股份。

董事會報告

- Tai Ning Investment Holdings Limited ("Tai Ning") is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Liu Liyang, an Executive Director of the Company.
- (e) BFAM Asian Opportunities Master Fund, L.P. has 975,380,904 underlying shares under convertible bonds held in the Company. Since BFAM Asian Opportunities Master Fund, L.P. is indirectly and beneficially owned by BFAM Partners (Cayman) Limited, BFAM Partners (Cayman) Limited is also deemed to be Interested in underlying shares held by BFAM Asian Opportunities Master Fund, L.P pursuant to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap-571 of the laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO").
- The Bank of New York Mellon has long positions in 716,000,364 Shares and 716,000,364 Shares in lending pool. Since The Bank of New York Mellon is wholly owned by The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation, The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation is also taken to be interested in the shares held by The Bank of New York Mellon pursuant to the SFO.

- 泰寧投資控股有限公司(「泰寧」)由本 公司執行董事劉力揚先生全資及實益 擁有。
- BFAM Asian Opportunities Master Fund, L.P. 持有可換股債券下之本公 司975.380.904股相關股份。由於 BFAM Asian Opportunities Master Fund, L.P. 由 BFAM Partners (Cayman) Limited間接及實益擁有,故根据證 券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章) (「證券及期貨條例」), BFAM Partners (Cayman)Limited 亦 被 視 為 於BFAM Asian Opportunities Master Fund, L.P. 持有的相關股份中擁有權益。
- The Bank of New York Mellon 持 有716,000,364股 股 份 好 倉 及 716,000,364股可供借出股份。由 於The Bank of New York Mellon 由The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation 全資擁有,故根據證券 及期貨條例,The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation亦被視為於The Bank of New York Mellon 持有的股份 中擁有權益。

董事會報告

Saved as disclosed above in this section, as at 31 December 2017, the Company has not been notified of any other persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had any interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions.

The Company has made specific enquiry of all Directors of any noncompliance with the Model Code during the financial year ended 31 December 2017, and they have all confirmed their full compliance with the required standard as set out in the Model Code.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Please refer to the Corporate Governance Report on pages 30 to 43 for details.

COMPETING BUSINESS INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

None of the Directors and their respective associates had any interest in a business which competes or may compete with the business of the Group.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was continued.

除本節上文所披露者外,於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本公司並無接獲任何其他人士(不包括本公司之董事或行政總裁)通知指彼等擁有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於登記冊的本公司股份或相關股份的任何權益或淡倉。

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載的標準守則作為有關其董事進行證券交易之 操守守則。

本公司已就全體董事於截至二零一七年 十二月三十一日止財政年度是否有任何 未遵守標準守則的行為作出特定查詢, 而彼等全體已確認,彼等已全面遵守標 準守則所載的規定標準。

企業管治

詳情請參閱第30至43頁所載之「公司管 治報告書」。

董事於競爭業務之權益

概無董事或彼等各自之聯繫人於任何與 或可能與本集團業務構成競爭之業務中 擁有任何權益。

收購、贖回或出售上市證券

年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、贖回或出售本公司任何上市證券。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達(本公司存續之司法權區)法例並無載有優先購買權之條文。

董事會報告

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

Purchases

- the largest supplier 24%
- five largest suppliers totally 51%

Sales

- the largest customer 22%
- five largest customers totally 85%

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above. During the year and up to the date of this report, the Group maintained good relationship with its major customers and suppliers.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year.

COMMITMENTS

Details of commitments of the Group are set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the Group's events after the reporting period are set out in note 37 to the financial statements.

主要客戶及供應商

本集團主要供應商及客戶佔本年採購及 銷售之百分比如下:

採購

- 最大供應商24%
- 五大供應商合共51%

銷售

- 最大客戶22%
- 五大客戶合共85%

概無董事、彼等之聯繫人或任何股東 (就董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上) 於上述主要供應商或客戶中擁有權益。 於年內及截至本年報日期,本集團與其 主要客戶及供應商維持良好關係。

足夠的公眾持股量

本公司於整年內一直維持足夠公眾持股 量。

承擔

本集團之承擔詳情載於財務報表附註 34。

報告期後事項

有關本集團於報告期後發生之事項詳情 載於財務報表附註37。

董事會報告

AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 have been audited by Ascenda Cachet CPA Limited ("Ascenda Cachet"), who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. A resolution for the re-appointment of Ascenda Cachet as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board **Mr. Liu Liyang** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 29 March 2018

核數師

天健德揚會計師事務所有限公司(「天健德揚」)已審核截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表,彼將於應屆股東週年大會上告退,並符合資格願膺選連任。續聘天健德揚為本公司核數師的一項決議案將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

代表董事會 **劉力揚先生** *主席*

香港,二零一八年三月二十九日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告書



13F Neich Tower 128 Gloucester Road Wanchai Hong Kong 香港灣仔 告士打道 128號 祥豐大廈 13樓 F室

To the members of Munsun Capital Group Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Munsun Capital Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 80 to 244, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, and the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致麥盛資本集團有限公司之股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百幕達存續 之有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核列載於第80頁至第244頁 麥盛資本集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其 附屬公司(以下統稱為「貴集團」)的經審 核綜合財務報表,其包括於二零一七年 十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表 至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面 益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金 表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包含主要 會計政策概要。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零一七年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現和綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

71

獨立核數師報告書

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

意見的基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。 在這些準則下,吾等的責任會在本難的 中核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任中進一步詳述。根據香港會計師 會之專業會計師道德守則(「守則」)) 等獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循守則履行 其他道德責任。吾等相信,吾等所 的審核憑證是充足和適當地為吾等的 見提供基礎。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據吾等的專業判斷,認為對吾等審核本期綜合財務報表最為重要的事項。該等事項是在吾等審核整體綜合財務報表及達成吾等對其的意見時進行處理,而吾等不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。吾等對下述每一事項在審計中如何處理之描述亦以此為背景。

吾等已履行本報告核數師就審計綜合財 務報表承擔的責任一節所述的責任,包 括有關該等事項的責任。因此,吾等的 審計包括執行為應對綜合財務報表重大 錯報風險的評估而設的程序。審計程序 的結果包括處理以下事項的程序,為我 們就隨附的綜合財務報表的審計意見提 供基礎。

獨立核數師報告書

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

The assessment of the carrying value of mining rights

As disclosed in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements for further information

Key Audit Matter

The carrying amount of the Group's mining rights was HK\$6.129 million as at 31 December 2017.

The mining rights and procedures over management's annual impairment test, with reference to valuation of the mining rights prepared by independent valuers, were significant and the assessment process is complex, requires significant judgment and imposes significant estimation uncertainties.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our approach focused on the following procedures:

- assessing the appropriateness of key assumptions (e.g. price assumptions, production, ores reserves and costing figures, etc.) as compared with third party/independent sources or other evidence:
- agreeing key inputs to approved mine plans as appropriate, and comparing these with historical actual figures, considering the accuracy of previous internal forecasts; and
- comparing the calculated recoverable values to the associated carrying values, assessing whether any impairment charges were necessary.

吾等在審計中識別的關鍵審核事項概述 如下:

採礦權賬面值的評估

更多資料於綜合財務報表附註12披露。

關鍵審核事項

截至二零一十年十二月三十一日, 貴 集團採礦權的賬面值為6.129百萬港元。

礦權及管理層參照獨立評估師編製的採 礦權估值所作出的年度減值測試之程序 屬重要且評估過程複雜,需要作出重大 判斷並帶有重大估計不確定性。

吾等的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

吾等的方法集中在以下程序:

- 評估關鍵假設的適當性(例如價格 假設、生產、礦石儲量及成本計算 等)與第三方/獨立來源或其他證 據比較;
- 同意批准礦山計劃的關鍵輸入參 數,並將這些參數與以往實際數字 進行比較,考慮到以往內部預測的 準確性;及
- 將計算的可收回價值與相關賬面價 值進行比較,評估是否需要任何減 值費用。

獨立核數師報告書

Accounting for business combinations and goodwill

As disclosed in note 32 and note 12 of the consolidated financial statements for further information.

Key Audit Matter

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group acquired the entire equity interests in Shenzhen Munsun Asset Management Company Limited for a consideration of HK\$27.8 million. The purchase price allocation resulted in goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit of the financial services operation of the Group (the "FS CGU") of HK\$7.2 million. Together with the balance brought forward from the previous year, goodwill allocated to the FS CGU amounted to approximately HK\$281 million as at 31 December 2017.

Accounting for business combinations is complex (including the assessment of whether the acquisition qualifies as an asset deal or as a business combination) and requires determination of the fair value of all assets acquired and liabilities assumed as part of a purchase price allocation exercise in accordance with HKFRS 3 Business Combinations.

Impairment of goodwill has to be assessed annually. The assessment process is complex, requires significant judgment and imposes significant estimation uncertainties.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our approach focused on the following procedures:

 obtaining the purchase price allocation of the acquisition and testing the identification and value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed by tracing to supporting evidence including the sale and purchase agreements, and the results of our audit work over the acquired company;

業務合併及商譽的會計處理

更多資料於綜合財務報表附註32及附註 12披露。

關鍵審核事項

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度, 貴集團收購深圳市麥盛資產管理有限公司之全部股權,代價27.8百萬港元。購買價分攤產生商譽7.2百萬港元。購買價分攤產生的商譽使本集團金融服務業務的現金產生單位(「金融服務業務的現金產生單位」)增加7.2百萬港元。截至二零一七年十二月三十一日連同以前年度購買所產生的分配至本集團金融服務業務的現金產生單位之商譽餘額合計約為281百萬港元。

業務合併的會計處理乃複雜(包括評估 收購是否合資格作為資產交易或作為業 務合併),並須按照香港財務報告準則 第3號業務合併釐定全部所收購資產及 所承擔負債的公平值進行購買價分攤。

商譽減值必須每年作出評估。評估過程 複雜,需要作出重大判斷並帶有重大估 計不確定性。

吾等的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

吾等的方法集中在以下程序:

 獲取收購中每項收購的購買價分 攤,並測試所收購資產及所承擔負 債的識別及價值,方法為跟踪支持 證據,包括買賣協議、及吾等對所 收購公司審核工作的結果;

獨立核數師報告書

- reviewing management's impairment model for assessing the carrying value of goodwill and challenging management on the identification of the FS CGU, cash flow forecasting, discount rates and growth rates;
- assessing that the cash flow forecasts used in the valuation are consistent with information approved by the board of directors and have reviewed the historical accuracy of management's forecasts;
- evaluating the implied growth rates beyond 2017 by considering evidence available to support these assumptions and their consistency with findings from other areas of our audit and by performing sensitivity analyses; and
- assessing the discount rates and long term growth rates applied within the model by compared against historical trends to assess the reliability of management's forecast.

Going concern

As disclosed in note 2(b) to the consolidated financial statements for further information.

Key Audit Matter

This area is considered an area of risk for year ended 31 December 2017 given the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$2,985 million and the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$390 million. The Group is required to make regular debt repayments, mainly for the bank and other borrowings.

The directors prepared a cash flow forecast and sensitivity analysis of the key assumptions to ensure that the Group can operate as a going concern for at least twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

- 審閱管理層用於評估商譽賬面值的 減值模型,並就金融服務業務的現 金產生單位、現金流量預測、貼現 率及增長率的識別對管理層提出疑問;
- 評估估值中使用的現金流量預測是 否與董事會批准的資料一致,並已 審閱過往管理層預測的準確性;
- 評估二零一七年以後的應用增長率,方法是考慮可供用於支持這些假設的憑證及其是否與吾等審核其他範圍的發現一致,並進行敏感度分析;及
- 通過與以往趨勢進行比較來評估模型中應用的貼現率及長期增長率,以評估管理層預測的可靠性。

持續經營

更多資料於綜合財務報表附註2(b)披露。

關鍵審核事項

鑑於 貴集團截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度有流動負債淨值約2,985百萬港元及本公司擁有人應佔年度虧損約390百萬港元,故本範圍被視為本年度的風險範圍。 貴集團須定期償還債務,主要是銀行及其他借款。

董事就關鍵假設編製現金流量預測及敏感度分析,以確保 貴集團由報告期末 起計能夠持續經營至少十二個月。

獨立核數師報告書

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our approach focused on the following procedures:

- obtaining the Group's going concern forecasts covering at least the twelve month from the end of the reporting period and challenging the key assumptions and judgements made by the directors therein;
- updating our understanding of the contractual terms of the Group's financing arrangements; and
- reading the lending agreements to substantiate our knowledge of the borrowing covenants to which the Group is subject and recalculating its forecast compliance with the same over the going concern assessment period.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OUR AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

吾等的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

吾等的方法集中在以下程序:

- 獲取涵蓋報告期末起計至少十二個 月的 貴集團持續經營預測,並對 董事所作的關鍵假設和判斷提出疑 問:
- 更新吾等對 貴集團融資安排合約 條款的理解;及
- 閱讀貸款協議,以證實吾等對 貴 集團所承擔貸款契約的認識,並重 新計算其預測是否與持續經營評估 期間一致。

綜合財務報表以外資料及吾等 就此發出的核數師報告

董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料 包括年報中所包含的資料,但不包括綜 合財務報表及吾等就此發出的核數師報 告。

吾等對綜合財務報表作出的意見並未涵 蓋其他資料。吾等不對其他資料發表任 何形式的核證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等的責任 是閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是 否與綜合財務報表或吾等在審核過程中 獲悉的資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述。

倘若吾等基於已完成的工作認為其他資料出現重大錯誤陳述,吾等須報告該事實。吾等就此並無任何事項須報告。

獨立核數師報告書

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒布的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條 例的披露規定,編製真實而公平的綜合 財務報表,以及維持董事認為編製綜合 財務報表所必需的有關內部監控,以確 保有關綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並披露(如適用)與持續經營有關的事項。除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤,或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法,否則董事須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

負責管治的人員須負責監督 貴集團的 財務報告流程。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

吾等的目標是合理確定整體上綜合財務報表是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述,並發出包含吾等意見的核數師報告,按照協議委聘條款僅向 閣下作為整體報告,除此之外別無其他目的。吾等不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次的核證,但不能擔保 根據香港審計準則進行的審核在某一重 大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。重大錯誤 陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘個別或整體 在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜 合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,被視為 重大錯誤陳述。

獨立核數師報告書

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

吾等根據香港審計準則進行審核的工作 之一,是運用專業判斷,在整個審核過程中保持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯報風險內事核程程內應這些風險設計及執行審核程內內方。
 獲得充足及適當的審核憑證為不等的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及合謀串通、偽造、故意遺漏、決設等性陳述或凌駕內部控制,故未能發現由此造成的重大錯報風險比未能發現由於錯誤而導致的重大錯報風險更高。
- 了解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計恰當的審核程序,但並非旨在對 貴集團的內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及 董事所作出的會計估算和相關披露 是否合理。
- 總結董事採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法是否恰當,並根據已獲集已費。
 會計法是否恰當,總結是否有對量。
 持續經營的能力構成重大人工。
 有重大人工。
 有重大人工。
 在其之。
 有其。
 有力。
 有力。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報、架構和內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否已公平地反映及列報相關交易及事項。

獨立核數師報告書

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Yuk Tong.

 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的 財務資料獲得充足的審核憑證,以 就綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等須 負責指導、監督和執行 貴集團的 審核工作。吾等須為吾等的審核意 見承擔全部責任。

吾等就審核工作的計劃範圍和時間、在 審核過程中的主要發現,包括內部控制 的重大缺失及其他事項與負責管治的人 員進行溝通。

吾等亦向負責管治的人員作出聲明,確認吾等已遵守有關獨立性的道德要求,並就所有被合理認為可能影響核數師獨立性的關係和其他事宜以及適用的相關保障措施,與審核委員會進行溝通。

吾等通過與負責管治的人員溝通,確定 那些是本期綜合財務報表審核工作的最 重要事項,即關鍵審核事項。除非法律 或法規不容許公開披露此等事項或在極 罕有的情況下,吾等認為披露此等事項 可合理預期的不良後果,將超過公事知 悉此等事項的利益而不應在報告中描述 披露,否則吾等會在核數師報告中描述 此等事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目董事 為陳育棠。

Ascenda Cachet CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 29 March 2018

Chan Yuk Tong

Practising Certificate Number P03723

天健德揚會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港,二零一八年三月二十九日

陳育棠

執業證書編號: P03723

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

			2017	2016
			二零一七年	二零一六年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	4(a)	838,305	766,654
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(520,507)	(468,540)
Gross profit	毛利		317,798	298,114
Other revenue	其他收入	5	19,665	31,209
Other net (loss)/gain	其他(虧損)/收益淨額	5	(86,922)	11,637
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷成本		(15,579)	(11,203)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(181,831)	(338,660)
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營溢利/(虧損)		53,131	(8,903)
Finance costs	財務成本	6(a)	(426,782)	(398,236)
Share of profit of associate	分佔聯營公司溢利		1,973	
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	6	(371,678)	(407,139)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	7	(18,512)	(12,012)
Loss for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人			
owners of the Company	應佔年度虧損		(390,190)	(419,151)
			HK cents	HK cents
			港仙	港仙
Loss per share	每股虧損	11		
Basic	基本		(2.81)	(3.81)
Diluted	攤薄		(2.81)	(3.81)

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

			2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(390,190)	(419,151)
Other comprehensive	年度其他全面			
income/(loss) for the year	收益/(虧損)			
(net of tax)	(扣除税項)			
Items that may be reclassified	其後可能重新分類至			
subsequently to profit or loss:	損益之項目:			
Exchange differences	換算下列公司			
on translation of financial	財務報表產生之			
statements of	匯兑差額:			
– subsidiaries	一附屬公司		358,409	(331,897)
– associate	一聯營公司		572	_
			358,981	(331,897)
Release of exchange reserve	出售附屬公司			, , ,
relating to disposal	有關的解除			
of subsidiaries	匯兑儲備			7,995
			358,981	(323,902)
Total comprehensive loss	本公司擁有人應佔年度			
for the year attributable to	全面虧損總額			
owners of the Company			(31,209)	(743,053)

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

			2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Intangible assets	無形資產	12	6,455,816	6,339,926
Fixed assets	固定資產	13	5,298,507	4,751,182
Deposits paid for gold mining and	就金礦採礦及			
exploration rights	探礦權所付按金	14	152,375	156,942
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	15	264,120	234,255
Investment in associate	於聯營公司之投資	16	8,969	_
Trade, loans and other	應收賬款、貸款及			
receivables, deposits	其他應收款項、			
and prepayments	按金及預付款項	18	49,379	90,111
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	20	47,992	211,945
Deposits paid for fixed assets	就固定資產所付按金		93,379	91,420
Other deposits	其他按金		13,464	36,739
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		12,384,001	11,912,520
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	17	181,389	109,995
Trade, loans and other	應收賬款、貸款及			
receivables, deposits	其他應收款項、			
and prepayments	按金及預付款項	18	316,183	250,463
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公平值列賬			
through profit or loss	之金融資產	19(a)	_	304,865
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	20	564,163	806,527
Client trust bank balances	客戶信託銀行結餘	21	4,032	3,230
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	21	142,039	105,595
Total current assets	流動資產總額		1,207,806	1,580,675
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及			
	其他應付款項	22	739,115	531,576
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他貸款	23	2,071,096	2,288,609
Financial liabilities at fair value	透過損益按公平值			10=
through profit or loss	列賬之金融負債	19(b)	988,444	561,652
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	24	385,460	
Tax payable	應付税項		9,176	7,322
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		4,193,291	3,389,159
	715 AN 77 155 MO HA		.,.55,251	3,533,133

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

	************	Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值		(2,985,485)	(1,808,484)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		9,398,516	10,104,036
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank and other borrowings Financial liabilities at fair value	銀行及其他貸款 透過損益按公平值列賬	23	1,573,945	1,720,593
through profit or loss	之金融負債	19(b)	_	166,096
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	24	_	368,308
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	24	_	30,830
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	25(a)	614,691	577,120
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		2,188,636	2,862,947
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		7,209,880	7,241,089
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	股本及儲備	26		
Share capital	股本		1,737,240	1,737,240
Reserves	儲備		5,472,640	5,503,849
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE	本公司擁有人應佔			
TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	權益總額		7,209,880	7,241,089

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2018.

經董事會於二零一八年三月二十九日核 准並許可發出。

Mr. Liu Liyang 劉力揚先生 Chairman 主席

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

Mr. Chen Sheng 陳勝先生 Chief Executive Officer 行政總裁

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

		Share capital 股本 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (note 26 (b)) (附註26(b))	Share premium 股份溢價 <i>HK\$*000 千港元</i> (notes 26 (a) & 26(c) (vi)) (附註26 (a) 及 26(c) (vi))	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i> (notes 26 (a) & 26(c) (i)) (附註 26 (a) 及 26(c) (i))	Statutory reserves 法定儲備 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元 (note 26 (c) (iv)) (附註 26 (c)(iv))	Convertible bonds equity reserve 可換股 債券權益儲備 HK\$*000 千港元 (notes 24 & 26(c) (v)) (附註 24 及 26(c)(v))	Capital reserve 資本儲備 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i> (note 26 (c) (ii)) (附註 26 (c)(ii))	Exchange reserve 睡兑儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (note 26 (c) (iii)) (附註 26 (c)(iii))	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$ 000 千港元	Total equity 權益總額 <i>HKS'000</i> 千港元
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	1,737,240	5,611,589	_	139,147	_	210,429	(351,853)	(105,463)	7,241,089
Changes in equity for 2016: Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	二零一七年之權益變動: 本年度虧損 本年度其他全面收益		_ 					358,981	(390,190)	(390,190)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額							358,981	(390,190)	(31,209)
Lapse of share options Transfer of share premium account	購股權失效 股份溢價賬轉至實繳盈餘	-	_	-	_	-	(114,918)	_	114,918	_
to contributed surplus		-	(5,611,589)	5,611,589	-	_	-	_	_	_
Appropriation of safety production fund	撥付安全生產基金	-	_	_	5,313	_	_	_	(5,313)	_
Utilisation of safety production fund	動用安全生產基金	-	_	_	(4,242)	-	_	_	4,242	_
Appropriation of statutory surplus reserve	撥付法定盈餘儲備				6,839				(6,839)	
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日	1,737,240		5,611,589	147,057		95,511	7,128	(388,645)	7,209,880

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 26 (b)) (附註26(b))	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 (notes 26 (a) & 26 (c) (vi)) (附註26 (a) 及26 (c)(vi))	Statutory reserves 法定儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 26 (c) (iv)) (附註26	Convertible bonds equity reserve 可換股 債券權益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (notes 24 & 26(c) (v)) (附註24及 26(c)(v))	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 26 (c) (ii)) (附註 26 (c)(ii))	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 26 (c) (iii)) (附註 26 (c)(iii))	(Accumulated losses)/ Retained profits (累計虧損) /保留溢利 HK\$'000	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	689,879	4,578,060	138,408	2,203	126,715	(27,951)	258,468	5,765,782
Changes in equity for 2016:	二零一六年之權益變動:							(
Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss	本年度虧損 本年度其他全面虧損	_	_	_	_	_	_	(419,151)	(419,151)
for the year	· T· T· X X ID 工 画 ID IX	_	_	_	_	_	(323,902)	_	(323,902)
Total communication loss for the comm	本年度全面虧損總額						/222.002\	(410.151)	/742.052\
Total comprehensive loss for the year	中十 及 王 山						(323,902)	(419,151)	(743,053)
Issue of new shares upon the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure	二零一六年可換股債券重組後 發行新股份	147,033	202,906	_	_	_	_	_	349,939
Extinguishment upon the	二零一六年可換股債券								
2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure	重組後註銷 (************************************	_	_	_	(2,203)	_	_	687	(1,516)
Issue of new shares upon loan capitalisations	貸款資本化後發行 新股份	74,640	62,697	_	_	_	_	_	137,337
Issue of new shares by share	透過股份認購及配售	, ,,,,,	02/037						.57,557
subscriptions and placements	發行新股份	614,736	516,379	_	_	_	_	_	1,131,115
Issue of new shares upon acquisitions of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司後 發行新股份	204 240	245,218						449,566
Issue of new shares upon	轉換可換股債券後	204,348	243,210		_	_	_	_	449,500
conversion of convertible bonds	發行新股份	1,576	1,833	_	_	_	_	_	3,409
Issue of new shares upon	行使購股權後					()			
exercise of share options Transaction costs attributable to	發行新股份 透過股份認購及	5,028	8,675	_	_	(3,703)	_	_	10,000
issue of new shares by share	配售發行新股份								
subscriptions and placements	應佔交易成本		(4,179)	_		_	_	_	(4,179)
Equity-settled share-based payments	以股權結算之股份基礎支出					444.022			444.000
(note 31) Lapse of share options	(附註31) 購股權失效	_	_			144,833 (57,416)		 57,416	144,833
Appropriation of safety production fund	撥付安全生產基金	_		6,223		(37,410)	_	(6,223)	_
Utilisation of safety production fund	動用安全生產基金	-	17-1	(3,340)		_	-	3,340	
Release of reserve upon disposal	出售附屬公司後								
of subsidiaries	釋出儲備	. 4-		(2,144)				165 -	(2,144)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	1,737,240	5,611,589	139,147	2.122.348	210,429	(351,853)	(105,463)	7,241,089

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

		Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Operating activities	經營活動			
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(371,678)	(407,139)
Adjustments for:	調整:			
Amortisation of	無形資產攤銷			
intangible assets		6(c), 12	96,341	94,602
Depreciation and amortisation	固定資產折舊及			
of fixed assets	攤銷	6(c), 13	97,364	108,495
Finance costs	財務成本	6(a)	426,782	398,236
Equity-settled share-based	以股權結算之			
payments	股份基礎支出	31	_	144,833
Interest income	利息收入	5	(14,741)	(21,593)
Dividend income from financial	按公平值計入損益			
assets at fair value through	之金融資產			
profit or loss	之股息收入	5	(537)	(4,280)
Fair value loss on financial	按公平值計入損益			
assets at fair value through	之金融資產之			
profit or loss	公平值虧損	5	85,196	9,209
Gain on disposal	出售固定資產			
of fixed assets	之收益	5	(153)	(344)
Gain on disposal	出售附屬公司之			
of subsidiaries	收益	5	_	(21,764)
Share of profit of associate	分佔聯營公司溢利		(1,973)	_
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少		(71,394)	19,921
Decrease in trade, loans	應收賬款、貸款及			
and other receivables, deposits	其他應收款項、			
and prepayments	按金及預付款項			
	減少		3,136	87,370
(Increase)/decrease in client trust	客戶信託銀行結餘			
bank balances	(增加)/減少		(802)	249
Increase/(decrease) in trade and	應付賬款及其他應付			
other payables	款項增加/(減少)		178,433	(149,763)
Cash generated from operations	經營活動產生之現金		425,974	258,032
Tax paid	已付税項		(0.0.000)	(42 =25)
— PRC income tax paid	一已付中國所得稅		(23,437)	(12,725)
Net cash generated from	經營活動產生之現金淨額			
operating activities			402,537	245,307
				19.5

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

		Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Investing activities	投資活動			
Payment for purchase	購置固定資產付款			
of fixed assets		13	(277,831)	(377,424)
Proceeds from disposal	出售固定資產所得款項			
of fixed assets			830	962
Payment for purchase	購入無形資產付款			
of intangible assets		12	_	(4,287)
Decrease in deposits	就金礦採礦及探礦權			
paid for gold mining and	所付按金減少			
exploration rights			_	45,764
Payment for available-for-sale	就可供出售投資之付款			
investments			_	(234,255)
Decrease/(increase) in other	其他非流動按金減少/			
non-current deposits	(增加)		26,052	(2,807)
Decrease in deposits	就固定資產支付之按金			
paid for fixed assets	減少		4,950	31,107
Payment for purchase of financial	購買按公平值計入			
assets at fair value through	損益之金融資產			
profit or loss	之付款		_	(68,295)
Proceeds from disposal of financial	出售按公平值計入損益			
assets at fair value through	之金融資產所得款項			
profit or loss			221,085	140,234
Dividend received from financial	按公平值計入			
assets at fair value through	損益之金融資產			
profit or loss	之已收股息		537	4,280
Interest received	已收利息		5,797	21,593
Net cash considerations paid for	收購附屬公司所付			
acquisitions of subsidiaries	現金代價淨額	32	(26,264)	(35,724)
Net cash consideration received	出售附屬公司所得			
from disposal of subsidiary	現金代價淨額	29(b)		6,705
Net cash used in	投資活動所用之現金淨額			
investing activities			(44,844)	(472,147)

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

		Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Financing activities	融資活動	38		
Proceeds from bank	銀行及其他貸款			
and other borrowings	所得款項		1,167,506	752,728
Repayment of bank	償還銀行及其他貸款			
and other borrowings			(1,789,544)	(879,755)
Proceeds from financial liabilities at	按公平值計入損益			
fair value through profit or loss	之金融負債所得款項		780,450	562,038
Repayment of financial liabilities at	償還按公平值計入損益			
fair value through profit or loss	之金融負債		(574,919)	(463,425)
Decrease/(increase) in pledged	已抵押存款減少/			
deposits	(增加)		466,202	(110,196)
Finance costs paid	已付財務成本		(395,070)	(347,905)
Payment for the 2016 Convertible	就二零一六年可換股			
Bonds Restructure	債券重組之付款	24	_	(372,385)
Proceeds from new shares issued	透過股份認購及			
by share subscriptions	配售發行新股份之			
and placements	所得款項		_	1,131,115
Proceeds from issue new shares	行使購股權後發行			
upon exercise of share options	新股份之所得款項		_	10,000
Payment for transaction costs	已發行新股份應佔			
attributable to new share issued	交易成本付款			(4,179)
Net cash (used in)/generated	融資活動(所用)/產生之			
from financing activities	現金淨額		(345,375)	278,036
Net increase in cash	現金及現金等價物			
and cash equivalents	增加淨額		12,318	51,196
Cash and cash equivalents	於一月一日之現金及		12,2 13	21,122
at 1 January	現金等價物		105,595	88,148
Effect of foreign exchange	匯率變動之影響			33, 3
rate changes			24,126	(33,749)
3				(==,:=,2)
Cash and cash equivalents	於十二月三十一日之			
at 31 December	現金及現金等價物	21	142,039	105,595
				44 (401 - 2111)

The notes on pages 89 to 244 form part of these financial statements.

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Munsun Capital Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability. The domicile of the Company changed from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda by way of de-registration in the Cayman Islands and continuation as an exempted company under the laws of Bermuda with effect from 12 December 2017, details are set out in note 26(a). The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the corporate information section of the annual report. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are principally engaged in mining and processing of gold ores and sale of gold products in The People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), provision of financial services business in Hong Kong and the PRC, including asset management, securities brokerage, financing and advisory services, during the year.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

1. 一般資料

麥盛資本集團有限公司(「本公司」) 為一間於開曼群島註冊成立並於百 慕達存續之有限公司。透過撤銷在 開曼群島之註冊及根據百慕達法例 以一間獲豁免公司的形式存續經 營,將本公司由開曼群島遷冊至百 慕達,自二零一十年十二月十二日 起生效, 詳情載於附註26(a)。其 註冊辦事處地址及主要營業地點於 本年報公司資料一節中披露。年 內,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本 集團」)主要於中華人民共和國(「中 國1)從事金礦開採、加工及黃金產 品銷售,在香港及中國從事提供金 融服務業務,包括資產管理、證券 經紀、融資及諮詢服務。

2. 主要會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

此等財務報表是按照所有適 用之香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)(該詞彙統 稱包括香港會計師公會(「香 港會計師公會」)頒佈之所有 個別適用之《香港財務報告準 則》、《香港會計準則》(「香 港會計準則」)及詮釋及香港 公認會計原則而編製。此等 財務報表亦符合香港《公司 條例》(第622章)的適用披 露要求。此等財務報表同時 符合香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)中適用之披露 規定。本集團所採納之主要 會計政策概要載列於下文。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting year of the Group and the Company. Note 3 Provides information on any significant changes in accounting policies resulting from the initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting years reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis, except financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale investments and derivative financial instruments that are carried at fair value. Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries in Hong Kong is Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and that of its subsidiaries in Mainland China is Renminbi ("RMB"). For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the Group has adopted Hong Kong dollars as its presentation currency.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 合規聲明(續)

(b) 財務報表之編製基準

截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度之財務報表 包括本公司及其附屬公司之 財務報表。

編製此等財務報表時使用之 計量基準為歷史成本基準, 惟不包括以公平值列值之透 過損益按公平值列賬之金融 資產及負債,可供出售投資 及衍生金融工具。本集團各 實體之財務報表項目以實體 經營業務所在主要經濟環境 的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。 本公司及其於香港之附屬公 司之功能貨幣為港幣(「港 元」),而其於中國國內之附 屬公司的功能貨幣為人民幣 (「人民幣」)。就呈列本綜合 財務報表而言,本集團已採 用港幣作為其列示貨幣。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, the Company's directors have considered the future liquidity of the Group. The Group incurred a loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$390,190,000 for the year ended 31 December 2017, and, as at that date, the Group had net current liabilities of HK\$2,985,485,000. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast a doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Nevertheless, the directors are of the opinion that the Group will be able to finance its future working capital and financial requirements given that:

- (i) The Group's current liabilities include the fair value of convertible bonds of approximately HK\$385 million in relation to the outstanding principal amounts of the convertible bonds of approximately HK\$376 million at 31 December 2017. Pursuant to the 2018 Convertible Bonds Restructure (as defined in note 24(c)) completed on 2 February 2018, the Company's total outstanding principal amounts of the convertible bonds at 31 December 2017 reduced to approximately HK\$312 million and will be repayable on 4 August 2019. Details are set out in note 24(c).
- (ii) Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the Company has issued and allotted 2,779 million new ordinary shares of the Company with net proceeds of approximately HK\$155 million after deducting issuing expenses. Details are set out in note 37(a).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表之編製基準 (續)

- 本集團之流動負債包括 可換股債券之公平值 約385百萬港元,於二 零一七年十二月三十一 日,有關可換股債券之 未償還本金額約為376 百萬港元。根據已於二 零一八年二月二日完 成的二零一八年可換 股債券重組(定義見附 註24(c)),本公司於二 零一七年十二月三十一 日可換股債券之未償還 本金總額已減少至約 312百萬港元,其將於 二零一九年八月四日僧 還。有關詳情載於附註 24(c) °
- (ii) 於報告期末後,本公司 已發行及配發2,779百 萬股本公司新普通股, 經扣除發行開支後之所 得款項淨額約155百萬 港元。有關詳情載於附 註37(a)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

- (iii) Subsequent to the end of the reporting period. the Group has been granted new bank and other borrowings of approximately HK\$130 million which include loans repayable within and beyond the next twelve months after the end of the reporting period of HK\$50 million and HK\$80 million respectively. Details are set out in note 37(b). Save as disclosed above, the Company's directors are of the opinion that the Group will be able to obtain the renewal of bank and other borrowings due in the foreseeable future.
- (iv) A shareholder, the chairman and executive director of the Company, Mr. Liu Liyang ("Mr. Liu"), has agreed to provide continuing financial support as necessary to enable the Group to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due in the foreseeable future.
- Based on a cash flow forecast prepared by the Group's management for the twelve months after the end of the reporting period, the Group will be able to generate adequate cash flows from its continuing operations and to obtain sufficient fundings to meet the debts of the Group as and when they fall due in the foreseeable future.

Accordingly, the Company's directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 on a going concern basis. The financial statements have not reflected any effects of adjustments if the Group was unable to continue to operate as a going concern.

主要會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表之編製基準 (續)

- (jii) 於報告期末後,本集團 已獲授新增銀行及其他 貸款約130百萬港元, 其中包括報告期後分 別於十二個月內及超過 十二個月須償還之貸款 50百萬港元及80百萬 港元。有關詳情載於附 註37(b)。除上文所披露 者外,本公司董事認為 本集團將於可見未來獲 得銀行及其他貸款到期 之延續。
- (iv) 本公司股東、主席及執 行董事劉力揚先生(「劉 先生」)已同意於有需 要時候會提供持續財務 支援,讓本集團能償付 其於可見未來到期之負 債。
- 基於本集團管理層編製 之報告期末後十二個月 之現金流量預測,本集 **图**將可從其持續經營項 目中產生足夠之現金流 量及獲取足夠資金,以 應付本集團於可見未來 到期之債務。

因此,本公司董事認為按持 續經營基準編製截至二零 一七年十二月三十一日止年 度之財務報表乃屬合適。倘 本集團未能按持續經營基準 繼續經營,財務報表並無反 映該等任何調整之影響。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 編製基準

倘本公司直接或間接擁有少 於投資對象大多數投票或 類似權利,則本集團於評估 其是否對投資對象擁有權力 時會考慮一切相關事實及情 況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票持 有人的合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的 權利;及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在 投票權。

附屬公司的財務報表乃按與本公司一致的報告期間及會計政策編製。附屬公司的業績自本集團取得控制權當日 起作綜合入賬,直至有關控制權終止當日為止。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries below. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 編製基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益之各個 組成部份歸屬於本集團社 司之擁有人及非控股權權 有虧此舉會導致非控股股 有虧組結餘。所有有效 所有之交及司間資產及 團內部公司間資產及 類 權益、收入 量會於綜合入賬時全數對銷。

倘事實及情況顯示下文附屬 公司會計政策所述的三項控 制因素之一項或多項出現變 動,本集團會重新評估其是 否控制投資對象。附屬公司 的所有權權益變動(沒有失去 控制權),按權益交易入賬。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(d) Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 企業合併及商譽

業務合併採用收購法。轉移 對價以收購當天的公平值 計量,此公平值指本集團於 收購當日轉移的資產的公平 值、本集團對收購企業原先 所有者的預計負債和本集團 為獲得被收購企業的控制權 所發行的股本權益三項之 和。各次企業合併中,除處 於清算階段的被收購企業的 非控股權益可選擇採用按公 平值或者按比例應佔被收購 方可辨識之淨資產計量,收 購企業需按照被收購企業中 非控股權益的公平值計量。 收購成本在實際發生時確認 為開支。

當本集團收購一項業務時, 會根據合約條款以及於收購 日之經濟環境和相關條件, 評估將承接的金融資產和負 債,以作出合適的分類及指 定,其中包括將被收購方主 合約中的嵌入式衍生工具進 行分離。

若業務合併分階段進行,收 購企業須按購買日的公平值 重新計量其先前在被購方持 有的權益性利益,且相關的 利得或損失應計入損益。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(d) Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 企業合併及商譽(續)

收購方轉移的任何或有對價 以收購日當日的公平值確 認。分類為資產或負債的或 有對價按公平值計量,其公 平值變動於損益確認。 海權益的或有對價不需要 新計量,日後的確認記入在 權益內。

初始確認後,商譽乃按成本 減累計減值虧損計量。商譽 賬面價值須於每年進行評估 是否發生減值,或事件或環 境變化表明其賬面價值可能 出現減值,則需要進行更為 頻繁的複查。本集團於每年 十二月三十一日對商譽進行 減值測試。就減值測試而 言,商譽自取得之日始分配 至本集團的各現金產生單位 或一組現金產生單位,該現 金產生單位或一組單位預期 將從合併協同效益中獲益, 而無論本集團是否有其他資 產或負債被分配至該現金產 生單位或一組單位。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(d) Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cashgenerating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cashgenerating unit retained.

主要會計政策(續) 2

(d) 企業合併及商譽(續)

減值損失以評估與商譽相關 的現金產生單位(一組現金產 生單位)的可收回金額來確 定。如果現金產生單位(一組 現金產生單位)的可收回金額 少於其賬面價值,則確認減 值損失。已確認之商譽減值 損失在後續期間不可轉回。

如果商譽被分攤給現金產 生單位(或一組現金產生單 位),且該單元業務的一部份 被處置,在確定該被處置業 務的損益時,與被處置業務 相關的商譽將包括在該業務 的賬面價值中。在這種情況 下處置的商譽以被處置的業 務和被保留的現金產生單位 的相對值為基礎計量。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(e) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

(i) Mining rights

Mining rights with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment loss (see note 2(h)(ii)). The mining rights are amortised over the estimated useful lives of the mines, in accordance with the production plans of the mines concerned, by using the unit of production method based on the actual production volume over the estimated total proven and probable reserves of the gold mines.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 無形資產(商譽除外)

(i) 採礦權

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(e) Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

Exploration rights and assets

Exploration rights and assets are stated at cost less any impairment losses. Exploration rights and assets include the cost of acquiring exploration rights, topographical and geological surveys, exploratory drilling, sampling and trenching and activities in relation to commercial and technical feasibility studies.

Exploration and evaluation costs include expenditure incurred to secure further mineralisation in existing ore bodies as well as in new areas of interest. Expenditure incurred prior to accruing legal rights to explore an area is written off as incurred.

When it can be reasonably ascertained that an exploration property is capable of commercial production, exploration and evaluation costs capitalised are transferred to either mining structures or mining rights and depreciated/ amortised by the unit of production method based on the proved and probable mineral reserves. Costs incurred for exploration which can be directly attributable to the development of mining structures are transferred to mining structures when the exploration reaches the stage of commercial production. All other costs will be transferred to mining rights. Exploration rights and assets are written off to profit or loss if the exploration property is abandoned.

主要會計政策(續)

(e) 無形資產(商譽除外) (續)

探礦權及資產

探礦權及資產按成本減 任何減值虧損入賬。 探礦權及資產包括收購 探礦權、地質及地理勘 測、勘探鑽井、抽樣及 挖掘及與商業及技術上 可行性研究有關的活動 的成本。

勘探及評估成本包括進 一步發現現有礦區之礦 產及新獲利地區產生之 開支。取得一個地區之 合法探礦權前產生之開 支於發生時撇銷。

如能合理確定勘探資產 可投入商業生產,資 本化之勘探及評估成本 撥入採礦構築物或採礦 權,並按單位產量法根 據證實及概略礦產儲 量予以折舊/攤銷。當 探礦活動達到礦山可進 行商業開採時,與礦山 開發基礎設施直接相關 的成本應計入採礦構築 物。所有其他成本撥入 採礦權。倘該勘探資產 遭廢棄,則探礦權及相 關資產須計入損益表。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(e) Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

(iii) Trading rights

The trading right at the Hong Kong Stock Exchange Limited is recognised as intangible assets in the consolidated balance sheet. It has indefinite useful lives and are tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

(f) Fixed assets

Fixed assets, other than construction in progress, are stated in the statement of financial position at cost less any accumulated amortisation and depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses (see note 2(h)(ii)).

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 無形資產(商譽除外) (續)

(jii) 交易權

(f) 固定資產

固定資產(在建工程除外)按 成本減任何累計攤銷和折舊 及任何累計減值虧損(如有) (見附註2(h)(ii))於財務狀況 表列賬。

當租賃包括土地及樓宇組成部份時,本集團評估其擁有各個組成部份附帶之風險報酬是否絕大部份轉移至剩是否絕大部份轉移至,與內方,以為融資租賃或經營租賃,與整個租賃分類為經營租賃。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(f) Fixed assets (continued)

Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lumpsum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases and included in fixed assets in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

The cost of self-constructed items of fixed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the cost of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowings costs (see note 2(w)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of fixed assets are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

主要會計政策(續) 2.

(f) 固定資產 (續)

具體而言,最低和賃付款(包 括任何一次性預付款項)按租 賃開始時租賃之土地及樓宇 部份之租賃權益相對公平值 之分配比例分配至土地及樓 宇部份。

租賃付款能夠可靠地分配 時,被列為經營租賃的租賃 土地之權益在綜合財務狀況 表中列為根據經營租賃持有 作自用租賃土地之權益及包 括在固定資產內,按直線基 準在租賃期間攤銷。

自建之固定資產項目成本包 括材料、直接勞工、初步估 計(視何者適用)拆卸及清 除項目及重修所在地盤之成 本,以及適當比例之生產經 常費用及貸款成本(見附註 2(w)) °

報廢或出售固定資產項目之 損益按出售所得款項淨額與 該項目賬面值之間之差額釐 定,並於報廢或出售當日在 損益中確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(f) Fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of fixed assets, other than mining structures, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

 Buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 50 years after the date of completion.

Machinery and equipment
 5 - 10 years

Motor vehicles4 - 8 years

Office equipment, fixtures 3 - 5 years and fittings

Depreciation of mining structures is provided to write off the cost of the mining structures. The mining structures are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the mines, in accordance with the production plans of the mines concerned, by using the unit of production method based on the actual production volume over the estimated total proven and probable reserves of the gold mines.

Where parts of an item of fixed assets have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 固定資產(續)

折舊是按下列固定資產項目 (除採礦構築物外)之預計 可用年限以直線法沖銷其成 本,減估計剩餘價值(如有) 計算:

- 一 位於租賃土地上之樓宇 是按租賃未屆滿年期及 其估計可使用年限之較 短期間內折舊,即完成 日期起計不多於50年。
- 機器及設備 5-10年
- 一 汽車 4-8年

採礦構築物折舊已獲撥備以 撇銷採礦構築物的成本。根 據相關礦場的生產計劃,採 礦構築物乃於該礦場的估計 可使用年限按金礦之估計總 證實及概略儲量根據實際產 量使用生產單位法進行折舊。

倘固定資產之部份項目有不同可使用年限,該項目之成本則按合理基準分配至各部份並單獨計提折舊。資產之可使用年限及剩餘價值(如有)均會作年度審閱。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(f) Fixed assets (continued)

Construction in progress represents buildings, mining structures and plant and equipment in the course of construction for production or for its own use purposes. Construction in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss (see note 2(h) (ii)). Cost comprises construction expenditure and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed fund during the period of construction and other direct costs attributable to such projects, if the amount of capital expenditures and the time involved to complete the construction are significant. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of fixed assets when completed and ready for its intended use.

No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress until it is substantially complete and ready for its intended use.

(q) Leases

(a) The Group as leasee

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 固定資產(續)

在建工程不予折舊,直至在 建工程大部份已完成及已就 緒作擬定用途。

(q) 租賃

(a) 本集團作為承租人

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

- (g) Leases (continued)
 - (a) The Group as leasee (continued)
 - (i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases, with the following exceptions:

- land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease. For these purposes, the inception of the lease is the time that the lease was first entered into by the Group, or taken over from the previous lessee.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 租賃(續)

(i)

- (a) 本集團作為承租人 (續)

經營租賃,惟下列

各項除外:

租賃給本集團之資

根據經營租 賃持有作自 用之土地 於租賃開始 時,其公平 值未能與土 地上樓宇之 公平值分開 計量時,則 按融資租賃 持有之方式 處理,惟樓 宇亦明確以 經營租賃持 有者除外。 就此而言, 該租賃之開 始日期為於 本集團首次 訂立租約、 或承接自上 一承租人士 時。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

- (g) Leases (continued)
 - (a) The Group as leasee (continued)
 - (ii) Assets acquired under finance leases

Where the Group acquires the use of assets under finance leases, the amounts representing the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments of such assets are included in fixed assets and the corresponding liabilities, net of finance charges, are recorded as obligations under finance leases. Depreciation is provided at rates which write off the cost of the assets over the term of the relevant lease or, where it is likely the Group will obtain ownership of the asset, the life of the asset, as set out in note 2(f). Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 2(h) (ii). Finance charges implicit in the lease payments are charged to profit or loss over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each reporting period.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 租賃(續)

- (a) 本集團作為承租人 (續)
 - (ii) 根據融資租賃獲得 之資產

倘本集團根據融資 和賃獲得資產之使 用權,則將相當於 租賃資產公平值或 該等資產的最低租 賃款項之現值(如 為較低的數額)列 為固定資產,而相 應之負債(經扣除 財務支出)則列作 融資租賃下責任。 折舊按於相關租賃 年期內撇銷資產 成本之比率計提, 倘本集團可能會取 得資產之擁有權, 則按附註2(f)所載 列於資產年限內計 提。減值虧損按照 附註 2(h)(ii) 所載之 會計政策入賬。租 賃款項內包含之財 務支出於租賃期限 內在損益中扣除, 以於每個報告期間 就有關責任之剩餘 結餘得出一致之概 約固定定期支出比 率。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

- (g) Leases (continued)
 - (a) The Group as leasee (continued)
 - (iii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged as expenses in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (g) 租賃(續)
 - (a) 本集團作為承租人 (續)

賬列為開支。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(g) Leases (continued)

(b) The Group as lessor

A sale and leaseback transaction involves the sale of an asset and the leasing back of the same asset. The lease payment and the sale price are usually interdependent because they are negotiated as a package. The accounting treatment of a sale and leaseback transaction depends upon the type of lease involved. If the leaseback is a finance lease, the transaction is a means whereby the lessor provides finance to the lessee, with the asset as security.

When the Group is a lessor under finance leases, an amount representing the minimum lease payment receivables and initial direct costs is included in the consolidated statement of financial position as trade and loans receivables. Any unguaranteed residual value is also recognised at the inception of the lease. The difference between the sum of the minimum lease payment receivables, initial direct costs, the unguaranteed residual value and their present value is recognised as unearned finance income. Unearned finance income is recognised over the period of the lease using the effective interest rate method.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 租賃(續)

(b) 本集團作為出租人

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of other investments and trade, loans and other receivables

Other investments and trade, loans and other receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.
- For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值

(i) 其他投資及應收賬款、 貸款及其他應收款項減 值

以成本或攤銷成應 在 投資 其 投資 及 他 投资 及 他 投资 及 他 投资 在 檢 客 報 包 在 檢 客 證 翻 有 自 在 檢 客 證 翻 有 自 不 可 觀 不 有 值 團 或 察 數據:

- 債務人出現重大財 政困難;
- 違反合約,如拖欠 或延遲支付利息或 本金;
- 債務人可能出現破 產或其他財務重 組:及
- 技術、市場、經濟 或法律環境之重大 變動對債務人造成 不利影響。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Impairment of other investments and trade, loans and other receivables (continued)

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

- For unquoted equity securities carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities carried at cost are not reversed.
- For trade and loans receivables and other current receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets carried at amortised cost share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

(i) 其他投資及應收賬款、 貸款及其他應收款項減 值(續)

> 若任何該等證據存在, 按以下方式釐定及確認 任何減值虧損:

- 按攤銷成本入賬之 應收賬款及貸款及 其他流動應收款項 及其他金融資產, 減值虧損按資產賬 面值與估計未來現 金流量現值之差額 計算,凡折現之影 響屬重大,則按金 融資產之原有實際 利率(即該等資產 首次確認時計算之 實際利率)折現。 如該等按攤銷成本 列賬之金融資產具 備類似之風險特 徵,例如類似之逾 期情況及並未單獨 被評估為減值,則 有關之評估會同時 進行。金融資產之 未來現金流量會根 據與被評估資產組 別具有類似信貸風 險特徵資產之禍往 虧損情況來一同評 估減值。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Impairment of other investments and trade, loans and other receivables (continued)

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

(i) 其他投資及應收賬款、 貸款及其他應收款項減 值(續)

若虧少虧事損減得超有而值其減客確相於虧致倘認定類,地後,益之產往傾滅應間而與發減轉轉賬年值有間而與發減轉轉賬年值有個減值之虧。不值沒損面

減值虧損乃從相應的資 產中直接撇銷,惟包含 在應收賬款及其他應收 款項中、其可收回性被 視為存疑但並非機會渺 茫的應收賬款的已確認 減值虧損則除外。在此 情況下,呆賬之減值虧 損以撥備賬記錄。倘本 集團確認能收回款項之 機會微乎其微,則被視 為不可收回之金額會百 接從應收賬款中撇銷, 而在撥備賬中就有關債 務保留之金額會被撥 回。倘之前於撥備賬中 扣除之款項在其後收 回,則有關款項於撥備 賬撥回。撥備賬之其他 變動及其後收回先前直 接撇銷之款項均於損益 確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- intangible assets;
- fixed assets and construction in progress;
- deposits paid for gold mining and exploration rights and fixed assets;
- available-for-sale investments:
- investment in associate:
- other non-current deposits; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated:

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e., a cash-generating unit).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產減值

本集團會在每個報告期 間結束時審閱內部和 外來之資料,以確定下 列資產有否出現減值跡 象,或是以往確認之減 值虧損是否已不再存在 或已經減少:

- 無形資產;
- 固定資產及在建工 程;
- 就金礦採礦及探礦 權以及固定資產所 付按金;
- 可供出售投資;
- 聯營公司之投資;
- 其他非流動按金;
- 本公司財務狀況表 中於附屬公司之投 資。

如果出現有關跡象,便 會估計資產之可收回金 額:

計算可收回金額

資產之可收回金額 以其公平值減去出 售成本和其使用價 值兩者中之較高數 額為準。在評估使 用價值時,預期未 來現金流量會按可 以反映當時市場對 貨幣時間值及資產 特定風險之評估之 税前折現率,折現 至其現值。如果資 產所產生之現金流 入很大程度上不能 獨立於其他資產, 則以能獨立產生現 金流入之最小資產 組別(即現金產生 單位)來釐定可收 回金額。

麥盛資本集團有限公司 二零一七年年報

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying amount of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), or value in use (if determinable).

Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產減值(續)

一確認減值虧損

當資產或其所屬之 現金產生單位賬面 值高於其可收回金 額時,將於損益確 認減值虧損。現金 產生單位已確認之 減值虧損首先會作 出分配以減少已分 配至該現金產生單 位(或一組單位) 的任何商譽的賬面 值,然後再按比例 減少該單位(或一 組單位)內其他資 產的賬面值,惟資 產賬面值不得減至 低於其個別公平值 減出售成本(如可 計量)或使用價值 (如可釐定)之數 額。

轉回減值虧損

如果用以釐定可收 回金額之估計出現 有利變化,有關減 值虧損便會撥回。

所轉回之減值虧損以假在以有確認減值虧實力。所轉回之減值虧實之,所轉定之。所轉固之,所可以值虧損更之。所可以有數。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (continued)

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 2(h) (i) and (ii)).

(i) Investment in associate

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據上市規則,本集團 須根據香港會計準則第 34號「中期財務報告」就 財政年度首六個月編製 中期財務報告。於中期 完結時,本集團採用於 財政年度完結時應來 財政年度完結時應 財政年度完結時應 財政年度完結時 財政年度之間 以前 (i)及(ii))。

(i) 於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司為本集團於其一般 不少於20%股本投票權中擁 有長期權益的實體,且可 其發揮重大影響力。重大影響力指的是參與投資對象的 財務和經營決策的權力,但 不是控制或共同控制這些決 策的權力。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(i) Investment in associate (continued)

The Group's investment in associate is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associate is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investment in the associate, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In case, upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When an investment in an associate is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 於聯營公司之投資(續)

本集團於聯營公司之投資乃 按本集團根據權益會計法應 佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損 於綜合財務狀況表列賬。倘 會計政策存在任何不一致, 將會作出相應調整。本集團 應佔聯營公司收購後業績及 其他全面收益分別計入綜合 損益表及其他綜合全面收益 表。此外,倘於聯營公司的 權益直接確認變動,則本集 團會於綜合權益變動表確認 其應佔任何變動(倘適用)。 本集團與其聯營公司間交易 的未變現收益及虧損將以本 集團於聯營公司的投資為限 對銷,惟倘未變現虧損證明 所轉讓資產減值則除外。

當聯營公司的投資歸類為持作出售時,則按香港財務報告準則第5號持作出售及已終止營運的非流動資產入賬。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(i) Trade, loans and other receivables

Trade, loans and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 2(h)(i)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

(k) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 應收賬款、貸款及其他 應收款項

應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款項首次按公平值確認, 後使用實際利率法按攤銷人 在減呆賬減值撥備入賬(見) 主2(h)(i)),惟借予關連款所 註2(h)期,惟借予關連款所 在息及無任何固定還款期不 應收款項或貼現影響並本 大之應收款項,則按成本 呆賬之減值撥備入賬。

(k) 存貨

存貨以成本及可變現淨值兩 者中之較低者入賬。

成本是以加權平均成本法計算,而就在製品及製成品而言,成本包括所有採購成本,加工成本及將存貨運至現址及達致現狀之其他成本。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(k) Inventories (continued)

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any writedown of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the writedown or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any writedown of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(I) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 存貨(續)

可變現淨值是以日常業務過程中估計售價減去估計完成 成本及估計銷售所需成本後 所得的數額。

(I) 應付賬款及其他應付款 項

應付賬款及其他應付款項首次按公平值確認,其後按攤銷成本入賬,惟若貼現影響並不重大,則按成本入賬。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

(n) Other investments

The Group's policies for investments in equity securities other than investments in subsidiaries and associate are as follows:

Investments in equity securities are initially stated at fair value, which is their transaction price unless it is determined that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. Cost includes attributable transaction costs, except where indicated otherwise below. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification:

Investments in securities held for trading are classified as current assets. Any attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any dividends or interest earned on these investments as these are recognised in accordance with the policies set out in notes 2(u) (iii) and (iv).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 現金及現金等價物

(n) 其他投資

本集團有關股本證券投資(於附屬公司及聯營公司的投資除外)的政策如下:

持作買賣證券投資分類為流動資產。任何應佔交易成本於產生時於損益內確認。於在期末會重新計量公司。於損益內確認。於損益內確認。於損益內確認的盈虧淨額不包括該等投資賺取的任何股息或利息,因其乃根據附註2(u)(iii)及(iv)所載政策確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(n) Other investments (continued)

Investments in securities which do not fall into any of the above categories are classified as available-for sale securities. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the fair value reserve. As an exception to this, investments in equity securities that do not have a quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument and whose fair value cannot otherwise be reliably measured are recognized in the statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(h)(i)). Dividend income from equity securities is recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policies set out in note 2(u)(iii).

When the investments are derecognised or impaired (see note 2(h)(i)), the cumulative gain or loss recognized in equity is reclassified to profit or loss. Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investments or they expire.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 其他投資(續)

倘終止確認投資或投資出現減值(見附註2(h)(i)),則於權益內確認的累計盈虧重新分類至損益。該等投資於本集團正式購買/出售該投資到期當日確認/終止確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(o) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the consolidated income statement. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the consolidated income statement does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in HKAS 39 are satisfied.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 透過損益按公平值列賬 之金融負債

透過損益按公平值列賬之金 融負債包括持作買賣之金 融負債和初始確認指定為透 過損益按公平值列賬之金融 負債。如果獲取該金融負債 的目的是為了在近期再次購 買,則分類為持作買賣金融 負債。此分類包括本集團所 訂立的衍生金融工具,但並 不是香港會計準則第39號所 定義指定為對沖關係中的對 沖工具。單獨嵌入衍生工具 也分類為持作買賣,除非其 被指定為有效的對沖工具。 持作買賣金融負債的收益或 虧損在綜合損益表中確認。 在綜合損益表確認的公平值 收益或虧損淨額不包括該等 金融負債扣除的任何利息。 只有符合香港會計準則第39 號的規定時,在初始確認時 指定為透過損益按公平值列 賬之金融負債方可於首次確 認日期指定。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(p) Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds that contain an equity component

Convertible bonds that can be converted to equity share capital at the option of the holder, where the number of shares that would be issued on conversion and the value of consideration that would be received at that time do not vary, are accounted for as compound financial instruments which contain both a liability component and an equity component.

At initial recognition, the liability component of the convertible bonds is measured as the present value of the future interest and principal payments, discounted at the market rate of interest applicable at the time of initial recognition to similar liabilities that do not have a conversion option. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the liabilities component is recognised as the equity component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of a convertible financial instrument are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method. The equity component is recognised in the convertible bond equity reserve until either the convertible bond is converted or redeemed.

主要會計政策(續)

(p) 可換股債券

含有權益部份之可換股 **信券**

倘於轉換時將予發行之 股份數目及屆時將可 收取之代價價值並無差 別,可按持有人選擇轉 換為權益股本之可換股 債券,作為同時含有負 **情部份及權益部份之複** 合金融工具入賬。

初步確認時,可換股債 券之負債部份會按未來 利息和本金款項的現值 計量,再以初步確認時 適用於不帶轉換權的類 似負債的市場利率折現 計算。凡所得款項超過 初步確認為負債部份款 項之金額,乃確認為權 益部份。有關發行可轉 換金融工具之交易成本 將按所得款項之分配比 例分配到負債及權益部 份。

負債部份其後將以攤銷 成本入賬。於損益內確 認之負債部份利息開支 按實際利率法計算。權 益部份將在可換股債券 權益儲備中確認,直至 可換股債券被轉換或贖 0 0

120

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(p) Convertible bonds (continued)

(i) Convertible bonds that contain an equity component (continued)

If the bond is converted, the convertible bond equity reserve, together with the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion, is transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the share issued. If the bond is redeemed, the capital reserve is released directly to retained profits.

(ii) Other convertible bonds

Convertible bonds which do not contain an equity component are accounted for as follows:

At initial recognition, the derivative component of the convertible bonds is measured at fair value and presented as part of derivative financial instruments. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the derivative component is recognised as the liability component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and derivative components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. The portion of the transaction costs relating to the liability component is recognised initially as part of the liability. The portion relating to the derivative component is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 可換股債券(續)

(i) 含有權益部份之可換股 債券(續)

當債券被轉換時,可負債券權益部份之負債券權益部份之稅份之稅份人稅份益債券在及股份益時,可同值轉。當債券直接轉入保營。本被贖轉入保營。本被贖轉入保營。本被損務。

(ii) 其他可換股債券

不含權益部份之可換股 債券按以下方式入賬:

初步確認時,可換股債 券之衍生部份按公平值 計量, 並呈列作為衍生 金融工具之一部份。凡 所得款項超過初步確認 為衍生工具部份款額之 金額,乃確認為負債部 份。有關發行可換股債 券之交易成本,按所得 款項之分配比例分配至 負債及衍生工具部份。 有關負債部份之交易成 本部份,乃初步確認為 負債一部份。有關衍生 工具部份之部份則即時 於損益確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(p) Convertible bonds (continued)

(ii) Other convertible bonds (continued)

The derivative component is subsequently remeasured in accordance with note 2(q). The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method.

If the bond is converted, the carrying amounts of the derivative and liability components are transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the bond is redeemed, any difference between the amount paid and the carrying amounts of both components is recognised in profit or loss.

(q) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date of grant and are subsequently remeasured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The gain or loss on remeasurement to the fair value of derivative financial instruments is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(r) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 可換股債券(續)

(ii) 其他可換股債券(續)

衍生工具部份其後按附 註2(q)重新計量。負債 部份其後按攤銷成本列 賬。於損益內確認之負 債部份利息開支採用實 際利息法計算。

(a) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具於授出日期初步按公平值確認,其後在各報告期末按公平值重新計量。重新計量衍生金融工具之公平值產生之收益或虧損即時於損益確認。

(r) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及定額供 款退休計劃之供款

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(r) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 以股份為基礎之付款

授平而會在爾量之員無在屬購額予僱確益應予期並款符件處可權應予期並款符件處可權成儲平克模購與各人地到能之大力價出。條購權,公力價出。條購權,公人本備值一式股果才權否會值公,亦是舒計權僱能,歸將總

本公司會在歸屬期內審 閱預期歸屬之購股權數 目。對已於以往年度確 認之累計公平值所作之 任何調整會在審閱當年 損益中列支/計入;但 如果原來之僱員支出符 合確認為資產之資格, 便會對資本儲備作出相 應之調整。已確認為支 出之數額會在歸屬日作 出調整,以反映所歸屬 購股權之實際數目(同 時對資本儲備作出相應 之調整);惟僅因未達成 與本公司股份市價相關 之歸屬條件而沒收者則 另當別論。權益數額在 資本儲備中確認,直至 購股權獲行使(轉入股 份溢價賬)或購股權到 期(直接撥入保留溢利) 時為止。

123

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(r) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(s) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 終止福利

終止福利於本集團不再 撤回提供該等福利及倘 其確認涉及支付終止福 利之重組成本時(以較 早者為準)確認。

(s) 所得税

本年度所得稅包括本期稅項 及遞延稅項資產和負債之變動。本期稅項及遞延稅項項及遞延稅項 產和負債之變動均在損益項 確認,惟在其他全面收關益 直接在權益中確認之相關稅 其也全面收益或直接在權 中確認。

本期税項是按本年度應課税 收入根據在報告期末已執行 或實質上已執行之稅率計算 之預期應付稅項,同時考慮 到本集團經營所在國家的現 行解釋和做法,加上以往年 度應付稅項之任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債乃因作 財務報告用途之資產及負債 賬面值與作税基用途之資產 及負債賬面值兩者之可予由 減及應課税之暫時差異所產 生。遞延税項資產亦可由未 經使用之税項虧損及未經使 用之税項抵減所產生。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(s) Income tax (continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary differences or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 所得税(續)

除了某些有限之例外情况 外,所有遞延税項負債和遞 延税項資產(只限於很可能獲 得能利用該遞延税項資產來 抵扣之未來應課税溢利)都會 確認。支持確認由可抵扣暫 時差異所產生遞延税項資產 之未來應課税溢利包括因轉 回目前存在之應課税暫時差 異而產生之數額;但這些轉 回之差異必須與同一稅務機 關及同一應課税實體有關, 並預期在可抵扣暫時差異預 計轉回之同一期間或遞延税 項資產所產生税項虧損可向 後期或向前期結轉之期間內 轉回。在決定目前存在之應 課税暫時差異是否足以支持 確認由未利用税項虧損和税 款抵減所產生之遞延税項資 產時,亦會採用同一準則, 即差異是否與同一稅務機關 及同一應課税實體有關,並 是否預期在能夠使用税項虧 損和税款抵減撥回之同一期 間內轉回。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(s) Income tax (continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future or, in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

主要會計政策(續) 2

(s) 所得税(續)

不確認為遞延税項資產和負 債之暫時差異是產生自以下 有限之例外情况:不可就税 項目的扣減之商譽、不影響 會計或應課税溢利之資產或 負債之初始確認(如屬業務合 併之一部份則除外);以及投 資附屬公司有關之暫時差異 (如屬應課税差異,只限於本 集團可以控制轉回之時間, 而且在可預見之將來不大可 能轉回之暫時差異;或如屬 可抵扣差異,則只限於很可 能在將來轉回之差異)。

已確認之遞延税項額是按照 資產和負債賬面值之預期變 現或清償方式,根據在報告 期末已執行或實質上已執行 之税率計量。遞延税項資產 和負債均不貼現計算。

本集團會在每個報告期末評 估遞延税項資產之賬面值。 如果本集團預期不再可能獲 得足夠之應税溢利以抵扣相 關之税務利益,該遞延税項 資產之賬面值便會調低;但 是如果日後可能獲得足夠之 應課税溢利,有關減額便會 轉回。

因分派股息而額外產生之所 得税是在支付相關股息之責 任確認時確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(s) Income tax (continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- (i) in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- (ii) in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 所得税(續)

本期和遞延稅項結餘及其變動額會分開列示,並且不資 抵銷。本期和遞延稅項資 只會在本公司或本集團有法 定行使權以本期稅項負債,並且 以下附帶條件之情況下 可以分別抵銷本期和遞延稅 項負債:

- (i) 本期税項資產和負債: 本公司或本集團計劃按 淨額基準結算,或同時 變現該資產和清償該負 債;或
- (ii) 遞延税項資產和負債: 這些資產和負債必須與 同一税務機關就以下其 中一項徵收之所得税有 關:
 - 一 同一應税實體;或

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(t) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

(i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e., the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. The fair value of financial guarantees issued at the time of issuance is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or is otherwise estimated by reference to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 發出財務擔保、撥備和 或然負債

(i) 發出財務擔保

財務擔保乃要求發行人(即擔保人)就擔保人)就擔保人(「持有人」)因特定債務人未能根據債務人未能根據時付款人人。 其之條款於到期時付款而蒙受之損失,而向的有人支付特定款項的合約。

當本集團發出財務擔 保,該擔保之公平值最 初確認為應付賬款及其 他應付款項內之遞延收 入。已發出財務擔保於 發出時之公平值乃參 考類似服務在公平交易 中收取之費用(如可獲 得該等資料)釐定,或 經比較在有擔保情況下 貸方收取之實際利率與 在並無擔保情況下貸方 估計會收取之利率(如 該等資料可作出可靠估 計),以參考利率差額 之方式估計。倘在發出 該擔保時收取或可收取 代價,該代價則根據適 用於該類資產之本集團 政策而予確認。倘並無 該等已收或應收代價, 則於最初確認任何遞延 收入時,即時於損益內 確認開支。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(t) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

(i) Financial guarantees issued (continued)

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with note 2(t) (iii) if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee, and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in trade and other payables in respect of that guarantee, i.e., the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation.

(ii) Contingent liabilities assumed in business combinations

Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination which are present obligations at the date of acquisition are initially recognised at fair value, provided the fair value can be reliably measured. After their initial recognition at fair value, such contingent liabilities are recognised at the higher of the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation where appropriate, and the amount that would be determined in accordance with note 2(t) (iii). Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that cannot be reliably fair valued or were not present obligations at the date of acquisition are disclosed in accordance with note 2(t) (iii).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 發出財務擔保、撥備和 或然負債(續)

(i) 發出財務擔保(續)

(ii) 業務合併中承擔之或然 負債

業務合併中所承擔屬收 購日期之目前責任的或 然負債初步按公平值確 認,前提是該公平值能 可靠地計量。於初步按 公平值確認後,該等或 然負債按初步確認金額 減去累計攤銷(倘合適) 及按照附註2(t)(iii)所釐 定金額(以較高者為準) 而確認。業務合併中所 承擔無法可靠地評估公 平值或並非收購當日之 目前責任之或然負債, 按照附註2(t)(iii)作出披 露。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(t) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

(iii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 發出財務擔保、撥備和 或然負債(續)

(iii) 其他撥備及或然負債

如果本集生義會以本集團之就會與不生,致作,致作集團之義會以本數提值預別。如果在任於計時間認時責間。如此,或計間任實,或計間任實,或計間任實,或計間預別,或計間預別,不數是值預,不經出團不備大所,不經出團不備大所,不經出團不備大所,不可以,其一樣,

如果經濟的大學學院的人名 在 宗 在 宗 的 是 不 的 是 可 教 任 的 , 或 外 外 義 未 確 露 效 的 是 可 義 但 性 集 某 否 在 債 可 果 視 件 否 然 流 。 然 來 定 為 益 外 外 務 來 定 為 益 外 外 務 來 定 為 益 外 外 務 來 定 為 位 性 集 某 否 在 債 可 时 付 露 效 則 潛 多 才 會 經 極

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(t) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Other provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Provisions for the Group's obligations for land rehabilitation are based on estimates of required expenditure at the mines in accordance with the PRC rules and regulations. The Group estimates its liabilities for final rehabilitation and mine closure based upon detailed calculations of the amount and timing of the future cash expenditure to perform the required work. Spending estimates are escalated for inflation, then discounted at a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability such that the amount of provision reflects the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

主要會計政策(續)

(t) 發出財務擔保、撥備和 或然負債(續)

(iii) 其他撥備及或然負債 (續)

本集團根據中國規則及 法規估計礦山所需開支 就十地複墾承擔的責任 作出撥備。本集團根據 未來進行相關工作所需 的未來現金開支而詳細 計算估計其末期複墾及 礦山閉坑所需承擔的負 債。開支估計會隨著通 貨膨脹上升,再按貼現 率(反映現時市場對貨 幣時間價值的估計以及 該責任所特別涉及的風 險)貼現,故撥備金額 可反映預期須履行責任 的開支現值。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(u) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sale of gold products

Revenue is recognised when the title to the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership are passed to customers, the Group will not execute the right of supervision and control over the goods, either the proceeds are received or entitlement to proceeds is evidenced, and the cost of sale of goods can be estimated reliably. Revenue excludes value added tax and is after deduction of any trade discounts and returns.

- (ii) Revenue on financial services business from management and performance fees, securities brokerage and commission, financing and advisory services rendered is recognised once the duties under the service contracts are performed and outcome of the transactions can be foreseen with reasonable certainty.
- (iii) Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公 平值計量。如果經濟效益可 能會流入本集團,而收入和 成本(如適用)又能夠可靠地 計算時,便會根據下列基準 在損益內確認收入:

(i) 銷售黃金產品

- (ii) 金融服務業務的管理及 表現費用、證券經紀紀 融資及諮詢服務之營業 額乃於有關服務合的 責任已被履行,及可合 理並肯定地預知其交 結果後確認入賬。
- (iii) 投資之股息收入在確立 股東收取付款的權利時 確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(u) Revenue recognition (continued)

- (iv) Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.
- (v) net fair value gains/losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, include realised gains/losses which are recognised on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are exchanged; and unrealised fair value gains/ losses which are recognised in the period in which they arise.

(v) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Nonmonetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of operations outside Hong Kong are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 收入確認(續)

- (iv) 利息收入於產生時按實際利率法確認。
- (V) 按公平值計入損益的金融資產之公平值收益 /虧損淨額包括已變現收益/虧損,於交易日交換有關成交單據時確認:及未變現公平值確認。

(v) 外幣換算

年度內之外幣交易按交易日 之匯率換算。以外幣為單位 之貨幣資產及負債則按報告 期末之匯率換算。匯兑盈虧 在損益表內確認。

以外幣按歷史成本計價之非 貨幣資產及負債按交易日適 用之匯率換算。以外幣為單 位並以公平值列賬之非貨幣 資產及負債是採用計量公平 值日期適用之匯率換算。

香港境外業務之業績按交易 日適用匯率相若之匯率換算 為港元。財務狀況表項目則 按報告期末適用之匯率換算 為港元。所產生之匯兑差朝 於其他全面收益中確認,並 於權益下的匯兑儲備分別累 計。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(v) Translation of foreign currencies (continued)

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

On the disposal of an operation outside Hong Kong (i.e., a disposal of the Group's entire interest in an operation outside Hong Kong, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes an operation outside Hong Kong, or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes an operation outside Hong Kong of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

(w) Interest-bearing borrowings and borrowing costs

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

主要會計政策(續)

(v) 外幣換算(續)

就綜合現金流量表而言,海 外附屬公司之現金流量乃以 現金流量日期之適用匯率換 算為港元。海外附屬公司年 內經常性產生之現金流量以 年內加權平均匯率換算為港 元。

於出售香港境外業務(即出售 本集團於香港境外業務之全 部權益,或涉及失去包含香 港境外業務之附屬公司之控 制權之出售或部份出售於聯 營公司的權益(包括香港以外 之業務)而其中保留權益成為 金融資產)時,就本公司擁有 人應佔之業務於權益累計之 所有匯兑差額重新列入損益。

(w) 計息貸款及貸款成本

計息貸款首次按公平值 減所佔交易成本確認。 首次確認後,計息貸款 按攤銷成本列賬,而初 步確認之金額與贖回價 值之差額,連同任何應 付利息及費用,均以實 際利息法於貸款期內損 益中確認。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(continued)

(w) Interest-bearing borrowings and borrowing costs (continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalised as being directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(x) Related parties

- A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - has control or joint control over the (i) Group;
 - has significant influence over the Group; or
 - is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(w) 計息貸款及貸款成本 (續)

貸款成本

貸款成本於其產生期間 在損益表內列支,但與 收購、建築或生產需要 長時間才可以投入擬定 用途或銷售之資產直接 相關貸款成本則會資本 化。

屬於合資格資產成本一 部份之貸款成本,在資 產產生開支、貸款成本 產生及使資產投入擬定 用途或銷售所必須之準 備工作進行期間開始資 本化。在使合資格資產 投入擬定用途或銷售所 必須之絕大部份工作中 止或完成時,貸款成本 便會暫停或停止資本 化。

(x) 關連人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人 士或該人士之近親與本 集團有關連:
 - 控制或共同控制本 (i) 集團;
 - 對本集團有重大影 響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團 母公司的主要管理 層成員。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(x) Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(x) 關連人士(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件, 即實體與本集團有關 連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬 同一集團之成員 (即各母公司、附 屬公司及同系附屬 公司彼此間有關 連)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之縣聯營公司或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一 第三方的合營企 業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方 實體的合營企業, 而另一實體為該第 三方實體的聯營公 司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與 本集團有關連之實 體就僱員利益設立 的離職福利計劃。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(x) Related parties (continued)

- (b) (continued)
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(x) 關連人士(續)

- (b) (續)
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別 人士控制或受共同 控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人 士對實體有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體的母公 司)主要管理層成員。
 - (viii) 該實體或該實體所 屬集團之任何成員 公司為本集團或本 集團之母公司提供 管理要員服務。

個人的近親家庭成員指預期可 影響,或受該個人影響彼等與 該實體交易的家庭成員。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

(y) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Company's directors, i.e., the chief operating decision-maker, for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

(z) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the statement of profit or loss by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(y) 分部報告

(z) 政府補貼

當可以合理地確定將會收到政府補助,且本集團將灣別時條件時,政府補助將按公平值確認。當補貼用作為補償本集團所產生開支之補助時,於產生開支之同期間有系統地於損益中確認為收入。

當補償本集團資產成本之補助時,公平值計入遞延收入賬目並按該項資產的預期可使用年期每年等額分攤至損益中,或從資產的賬面值中扣減,並透過扣減少折舊開支方式於損益中實際確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the current year, the Group has where applicable applied the following new and revised HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA which are or have become effective:

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure initiative

Amendments to HKAS 12 Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses

Amendments to HKFRS Disclosure of Interests in

12 included in Annual Other Entities: Clarification of Improvements to HKFRS the Scope of HKFRS 12

2014-2016 cycle

Except for the Amendments to HKFRS 12, which are not relevant to the preparation of the Group's financial statements, the nature and the impact of other amendments are described below:

3. 會計政策之變動

於本年度,本集團已根據情況採用 以下由香港會計師公會所頒佈正生 效或已生效之新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則:

香港會計準則 披露計劃

第7號(修訂本)

香港會計準則 就未變現虧損確認 第12號(修訂本) 遞延稅項資產 香港財務報告 披露於其他實體

準則第12號 之權益:

(修訂本)釐清香港財務(列入香港財報告準則務報告準則第12號

二零一四年 至二零一六年 週期的年度 改進)

除香港財務報告準則第12號之修 訂與編製本集團之財務報表無關 外,有關其他修訂的性質及影響説 明如下:

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

- (a) Amendments to HKAS 7 require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. Disclosure of the changes in liabilities arising from financing activities is disclosed in note 38 to the financial statements.
- Amendments to HKAS 12 clarify that an entity, when assessing whether taxable profits will be available against which it can utilise a deductible temporary difference, needs to consider whether tax law restricts the sources of taxable profits against which it may make deductions on the reversal of that deductible temporary difference. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance on how an entity should determine future taxable profits and explain the circumstances in which taxable profit may include the recovery of some assets for more than their carrying amount. The amendments have had no impact on the financial position or performance of the Group as the Group has no deductible temporary differences or assets that are in the scope of the amendments.

3. 會計政策之變動(續)

- (a) 香港會計準則第7號之修訂 規定實體披露能讓財務報表 使用者評估融資活動所產生 的負債變動,包括現金流 引致的變動及非現金變動。 有關金融活動所產生的負債 變動於財務報表附註38披 霧。
- 香港會計準則第12號之修訂 (b) 釐清實體於評估是否將有應 税溢利可用作抵扣可扣減暫 時 差額時,需要考慮稅務法 例是否對於可扣減暫時差額 轉回時可用作抵扣之應稅溢 利之來源有所限制。此外, 該等修訂就實體應如何釐定 未來應稅溢利提供指引,並 解釋應稅溢利可包括收回超 過賬面金額之部分資產的情 況。由於本集團並無可扣減 暫時差額或資產符合該等修 訂之範圍,故該等修訂對本 集團之財務狀況或表現並無 影響。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) Revenue

Revenue represents sales value of gold products and other by-products to customers (net of value added tax, returns and discounts) under the Gold Mining Operation (as defined below) and management and performance fees, securities commission and brokerage fee and interest income under the Financial Services Operation (as defined below). The revenue during the year is analysed as follows:

Revenue from 金礦開採業務收益 Gold Mining Operation Sale of 銷售 — Gold products — 黃金產品 — Other by-products — 其他副產品 Revenue from Financial 金融服務業務收益 Services Operation

4. 收益及分部資料

(a) 收益

收益包括金礦開採業務(定義如下)下之出售黃金產品及其他副產品之銷售價值(減增值稅、退貨及折扣)及金融服務業務(定義如下)下之管理及表現費用、證券買賣佣金及經紀費用以及利息收入。年內收益分析如下:

2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
, ,5,76	1,570
654,195	689,110
153,351	56,477
807,546	745,587
30,759	21,067
838,305	766,654

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

(b) Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- mining and processing of gold ores and sales of gold products and other by-products (the "Gold Mining Operation"); and
- provision of financial services including asset management, securities brokerage, financing and advisory services (the "Financial Services Operation").

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit or loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit or loss before tax. The adjusted profit or loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit or loss before tax except that interest income and finance costs are excluded from such measurement.

All assets are allocated to reporting operating segments.

Segment liabilities exclude bank and other borrowings, convertible bonds and their related derivative financial instruments and other unallocated corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

More than 90% of the Group's revenue was derived from activities in the PRC and its principal assets were located in the PRC during the reporting period. Accordingly, no analysis by geographical information is provided.

收益及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資料

就管理目的而言,本集團根 據其產品及服務,組織其業 務單位, 並擁有以下兩個可 報告經營分部:

- 金礦開採、加工及黃金 產品及其他副產品之銷 售(「金礦開採業務」);
- 提供金融服務業務,包 括提供資產管理、證券 經紀、融資及諮詢服務 (「金融服務業務」)。

管理層關注本集團各經營分 部業績以決定如何進行資源 分配及評估其表現。分部業 績是根據可報告分部利潤或 虧損進行評估,該分部利潤 為經調整的除稅前溢利或虧 損。經調整的除稅前溢利或 虧損與本集團的除稅前溢利 計量一致,除利息收入及財 務成本不在此計量。

所有資產均分配至可報告經 營分部。

分部負債不包括銀行及其他 借貸、可換股債券及其相關 衍生金融工具以及其他未分 配公司負債,因為該等負債 以集團形式管理。

於報告期內,本集團超過 90%之收益主要來自中國之 活動,而其主要資產位於中 國。因此,並無提供地區資 料分析。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

(b) Segment Information (continued)

The Group's operation by business segment is as follows:

4. 收益及分部資料(續)

(b) 分部資料(續)

本集團按業務分部劃分的營 運如下:

			2017			2016	
			二零一七年			二零一六年	
		Gold	Financial		Gold	Financial	
		Mining	Services		Mining	Services	
		Operation	Operation	Total	Operation	Operation	Total
		金礦開採	金融服務		金礦開採	金融服務	
		業務	業務	總計	業務	業務	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment revenue	分部收入						
Revenues from external	來自外部客戶收入						
customers		807,546	30,759	838,305	745,587	21,067	766,654
Segment profit/(loss)	分部溢利/(虧損)	117,323	(76,960)	40,363	(27,910)	(2,586)	(30,496)
Reconciliation:	調節項:						
Interest income	利息收入			14,741			21,593
Finance costs	財務成本			(426,782)			(398,236)
Titlance costs	W. 1. Neuth 13.			(420,702)			
Loss before tax	除税前虧損			(371,678)			(407,139)
Other segment information	其他分部資料						
Capital expenditure	資本支出	277,769	62	277,831	376,737	687	377,424
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	192,546	1,159	193,705	202,628	469	203,097
Fair value loss on financial assets	按公平值計入損益之						
at fair value through	金融資產公平值虧損						
profit or loss		_	85,196	85,196	_	9,209	9,209
Share of profit of associate	分佔聯營公司溢利	_	1,973	1,973	_	_	_

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

4. 收益及分部資料(續)

(continued)

(b) Segment Information (continued)

(b) 分部資料(續)

		At 31 December 2017			At 31 Decmber 2016			
		於二零	於二零一七年十二月三十一日			於二零一六年十二月三十一日		
		Gold	Financial		Gold	Financial		
		Mining	Services		Mining	Services		
		Operation	Operation	Total	Operation	Operation	Total	
		金礦開採	金融服務		金礦開採	金融服務		
		業務	業務	總計	業務	業務	總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Segment assets and								
total assets	分部資產及總資產	12,892,026	699,781	13,591,807	12,553,900	939,295	13,493,195	
Segment liabilities	分部負債	2,321,653	29,773	2,351,426	1,795,473	48,293	1,843,766	
Reconciliation:	調節項:							
Corporate and other	公司及其他							
unallocated liabilities	未分配負債			4,030,501			4,408,340	
Total liabilities	負債合計			6,381,927			6,252,106	

Revenues from customers, which are all in the Gold Mining Operation, contributing 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

Customer A	客戶甲
Customer B	客戶乙
Customer C	客戶丙
Customer D	客戶丁
Customer E	客戶戊

* The transactions with these respective customers did not contribute 10% or more of total revenue of the Group during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016. 來自貢獻本集團總收益10% 或以上之客戶(全部來自金礦 開採業務)之收益如下:

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
183.670	47,996 ³
103,070	,
163,021	194,674
141,771	27,850
122,926	128,050
101,156	239,935

* 截至二零一七年及二零 一六年十二月三十一日止 年度,與該等客戶個別進 行之交易並無佔本集團總 收益之10%或以上。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

5. OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET (LOSS)/ GAIN

5. 其他收入及其他(虧損)/ 收益淨額

		2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Other revenue	其他收入		
Bank interest income Dividend income from financial assets	銀行利息收入 透過損益按公平值列賬	14,741	21,593
at fair value through profit or loss	之金融資產之股息收入	537	4,280
Sundry incomes	雜項收益	4,387	5,336
		19,665	31,209
Other net (loss)/gain	其他(虧損)/收益淨額		
Exchange loss, net Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	匯兑虧損淨額 透過損益按公平值列賬之 金融資產之公平值虧損	(1,879)	(1,262)
(Note 19(a))	(附註19(a))	(85,196)	(9,209)
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	出售固定資產收益	153	344
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (Note 29(b))	出售附屬公司收益 (附註29(b))	_	21,764
((11) HI 20 (2//	(86,922)	11,637

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

6. LOSS BEFORE TAX

Loss before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

6. 除税前虧損

除税前虧損已扣除/(計入)下列各項:

(a) Finance costs: Interest on bank and other borrowings Interest on convertible bonds (note 24) Interest on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 13(c)) Interest capitalised into construction rights Total interest expenses Fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)) Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) (a) 財務成本: 銀行及					2017	2016
(a) Finance costs: (a) 財務成本: Interest on bank and other borrowings					二零一七年	二零一六年
(a) Finance costs: Interest on bank and other borrowings Interest on convertible Donds (note 24) Interest on convertible Donds (note 24) Interest on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Less: Interest capitalised into construction in progress (note 13(c)) Interest capitalised into deposits paid for gold mining and exploration rights Total interest expenses Fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)) Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) [Nath Profit						
Interest on bank and other borrowings 其他貸款之利息 可換股債券利息 Dinterest on convertible bonds (note 24) Display (附註24) Display					十港兀	十港兀
other borrowings	(a)	Finance costs:	(a)	財務成本:		
Interest on convertible bonds (note 24) Interest on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Interest capitalised into construction in progress (note 13(c)) Interest capitalised into deposits paid for gold mining and exploration rights Total interest expenses Fair value through profit or loss in on derivative financial instruments (note 24) Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) Interest on convertible addition (Nhit 24) A44,431 51,424 442,076 442,076 442,076 344,064 462,986 375,201 462,986 375,201 (6,762) (6,762) (32,151) A62,986 A75,201 A7E,20		Interest on bank and		銀行及		
bonds (note 24) (附註24) 44,431 51,424 Interest on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		other borrowings			397,645	292,640
Interest on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss						
Interest on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 为賬之金融負債利息 20,910 31,137 462,986 375,201 Less: Interest capitalised into construction in progress (note 13(c)) (附註 13(c)) (filt		bonds (note 24)		(附註24)	44,431	51,424
Interest on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 为賬之金融負債利息 20,910 31,137 462,986 375,201 Less: Interest capitalised into construction in progress (note 13(c)) (附註 13(c)) (filt					442.076	344.064
自債利息 20,910 31,137 462,986 375,201 Less: Interest capitalised into construction in progress (note 13(c)) (附註13(c)) (6,762) (32,151) Interest capitalised into 於就金礦採礦及 deposits paid for gold mining and exploration rights 按金內資本化之利息 (2,536) Total interest expenses 利息開支總額 456,224 340,514 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)) 公平值虧損 (附註19(b)) 1,388 939 Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) 收益(附註24) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) 債券重組虧損 (附註24) — 63,114		Interest on financial liabilities		透過損益按公平值		2 , 2
Less: Interest capitalised into construction in progress (note 13(c)) (附註13(c)) (所註13(c)) (所註13(c)) (fo,762) (32,151) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (32,151) (6,762) (7		at fair value through profit or loss		列賬之金融		
Less: Interest capitalised into construction in progress (mote 13(c)) (附註13(c)) (附註13(c)) (6,762) (32,151) Interest capitalised into 於就金礦採礦及 (解離所付 and exploration rights 按金內資本化之利息 (2,536) Total interest expenses 利息開支總額 456,224 340,514 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)) (附註19(b)) 1,388 939 Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) 收益(附註24) (30,830) (6,331) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) (新註24) — 63,114				負債利息	20,910	31,137
Less: Interest capitalised into construction in progress (mote 13(c)) (附註13(c)) (附註13(c)) (6,762) (32,151) Interest capitalised into 於就金礦採礦及 (解離所付 and exploration rights 按金內資本化之利息 (2,536) Total interest expenses 利息開支總額 456,224 340,514 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)) (附註19(b)) 1,388 939 Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) 收益(附註24) (30,830) (6,331) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) (新註24) — 63,114					462.986	375 201
Construction in progress (park之利息 (note 13(c)) (附註13(c)) (附註13(c)) (所註13(c)) (1 (m注13(c)) (m注13		Less: Interest capitalised into		減:於在建工程內	.02,555	3737231
(note 13(c)) Interest capitalised into		·		資本化之利息		
deposits paid for gold mining and exploration rights 按金內資本化之利息 — (2,536) Total interest expenses 利息開支總額 456,224 340,514 Fair value loss on financial liabilities		(note 13(c))		(附註13(c))	(6,762)	(32,151)
and exploration rights 接金內資本化之利息 — (2,536) Total interest expenses 利息開支總額		Interest capitalised into		於就金礦採礦及		
之利息 Total interest expenses 利息開支總額 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)) Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) (次表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表表		deposits paid for gold mining				
Total interest expenses Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)) Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) (附註 24) (所註 24) (可註 24)		and exploration rights				
Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b))				之利息		(2,536)
at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b))		Total interest expenses		利息開支總額	456,224	340,514
or loss (note 19(b)) 公平值虧損 (附註 19(b)) Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments (note 24) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) (附註 24) (所註 24)		Fair value loss on financial liabilities		透過損益按公平值		
(附註19(b)) 1,388 939 Fair value gain on derivative 衍生金融工具公平值		at fair value through profit		列賬之金融負債		
Fair value gain on derivative 衍生金融工具公平值 financial instruments (note 24) 收益(附註24) (30,830) (6,331) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds		or loss (note 19(b))				
financial instruments (note 24) 收益(附註24) (30,830) (6,331) Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (note 24) 債券重組虧損 (附註24) — 63,114					1,388	939
Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds 二零一六年可換股 Restructure (note 24) 債券重組虧損 (附註24)						
Restructure (note 24)					(30,830)	(6,331)
(附註24) 63,114						
der til der som der so		Restructure (note 24)				62 114
426,782 398,236				(PI) pI 24)		03,114
					426,782	398,236

財務報表附註

2016

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

6. LOSS BEFORE TAX (continued)

Loss before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting): (continued)

6. 除税前虧損(續)

除税前虧損已扣除/(計入)下列各項:(續)

2017

			二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
(b) Staff costs (including directors' remuneration) Salaries, wages and other benefits	(b)	僱員成本 (包括董事酬金) 薪金、工資及		
Contributions to retirement		其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	83,745	84,034
benefit schemes Equity-settled share-based		以股權結算之股份	8,211	7,470
payment expenses		基礎支出費用		90,887
			91,956	182,391

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

LOSS BEFORE TAX (continued) 6.

Loss before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting): (continued)

除税前虧損(續)

除税前虧損已扣除/(計入)下列各 項:(續)

				2017	2016
				二零一七年	二零一六年
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
(c)	Other items	(c)	其他項目		
	Cost of inventories sold		金礦開採業務		
	under the Gold		之已出售		
	Mining Operation (note (i))		存貨成本(附註(i))	520,507	462,187
	Direct costs under		金融服務業務		
	the Financial Services Operation		之直接貸款成本	_	6,353
	-				150 5 10
	Total cost of sales		銷售成本總額	520,507	468,540
	Amortisation of intangible		無形資產攤銷		
	assets (note 12)		(附註12)	96,341	94,602
	Auditor's remuneration		核數師酬金		
	— audit service		一審計服務	3,239	2,940
	— non-audit service		一非審計服務	970	880
	Depreciation and amortisation		固定資產折舊及攤銷		
	of fixed assets (note 13)		(附註13)	97,364	108,495
	Operating lease charges in		有關以下各項之		
	respect of:		經營租賃費用		
	— land and buildings		-土地及建築物	22,829	10,900
	— machinery and equipment		-機器及設備	80	53

Note:

Cost of inventories sold under the Gold Mining Operation includes HK\$216,939,000 (2016: HK\$223,988,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses and operating lease charges, which amounts are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above for each of these types of expenses.

附註:

(i) 金礦開採業務之已出售存貨成 本包括216,939,000港元(二零 一六年:223,988,000港元), 乃有關僱員成本、折舊及攤銷開 支以及經營租賃費用,該等金額 亦已計入上文就各類開支而獨立 披露之各項總金額內。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

7. INCOME TAX

ME TAX 7. 所得税

- (a) Tax in the consolidated income statement represents:
- (a) 綜合損益表所示之税項為:

		2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current tax	本期税項		
— PRC income tax	一中國所得稅	(23,675)	(19,638)
— Hong Kong profits tax	- 香港利得税		(1,514)
		(23,675)	(21,152)
(Under)/Over provision in prior years — PRC income tax — Hong Kong profits tax	往年(不足)/超額撥備 一中國所得税 一香港利得税	(1,630) 1,402	2,254
		(228)	2,254
Deferred tax credit	遞延税項抵免	(23,903)	(18,898)
(note 25(a))	(附註25(a))	5,391	6,886
Total income tax expense	所得税開支總額	(18,512)	(12,012)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting loss at applicable tax rates:
- (b) 税項開支和會計虧損按適用 税率計算之對賬:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(371,678)	(407,139)
Notional tax on loss before tax,	按照在相關稅務司法權區		
calculated at the rates applicable	之適用税率計算		
to the tax jurisdiction concerned	除税前虧損之名義税項	(66,397)	(76,695)
Tax effect of non-deductible	不可扣税支出之税項影響		
expenses		92,015	99,485
Tax effect of non-taxable income	非應課税收入之税項影響	(6,841)	(8,524)
Profit attributable to associate	聯營公司應佔溢利	(493)	
Under/(Over)-provision in prior years	往年不足/(超額)撥備	228	(2,254)
			185
		18,512	12,012

The share of tax attributable to associate amounting to HK\$660,000 (2016: HK\$nil) is included in share of profit of associate in the consolidated income statement.

分佔聯營公司應佔税項為 660,000港元(二零一六年: 零港元)已計入綜合損益表之 分佔聯營公司溢利內。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

7. INCOME TAX (continued)

- (c) The provision for PRC income tax is calculated on the assessable profit of the Group's subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC at 25% during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.
- (d) No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made during the year ended 31 December 2017 as the Group did not have any assessable profit subject to Hong Kong profits tax. The provision for Hong Kong profits tax is calculated on the assessable profit of the Group's subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong at 16.5% during the year ended 31 December 2016.
- (e) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of Bermuda, the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI"), the Group is exempted from any income tax in Bermuda, the Cayman Islands and the BVI.

7. 所得税(續)

- (c) 中國所得税撥備乃根據本集 團於中國註冊成立之附屬公 司於截至二零一七年及二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年 度內之應課税溢利按25%計 算。
- (d) 由於本集團於截至二零一七 年十二月三十一日止年度內 並無任何須繳納香港利得税 之應課税溢利,故並無就香 港利得稅作出撥備。香港利 得稅撥備乃根據本集團於 著註冊成立之附屬公司於截 至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度內之應課税溢利按 16.5%計算。
- (e) 根據百慕達、開曼群島及英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島))之規則及規例,本集團毋須繳納任何百慕達、開曼群島及英屬處女群島所得稅。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, Section 383(1) (a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

8. 董事及行政總裁酬金

董事及行政總裁酬金根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露如下:

							Equity	
				Salaries,			settled	
				allowances	Retirement		share-based	
				and benefits	scheme		payment	2017
			Directors'	in kind			以股權	Total
			fees	薪金、津貼	退休計劃	Sub-total	結算之股份	二零一七年
			董事袍金	及實物利益	供款	小計	基礎支出	總計
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事							
Mr. Liu Liyang	劉力揚先生	(a)	_	2,688	18	2,706	_	2,706
Mr. Chen Sheng	陳勝先生	(b)	_	159	6	165	_	165
Mr. Yu Yong	余勇先生	(c)	_	318	6	324	_	324
Mr. Wang Baozhi	王保志先生	(d)	_	182	7	189	_	189
Ms. Zang Dongling	臧東玲女士	(c)	_	159	6	165	_	165
Mr. Zhang Lirui	張利鋭先生		_	2,688	18	2,706	_	2,706
Mr. Li Xianghong	李向鴻先生	(e)	_	2,000	12	2,012	_	2,012
Mr. Zhang Shuguang	張曙光先生	(e)	_	1,333	12	1,345	_	1,345
Mr. Wang Hao	王浩先生	(f)	_	2,500	15	2,515	_	2,515
Mr. Zhang Liwei	張力維先生	(g)	_	653	6	659	_	659
Independent	獨立非執行董事							
non-executive directors								
Mr. Wu Tai Cheung	胡大祥先生		240	_	_	240	_	240
Professor Xiao Rong Ge	肖榮閣教授		240	_	_	240	_	240
Professor Zhang Tianyu	張田余教授	(d)	87	_	_	87	_	87
Mr. Yin Chenggang	尹成剛先生	(h)	158			158		158
Total	總計		725	12,680	106	13,511		13,511

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

8. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

							Equity	
				Salaries,			settled	
				allowances	Retirement		share-based	
				and benefits	scheme		payment	2016
			Directors'	in kind	contributions		以股權	Total
			fees	薪金、津貼	退休計劃	Sub-total	結算之股份	二零一六年
			董事袍金	及實物利益	供款	小計	基礎支出	總計
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事							
Mr. Liu Liyang	劉力揚先生		_	2,250	18	2,268	14,682	16,950
Mr. Li Xianghong	李向鴻先生		_	2,250	18	2,268	14,682	16,950
Mr. Wang Hao	王浩先生	(i)	_	1,035	8	1,043	14,682	15,725
Mr. Zhang Lirui	張利鋭先生		_	2,250	18	2,268	14,682	16,950
Mr. Zhang Liwei	張力維先生		_	3,124	18	3,142	3,192	6,334
Mr. Zhang Shuguang	張曙光先生		_	3,124	18	3,142	3,192	6,334
Mr. Chang Yim Yang	張賢陽先生	(j)	_	1,215	12	1,227	_	1,227
Mr. Lam Cham	林杉先生	(j)	_	2,127	12	2,139	_	2,139
Mr. Deng Guoli	鄧國利先生	(k)	_	1,215	12	1,227	_	1,227
Independent	獨立非執行董事							
non-executive directors								
Mr. Wu Tai Cheung	胡大祥先生	(l)	59	_	_	59	_	59
Mr. Cha Mou Sing, Payson	查懋聲先生	(m)	53	_	_	53	_	53
Professor Xiao Rong Ge	肖榮閣教授		240	_	_	240	_	240
Mr. Wang Hao	王浩先生	(i)	146	_	_	146	_	146
Mr. Chan Kin Sang	陳健生先生	(n)	222	_	_	222	_	222
Mr. Wong Lung Tak, Patrick	黃龍德先生	(n)	222			222		222
Total	總計		942	18,590	134	19,666	65,112	84,778

During the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, no emoluments were paid or payable to the Company's directors or chief executive or any of the five highest paid individuals set out in note 9 below as an inducement to join or upon joining the Company or as compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which any directors or chief executive waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during both years.

截至二零一七年及二零一六年十二 月三十一日止年度,本公司並無向 董事或行政總裁或下文附註9所載 之任何五位最高酬金人士支付或應 付任何酬金作為加入本公司或加入 本公司時之報酬或作為離職補償。 於兩個年度內並無任何董事或行政 總裁放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安 排。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Liu Liyang was appointed as the chairman of the Company on 6 September 2017.
- (b) Mr. Chen Sheng was appointed as the executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company on 6 September 2017 and 24 January 2018 respectively.
- (c) Mr. Yu Yong was appointed as the executive director and deputy chief executive officer of the Company and Ms. Zang Dongling were appointed as executive director of the Company on 6 September 2017.
- (d) Mr. Wang Baozhi was appointed as executive director of the Company and Professor Zhang Tianyu was appointed as independent non-executive director of the Company on 21 August 2017.
- (e) Mr. Li Xianghong resigned as the chairman and the chief executive officer and the executive director of the Company and Mr. Zhang Shuguang resigned as executive director of the Company on 31 August 2017.
- (f) Mr. Wang Hao resigned as executive director on 31 October 2017.
- (g) Mr. Zhang Liwei resigned as executive director on 28 April
- (h) Mr. Yin Chenggang, was appointed as independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 4 January 2017 and resigned on 31 August 2017.
- (i) Mr. Wang Hao was re-designated from independent nonexecutive director to the executive director of the Company on 9 August 2016.
- (j) Mr. Chang Yim Yang and Mr. Lam Cham resigned as executive director on 9 August 2016.
- (k) Mr. Deng Guoli resigned as the executive director of the Company on 9 August 2016 and remained as the chief engineer of the Group.
- (l) Mr. Wu Tai Cheung was appointed as independent nonexecutive directors of the Company on 3 October 2016.
- (m) Mr. Cha Mou Sing, Payson was appointed as independent non-executive director of the Company on 3 October 2016 and resigned on 23 December 2016.
- (n) Mr. Chan Kin Sang and Mr. Wong Lung Tak, Patrick resigned as independent non-executive directors of the Company on 3 October 2016.

8. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

附註:

- (a) 劉力揚先生於二零一七年九月六 日獲委任為本公司主席。
- (b) 陳勝先生分別於二零一七年九月 六日及二零一八年一月二十四日 獲委任為本公司執行董事及行政 總裁。
- (c) 於二零一七年九月六日,余勇先 生獲委任為本公司執行董事兼副 總裁及臧東玲女士獲委任為本公 司執行董事。
- (d) 於二零一七年八月二十一日,王 保志先生獲委任為本公司執行董 事及張田余教授獲委任為本公司 非執行董事。
- (e) 於二零一七年八月三十一日,李 向鴻先生辭任本公司主席兼行政 總裁及執行董事及張曙光先生辭 任本公司執行董事。
- (f) 王浩先生於二零一七年十月 三十一日辭任執行董事。
- (g) 張力維先生於二零一七年四月 二十八日辭任執行董事。
- (h) 尹成剛先生於二零一七年一月四日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事並於二零一七年八月三十一日辭任。
- (i) 王浩先生於二零一六年八月九日 獲本公司由獨立非執行董事調任 為執行董事。
- (j) 張賢陽先生及林杉先生於二零 一六年八月九日辭任執行董事。
- (k) 鄧國利先生於二零一六年八月九 日辭任本公司執行董事並留任為 本集團總工程師。
- (I) 胡大祥先生於二零一六年十月三 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董 事。
- (m) 查懋聲先生於二零一六年十月三 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董 事並於二零一六年十二月二十三 日辭任。
- (n) 陳健生先生及黃龍德先生於二零 一六年十月三日辭任本公司獨立 非執行董事。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included four directors (2016: five), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining one (2016: nil) highest paid employee who is neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Retirement scheme contributions 素金、津貼及 實物利益 退休計劃供款

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000

2,000,001港元至 2,500,000港元

10. DIVIDEND

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

9. 五位最高酬金僱員

年內五位最高酬金僱員包括四名董事(二零一六年:五名),其酬金詳情載於上文附註8。餘下一名(二零一六年:無)並非本公司董事或行政總裁的最高酬金僱員本年度酬金的詳情如下:

2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
2,000	
2,018	

酬金在以下範圍內而不屬董事亦不屬行政總裁的最高酬金僱員數目如下:

Number of employees 僱員人數

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
1	

10. 股息

本公司董事不建議就截至二零一七年及二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度派付任何股息。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

11. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$390,190,000 (2016: HK\$419,151,000) and on the weighted average number of 13,897,919,000 (2016: 10,993,214,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Weighted average number of ordinary shares:

Issued ordinary shares	於一月一日之
at 1 January	已發行普通股
Effect of issue of new shares	二零一六年可換股債券
upon the 2016 Convertible	重組後發行
Bonds Restructure	新股份之影響
Effect of issue of new shares	貸款資本化後發行
upon loan capitalisations	新股份之影響
Effect of issue of new shares	透過股份認購及配售
by share subscriptions and	發行新股份之影響
placements	
Effect of issue of new shares	收購附屬公司後發行
upon acquisitions of	新股份之影響
subsidiaries	
Effect of issue of new shares	兑換可換股債券後
upon conversion of	發行新股份之影響
convertible bonds	
Effect of issue of new shares	行使購股權後發行
upon exercise of share	新股份之影響
options	
Weighted average number	於十二月三十一日之
Weighted average number	普通股之加權平均數
of ordinary shares at 31 December	日地队人加惟丁均数
at 31 December	

11. 每股虧損

(a) 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃根據本公司擁有人應佔虧損390,190,000港元(二零一六年:419,151,000港元)以及於年內已發行普通股之加權平均數13,897,919,000股(二零一六年:10,993,214,000股)計算。

普通股之加權平均數:

2017 Weighted average number of ordinary shares 二零一七年 普通股之 加權平均數 '000 千股	2016 Weighted average number of ordinary shares 二零一六年 普通股之 加權平均數 '000 千股
13,897,919	5,519,031
_	935,227
_	451,919
_	3,596,230
-	482,395
_	4,236
	4,176
13,897,919	10,993,214

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

11. LOSS PER SHARE (continued)

(b) Diluted loss per share

The calculation of diluted loss per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options or conversion of outstanding convertible bonds which had anti-dilutive effect and would result in a reduction in loss per share during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016. Therefore, the diluted loss per share is same as basic loss per share during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

11. 每股虧損(續)

(b) 每股攤薄虧損

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

12. 無形資產

		Mining rights 採礦權 HK\$'000 千港元 (note a) (附註a)	Exploration rights and assets 探礦權及資產 HK\$'000 千港元 (note a) (附註a)	Trading right 交易權 HK\$'000 千港元 (note b) (附註b)	Goodwill 商譽 HK\$'000 千港元 (note c) (附註c)	Total 合計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost At 1 January 2016 Acquisition of subsidiaries Transfer from deposits paid for gold mining and exploration		6,729,911 —	43,074 —	 500	 273,893	6,772,985 274,393
rights Additions Exchange adjustments	增置 匯兑調整	503,459 — (231,847)	4,287 (5,203)	_ 	_ 	503,459 4,287 (237,050)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日	7,001,523	42,158	500	273,893	7,318,074
At 1 January 2017 Acquisition of subsidiary	於二零一七年一月一日 收購附屬公司(附註32)	7,001,523	42,158	500	273,893	7,318,074
(note 32) Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	255,518	3,186		7,225 —	7,225 258,704
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日	7,257,041	45,344	500	281,118	7,584,003
Accumulated amortisation At 1 January 2016 Charge for the year (note 6(c))	累計攤銷 於二零一六年一月一日 年內計提(附註 6(c))	928,646		_	_	928,646 94,602
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(45,100)			_	(45,100)
At 31 December 2016	\4 \ 					
	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日	978,148				978,148
At 1 January 2017 Charge for the year		978,148				978,148
At 1 January 2017	十二月三十一日 於二零一七年一月一日					
At 1 January 2017 Charge for the year (note 6(c))	十二月三十一日 於二零一七年一月一日 年內計提(附註6(c))	978,148 96,341				978,148 96,341
At 1 January 2017 Charge for the year (note 6(c)) Exchange adjustments	十二月三十一日 於二零一七年一月一日 年內計提(附註6(c)) 匯兑調整 於二零一七年	978,148 96,341 53,698				978,148 96,341 53,698

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

- (a) (i) At 31 December 2017, the Group's mining rights with a total carrying amount of HK\$2,174,843,000 (2016: HK\$2,903,813,000) were pledged as security for bank and other borrowings facilities granted to the Group (note 28).
 - (ii) At 31 December 2017, the directors of the Company conducted assessments of the recoverable amounts of the mining rights with reference to the valuations conducted by an independent firm of professional valuers with recognised qualifications and experiences, using the income-based approach methodology. Based on the assessments, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the estimated recoverable amounts of the mining rights were approximate or higher than their respective carrying amounts and therefore, no impairment on the mining rights was required at 31 December 2017.

The directors of the Company also considered that there was no impairment on the carrying amounts of the exploration rights and assets at 31 December 2017.

(iii) The amortisation charge during the year is included in cost of sales in the consolidated income statement.

12. 無形資產(續)

- (a) (i) 於二零一七年十二月 三十一日,本集團總賬 面 值 為2,174,843,000 港 元(二 零 一 六 年: 2,903,813,000港元)之 採礦權已用於抵押本集 團獲授之銀行及其他貸 款信貸(附註28)。

本公司董事亦認為, 於二零一七年十二月 三十一日探礦權及資產 之賬面值概無出現減 值。

(iii) 年內之攤銷支出已計入 綜合損益表之銷售成本 內。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

- (b) It represents trading right on securities brokerage on the Stock Exchange.
- (c) Impairment test for goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations, which included Shenzhen Munsun Asset Management Company Limited ("Shenzhen Munsun") during the year (note 32) and Munsun Asset Management (Asia) Limited ("Munsun Asia") and Munsun Securities Limited ("Munsun Securities") during the year ended 31 December 2016, has been allocated to the cash-generating unit ("CGU") of the Financial Services Operation of the Group for impairment testing.

At 31 December 2017, the recoverable amount of the lowest level of CGU has been determined based on value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a period of five years. There are a number of assumptions and estimates involved in the preparation of cash flow projections for the period covered by the approved budget. Key assumptions include the expected growth rate in revenues and timing of future capital expenditures and selection of discount rates. The growth rate is based on management's plan on launch of products and expected growth in the CGU of the Financial Services Operation. Growth rates ranging from 13% to 15% (2016: 9% to 19%) have been applied to the cash flow projections. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 16% (2016: ranging from 18% to 20%). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, no impairment on the goodwill was required as at 31 December 2017.

12. 無形資產(續)

- (b) 此項指在聯交所提供證券經 紀服務的交易權。
- (c) 商譽減值測試

業務合併(包括年內的深圳市 麥盛資產管理有限公司(「深 圳麥盛」)(附註32)及截至二 零一六年十二月三十一日止 年度的麥盛資產管理(亞洲)有限公司(「麥盛亞洲」)及 麥盛證券有限公司(「麥盛亞洲」)所產生的商譽已撥入本集團金融服務業務的現金產 牛單位以作減值測試。

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日,最低級別現金產生單 位的可收回金額採用現金流 量預測根據管理層批核的五 年期財政預算按使用價值計 算。在編製已批准預算適用 期間的現金流量預測時涉及 大量假設及估算,主要假 設包括營業額的預期增長及 未來資本開支的時間性及 貼現率的選擇。增長率基於 管理層推出產品的計劃以及 金融服務業務的現金產生單 位的預期增長。現金流量預 測已應用增長率由13%至 15%(二零一六年: 9%至 19%)。現金流量預測應用的 貼現率為16%(二零一六年: 由18%至20%)。本公司董 事認為,於二零一七年十二 月三十一日均無須作出商譽 減值。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

13. FIXED ASSETS

13. 固定資產

		Buildings held for own use 持有作自用 之建築物 HK\$*000 千港元	Machinery and equipment 機器及設備 <i>HK\$</i> 2000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 <i>HK\$</i> 000 千港元	Office equipment, furniture and fixtures 辦公室 設備、傢俱 及固定裝置 HK\$000 千港元	Mining structures 採礦構築物 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$*000 千港元 (notes (b) & (c)) (附註(b) 及(c))	Interests in leasehold lands held for own use under operating leases 根據經營 租賃持有作自用租權益 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$</i> 000 千港元
Cost	成本								
At 1 January 2016	於二零一六年一月一日	13,576	66,170	26,621	7,817	2,933,417	1,824,425	8,162	4,880,188
Exchange adjustments	匯	(890)	(4,335)	(1,635)	(445)	(192,170)	(120,696)	(589)	(320,760)
Acquisitions of subsidiaries	火購附屬公司	231	121	172	150	_	201,032	27,802	229,508
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	_	_	_	(52)	_	_	_	(52)
Additions	増置	1,441	2,978	1,351	1,720	4,631	364,704	599	377,424
Disposals	出售	_	_	(2,188)	(858)	_	_	_	(3,046)
Interest capitalised	資本化利息	_	_	_	_	_	32,151	-	32,151
Transfer from construction	轉撥自在建工程						, ,		
in progress						1,148,883	(1,148,883)		
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	14,358	64,934	24,321	8,332	3,894,761	1,152,733	35,974	5,195,413
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	14,358	64,934	24,321	8,332	3,894,761	1,152,733	35,974	5,195,413
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	1,085	4,908	2,050	531	294,333	87,360	2,718	392,985
Acquisition of subsidiary (note 32)	收購附屬公司(附註32)	-	-	4,344	42	-	-	_	4,386
Additions	增置	_	2,386	757	2,308	2,862	269,518	_	277,831
Disposals	出售	_	(11,214)	(429)	(131)	_	_	-	(11,774)
Interest capitalised	資本化利息	_	-	_	_	_	6,762	_	6,762
Transfer from construction in progress	轉撥自在建工程	_		_	_	433,605	(433,605)		
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	15,443	61,014	31,043	11,082	4,625,561	1,082,768	38,692	5,865,603

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

13. 固定資產(續)

for own Office use under equipment, operating Buildings furniture leases held for Machinery and fixtures 机線經營 own use and Motor 辦公室 Mining Construction 租賃持有作 持有作自用 equipment vehicles 設備・寮俱 structures in progress 自用租賃 之建築物 機器及設備 汽車 及固定装置 採礦構築物 在建工程 土地之構益 HKS'000 HKS'00	Total 總計 <i>HK\$</i> 000 千港元
Accumulated amortisation 果計攤銷及折舊 and depreciation	
At 1 January 2016	365,510
Exchange adjustments	(27,331)
Charge for the year 年內計提	, , , ,
(note 6(c)) (附註6(c)) 1,909 5,013 2,902 1,553 96,870 一 248	108,495
Disposal of subsidiaries 出售附屬公司 — — (15) — — —	(15)
Written back on disposal 出售時潑回	(2,428)
At 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 <u>5,599</u> <u>29,127</u> <u>16,785</u> <u>6,323</u> <u>384,923</u> <u>— 1,474</u>	444,231
At 1 January 2017 於二零一七年一月一日 5,599 29,127 16,785 6,323 384,923 一 1,474	444,231
Exchange adjustments	36,598
Charge for the year 年內計提	
(note 6(c)) (附註6(c)) 2,278 5,395 3,152 1,511 84,150 — 878	97,364
Written back on disposal 出售時發回	(11,097)
At 31 December 2017 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 8,383 25,949 20,885 8,162 501,222 — 2,495	567,096
Carrying amounts	
At 31 December 2017 放二零一七年十二月三十一日 7,060 35,065 10,158 2,920 4,124,339 1,082,768 36,197	5,298,507
At 31 December 2016 於二零一六年十二月三十一日 8,759 35,807 7,536 2,009 3,509,838 1,152,733 34,500	4,751,182

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

13. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

- (a) As at 31 December 2017, the Group's fixed assets with a total carrying amount of HK\$816,326,000 (2016: HK\$1,298,933,000) were pledged as security for bank and other borrowings facilities granted to the Group (note 28).
- (b) The construction in progress at 31 December 2017 and 2016 primarily relates to the additional production premises, mining structures and facilities of subsidiaries in the PRC.
- (c) During the year, interest on bank and other borrowings capitalised in above construction in progress was HK\$6,762,000 (2016: HK\$32,151,000). The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 9% (2016: 9%) per annum on the specific borrowings used for financing the construction in progress (note 6(a)).

14. DEPOSITS PAID FOR GOLD MINING AND EXPLORATION RIGHTS

At 31 December 2017, the Group paid aggregate deposits of HK\$152,375,000 (2016: HK\$156,942,000) for two proposed acquisitions of certain mining and exploration rights for gold mines in Henan and Yunnan, in the PRC from independent third parties. The transactions have not been completed during the year and up the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements.

13. 固定資產(續)

- (a) 於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面值總額為 816,326,000港元(二零一六年:1,298,933,000港元)之 固定資產已用於抵押本集團 獲授之銀行及其他貸款信貸 (附註28)。
- (b) 於二零一七年及二零一六年 十二月三十一日之在建工程 主要與中國附屬公司之新增 生產廠房、採礦構築物及設 施有關。
- (c) 年內,於上述在建工程內資本化的銀行及其他貸款利息為6,762,000港元(二零一六年:32,151,000港元)。貸款成本乃就用於支付在建工程的相關貸款按年利率9%(二零一六年:9%)資本化(附註6(a))。

14. 就金礦採礦及探礦權所付按金

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本 集團就向獨立第三方建議的兩項 收購位於中國河南及雲南之若干 金礦採礦及探礦權支付按金合共 152,375,000港元(二零一六年: 156,942,000港元)。於年內及直 至批准該等綜合財務報表日期,本 集團並未完成此交易。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

15. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

15. 可供出售投資

2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000

2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元

Unlisted investments, at fair value

非上市投資,以公平值計

264,120

千港元

234,255

At 31 December 2017, the Group's available-for-sale investments included investment in an unlisted company in the PRC of HK\$251,958,000 (2016: HK\$234,255,000) and investment in a private equity fund in the PRC of HK\$12,162,000 (2016: HK\$nil).

At 31 December 2017, the Group's available-for-sale investments with carrying value of HK\$251,958,000 (2016: HK\$117,128,000) was pledged as security for the Group's bank and other borrowings (note 28).

於二零一七年十二月三十一日, 本集團的可供出售投資包括於 一間中國境內投資非上市公司 251,958,000港元(二零一六年: 234,255,000港元)及於一間中國 私募股權基金的投資12,162,000 港元(二零一六年:零港元)。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,賬 面值251,958,000港元(二零一六 年:117.128.000港元) 之非上市 投資已用於抵押本集團之銀行及其 他貸款(附註28)。

16. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

16. 於聯營公司之投資

2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元

8,969

2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元

Share of net assets

分佔淨資產

麥盛資本集團有限公司

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

16. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE (continued)

At 31 December 2017, particulars of the associate are as follows:

16. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,聯 營公司之資料列載如下:

Proportion of ownership interest

擁有權權益比例

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/經營地點	Fully paid-up registered capital 已繳足註冊資本	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益 %	Held by a subsidiary 由一附屬 公司持有 %	Principal activities 主要業務
Shenzhen Baotengsheng Fund Management Company Limited (note i) 深圳市保騰盛基金管理有限公司 (附註i)	The PRC 中國	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	24.5	24.5	Asset management and advisory service 資產管理及諮詢服務

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the associate:

下表顯示聯營公司的財務資料概要:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,646	_
Current assets	流動資產	34,865	
Current liabilities	流動負債	(903)	
Net assets	資產淨值	36,608	
Revenue	收益	11,081	_
Profit for the year	年度溢利	8,052	_
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	_	
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	8,052	_
Dividend received from the associate	已收聯營公司之股息		
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團擁有權比例	24.5%	
Group's share of net assets of the	本集團應佔聯營		
associate and the carrying amount of	公司之資產淨值及		
the investment	投資賬面值	8,969	_111

⁽i) The English name is for identification purpose only.

⁽i) 英文名稱僅供識別之用。

財務報表附註

2016

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

17. INVENTORIES

Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

17. 存貨

綜合財務狀況表內之存貨包括:

2017

		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Raw materials	原材料	23,015	11,856
Work-in-progress	在製品	121,166	90,275
Finished goods	製成品	37,208	7,864
Total	總計	181,389	109,995

18. TRADE, LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

18. 應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款項、按金及預付款項

		Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade and loans receivables Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	應收賬款及貸款 減:呆賬撥備		132,336	150,173
Other receivables	其他應收款項	(a) to (c)	132,336 115,369	150,173 132,198
Sub-total Deposits and prepayments	小計 按金及預付款項		247,705 117,857 365,562	282,371 58,203 340,574
Non-current portion Current portion	非即期部分 即期部分		49,379 316,183 365,562	90,111 250,463 340,574

As at 31 December 2017, all of the trade, loans and other receivables, deposits and prepayments are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year, except for the non-current portion.

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,所 有應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款 項、按金及預付款項均預期於一年 內予以收回或確認為開支,惟非即 期部分除外。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

18. TRADE, LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

(a) Trade and loans receivables

Trade receivables under the Gold Mining	金礦開採業務下 之應收賬款
Operation	
Trade and loans	金融服務業務下之
receivables under	應收賬款及貸款
the Financial	
Services Operation	

(b) Trade receivables under the Gold Mining Operation

The ageing analysis of the trade receivables under the Gold Mining Operation (net of allowance for doubtful debts) based on invoice date at end of the reporting period is as follows:

Less than two months	少於兩個月
More than two months but	超過兩個月但
less than six months	少於六個月

The Group generally requires the customers to make payment on the date of delivery of products or within 7 days after delivery of products. Credit term within two months is granted to the customers with high credibility.

18. 應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款項、按金及預付款項 (續)

(a) 應收賬款及貸款

Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
(b)	23,524	54,839
(c)	108,812	95,334 150,173

(b) 金礦開採業務下應收賬 款

於報告期末,金礦開採業務下應收賬款(已扣除呆賬撥備)根據發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
18,757	54,839
4,767	
23,524	54,839

本集團一般要求客戶於產品 付運日或產品付運後七日內 作出付款。兩個月以內之信 貸期授予具有高信貸質素之 客戶。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

18. TRADE, LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

(b) Trade receivables under the Gold Mining Operation (continued)

The ageing analysis of trade receivables under the Gold Mining Operation that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

Neither past due nor impaired 未逾期或減值 Less than six months 逾期少於六個月 past due

At the end of the reporting period, trade receivables under the Gold Mining Operation that were neither past due nor impaired relate to certain independent customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to certain independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believed that no impairment allowance was necessary in respect of these balances as there had not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances were still considered fully recoverable. The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances.

18. 應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款項、按金及預付款項 (續)

(b) 金礦開採業務下應收賬 款(續)

並無個別或整體被視為已減值之金礦開採業務下應收賬款之賬齡分析如下:

At	At
31 December	31 December
2017	2016
於二零一七年	於二零一六年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
18,757	54,839
4,767	
23,524	54,839

麥 盛 資 本 集 團 有 限 公 司

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

18. TRADE, LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

- 18. 應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款項、按金及預付款項 (續)
- (c) Trade and loans receivables under the Financial Services Operation
- (c) 金融服務業務下應收賬 款及貸款

)
Trade receivables from	證券經紀業務
securities brokerage business:	應收賬款:
– Cash clients	一現金客戶
– Clearing house in HK	- 位於香港之結算所
Trade and loan receivables from other financial services business	其他金融服務業務應收 賬款及貸款

2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
1,182 164	3,324 283
1,346	3,607
107,466	91,727
108,812	95,334

The settlement terms of trade receivables from securities brokerage business are two days after the trade date. No ageing analysis is disclosed as the ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of these trade receivables. The credit terms on trade and loan receivables from the other financial services business under the Financial Services Operation are ranging from one year to three years. The ageing analysis of these trade and loans receivables (net of allowance for doubtful debts) from other financial services business under the Financial Services Operation based on the age of these receivables since the effective dates of the relevant contracts at end of the reporting period is as follows:

證券經紀業務之應收賬 款之還款期為交易日後 兩日。鑑於此等應收賬 款之性質,賬齡分析不 會提供額外價值,因此 並無披露賬齡分析。金 融服務業務下之其他金 融服務業務之應收賬款 及貸款之信貸期由一年 至三年不等。於報告期 末,根據自有關合約生 效日期起此等金融服務 業務下之其他金融服務 業務應收款項的賬齡 計算,應收賬款及貸款 (已扣除呆賬撥備)的賬 齡分析如下:

Less than one year	少於一年
More than one year	多於一年

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
258	91,727
107,208	10.7 +0.1
107.466	01 727
107,466	91,727

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

18. TRADE, LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, **DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS** (continued)

(c) Trade and loans receivables under the Financial Services Operation (continued)

The trade and loans receivables under the Financial Services Operation that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

並無逾期或減值 Neither past due nor impaired

Less than six months past due 逾期少於六個月 More than six months but 逾期超過六個月 但少於一年 less than one year past due 逾期多於一年 More than one year past due

At the end of the reporting period, trade and loans receivables under the Financial Services Operation of the Group that were neither past due nor impaired relate to certain independent customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to cash clients from securities brokerage business of HK\$1,098,000 (2016: HK\$3,161,000) and the management fee receivables from the asset management funds managed by the Group of HK\$1,017,000 (2016: HK\$nil). The Group held the securities of these cash clients from securities brokerage business as collateral over their individual balance and has assessed the recoverability of the management fee receivables from the asset management funds. The management believed that no impairment allowance was necessary in respects of these receivables.

18. 應收賬款、貸款及其他應 收款項、按金及預付款項

(c) 金融服務業務下應收賬 款及貸款(續)

並無個別或共同視作減 值的金融服務業務之 下之應收賬款及貸款如 下:

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
106,697	92,173
407	1,203
1,053	140
655	1,818
2,115	3,161
108,812	95,334

於報告期末,本集團既未逾 期亦未減值之金融服務業務 下應收賬款及貸款與最近沒 有拖欠記錄之若干獨立客戶 有關。已逾期但未減值之應 收款項與證券經紀業務之現 金客戶有關為1,098,000港 元(二零一六年:3,161,000 港元),及來自本集團管理 下的資產管理基金之應收管 理費用1,017,000港元(二零 一六年:零港元)。本集團持 有該等證券經紀業務下之現 金客戶的證券作為彼等之個 人結餘之抵押品及已評估資 產管理基金之應收管理費用 的可回收性。管理層相信毋 須就該等應收賬款作出減值 撥備。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) Financial Assets

Listed securities
Unlisted equity investments in investment funds

上市證券 投資基金的 非上市股權投資

During the year, the Group recognised fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of HK\$85,196,000 (2016: HK\$9,209,000) (note 5), which includes fair value loss arisen from listed shares and unlisted equity investments in investment funds of HK\$80,721,000 (2016: HK\$4,178,000) and HK\$4,475,000 (2016: HK\$5,031,000) respectively.

19. 透過損益按公平值列賬之金融資產及負債

(a) 金融資產

2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
_	253,808
	51,057
	304,865

年內,本集團確認按公平值計入損益之金融資產公平值虧損為85,196,000港元(二零一六年:9,209,000港元)(附註5),其中包括上市股票及非上市股權投資之公平值虧損分別為80,721,000港元(二零一六年:4,178,000港元)及4,475,000港元(二零一六年:5,031,000港元)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

(continued)

(b) Financial Liabilities

The Group financed through leases of gold from banks by selling the leased gold through the Shanghai Gold Exchange ("SGE"). On maturity, the Group would return gold with the same quantity and specification purchased through SGE, and pay interests on leases of gold to banks. The maturity periods are within one to three years. The Group has engaged in gold forward contracts in accordance with the quantity, specification and repayment terms of gold to be returned to banks in the future. The banks have granted gold leasing financing to the Group under the same banking facilities arrangement of the Group's bank borrowings (note 23(a)).

The fair values of the financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2017 are determined based on a valuation performed by an independent firm of professional valuers with recognised qualifications and experiences using observable inputs including gold future price and risk free rates. During the year, fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss was HK\$1,388,000 (2016: HK\$939,000) (note 6(a)).

20. PLEDGED DEPOSITS

As at 31 December 2017, the Group's total deposits of HK\$612,155,000 (2016: HK\$1,018,472,000), including non-current portion and current portion of HK\$47,992,000 (2016: HK\$211,945,000) and HK\$564,163,000 (2016: HK\$806,527,000) respectively, which were held in bank and financial institutions were pledged as security for bank and other borrowings facilities granted to the Group (note 28). The interest rate of the pledged deposits ranged from 0.1% to 3.8% (2016: 0.1% to 3.8%) per annum during the year.

19. 透過損益按公平值列賬之金融資產及負債(續)

(b) 金融負債

20. 已抵押存款

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團存款總額612,155,000港元(二零一六年:1,018,472,000港元),包括非流動部份及流動部份分別為47,992,000港元(二零一六年:211,945,000港元))及564,163,000港元(二零一六年:806,527,000港元),該等存款由銀行及金融機構持有,已用於抵押本集團獲授之銀行及其他貸款信貸(附註28)。年內已抵押存款之利率介乎每年0.1%至3.8%(二零一六年:0.1%至3.8%)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND **CLIENT TRUST BANK BALANCES**

Cash at banks 銀行存款 Cash in hand 現金 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 Client trust bank balances 客戶信託銀行結餘

The Group maintains trust and segregated accounts with authorised financial institutions to hold clients' deposits arising from securities brokerage business transactions. The Group has classified the clients' deposits as client trust bank balances in the current assets and recognised the corresponding trade payables to the respective clients in the current liabilities, on the grounds that the Group is liable for any misappropriation of the respective clients' deposits as stipulated under the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"). The Group is not allowed to use the clients' monies to settle its own obligations under the SFO. As such, these monies are not included in cash and cash equivalents of the Group for cash flow purposes in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

The interest rates on cash at banks ranged from 0.1% to 0.4% (2016: 0.1% to 0.4%) per annum during the year.

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$74,667,000 (2016:HK\$53,755,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

21. 現金及現金等價物及客戶 信託銀行結餘

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
141,721	105,397
318	198
142,039	105,595
4,032	3,230
146,071	108,825

本集團在認可金融機構持有信託及 個別賬戶,以存放於證券經紀業務 交易中產生之客戶存款。本集團須 按香港證券及期貨條例(「證券及期 貨條例」)規定,就挪用相關客戶 存款負上責任,按此基礎本集團已 將客戶存款分類為客戶信託銀行結 餘,列於流動資產項下,並於流動 負債下確認應付相關客戶之相應賬 款。根據證券及期貨條例,本集團 不可利用客戶資金償付本身債務。 因此,該等款額乃於本集團之綜合 現金流量表內不會載列為現金流量 用途之現金及現金等價物。

年內銀行存款之利率介乎每年 0.1%至0.4%(二零一六年:0.1% 至0.4%)。

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣 為單位的現金及銀行結餘為 74,667,000港元(二零一六年: 53,755,000港元)。人民幣不可自 由兑换為其他貨幣,然而,根據中 國內地的外匯管理條例及結匯、售 匯及付匯管理規定,本集團可透過 授權進行外匯業務的銀行將人民幣 兑换為其他貨幣。

172

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

22. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

(a) 應付賬款

		Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade payables Accrued charges and other payables	應付賬款 預提費用及 其他應付款項	(a) to (c)	156,568 518,006	42,499 452,925
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Receipts in advance	按攤銷成本計量 之金融負債 預收賬款		674,574 64,541 739,115	495,424 36,152 531,576

(a) Trade payables

		Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade payables under the Gold Mining Operation Trade payables under the Financial	金礦開採業務下 之應付賬款 金融服務業務下之 應付賬款	(b)	152,288	38,820
Services Operation	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(c)	4,280	3,679
			156.568	42.499

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

(b) Trade payables under the Gold Mining Operation

The ageing analysis of trade payables under the Gold Mining Operation based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Less than three months	少於三個月
More than three months	超過三個月
but less than one year	但少於一年
More than one year	超過一年

(c) Trade payables under the Financial Services Operation

Trade payables from 證券經紀業務 securities brokerage business: 應付賬款:
- Cash clients -現金客戶

The settlement terms of trade payables from securities brokerage business are two days after the trade date. Trade payables to cash clients also include those payables placed in trust and segregated accounts with authorised institutions. No ageing analysis is disclosed as the ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of these trade payables.

22. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

(b) 金礦開採業務下應付賬 款

於報告期末,金礦開採業務 下應付賬款根據發票日期之 賬齡分析如下:

2016
二零一六年
HK\$'000
千港元
33,844
3,189
1,787
38,820

(c) 金融服務業務下應付賬 款

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
4 290	2 670
4,280	3,679

證券經紀業務之應付賬款之 還款期為交易日後兩日存 時期金客戶賬款亦包括存 於認可機構之獨立信託賬 之應付賬款。鑑於此等應付 賬款之性質,賬齡分析不會 提供額外價值,因此並無披 露賬齡分析。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

23. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

As at 31 December 2017, the Group had bank and other borrowings as follows:

23. 銀行及其他貸款

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本 集團擁有以下銀行及其他貸款:

		Note	2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		Note 附註	HK \$'000 千港元	# K } 000 千港元
Secured bank and other	已抵押銀行及			
borrowings	其他貸款	(a)	2,269,478	2,816,969
Unsecured bank and	無抵押銀行及			
other borrowings	其他貸款	(b)	1,075,563	886,546
Loans from related parties	關連人士貸款	35(a)(ii)	300,000	305,687
Total	總計		3,645,041	4,009,202
Carrying amounts repayable:	須償還款項賬面值:			
Within 1 year or on demand	一年內或應要求		2,071,096	2,288,609
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年以上但兩年以內		761,610	716,117
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年以上但五年以內		721,898	817,992
After 5 years	五年以上		90,437	186,484
			3,645,041	4,009,202
Less: Current portion	減:即期部份		(2,071,096)	(2,288,609)
Non-current portion	非即期部份		1,573,945	1,720,593

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

23. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

- As at 31 December 2017, the Group's secured bank and other borrowings and the financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss were secured by the pledge of the Group's assets and share charge of certain subsidiaries of the Group (note 28) and guarantees given by certain subsidiaries and the Company, certain executive directors of the Company and senior management staff of subsidiaries and related parties (notes 35(a)(iii) to (v)). At 31 December 2016, the Group's secured bank and other borrowings and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss were pledged by the Group's assets and share charge of certain subsidiaries of the Group, share charge of a company which is wholly owned by an ex-executive director of the Company, and guarantees given by certain subsidiaries and the Company, certain executive directors of the Company and a related party.
- (b) At 31 December 2017, the Group's unsecured bank and other borrowings of HK\$180 million (2016: HK\$167 million) were guaranteed by certain subsidiaries and the Company and a (2016: two) senior management staff of a (2016: two) subsidiary (note 35(a)(vi)). Save as disclosed above, the remaining balance at 31 December 2017 and 2016 was unsecured and unguaranteed.
- (c) The range of effective interest rates on the Group's fixed rate and variable rate bank and other borrowings are 4% to 15% (2016: 4% to 10%) and 6% to 9% (2016: 5% to 9%) respectively.

23. 銀行及其他貸款(續)

- 於二零一七年十二月三十一 日,本集團已抵押銀行及其他 貸款以及诱過損益按公平值列 賬之金融負債已透過本集團之 資產及本集團若干附屬公司之 股份質押作抵押(附註28)及 由若干附屬公司及本公司、若 干本公司執行董事及附屬公司 高級管理人員及關聯方作出擔 保(附 註35(a)(iii)至(v))。於二 零一六年十二月三十一日,本 集團之已抵押銀行及其他貸款 以及透過損益按公平值列賬之 金融負債已以本集團之資產及 本集團若干附屬公司之股份質 押、一家公司(由本公司一名前 執行董事全資擁有)之股份質 押,及由若干附屬公司及本公 司以及本公司若干執行董事及 一名關聯方作出之擔保作抵押。
- (b) 於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團之無抵押銀行及其他貸款180百萬港元(二零一六年:167百萬港元)由若干附屬公司、本公司及一間(二零一六年:兩間)附屬公司一名(二零一六年:兩名)高級管理人員擔保(附註35(a)(vi))。除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年及二零一六年十二月三十一日的剩餘結餘為無抵押及無擔保。
- (c) 本集團固定利率及浮動利率 銀行及其他貸款之實際利率 範圍分別為4%至15%(二零 一六年:4%至10%)及6% 至9%(二零一六年:5%至 9%)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

24. 可換股債券

The 2016 Convertible Bo 二零一六年可換股債券	nds	Liability component 負債部份 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Derivatives 衍生工具 <i>HK\$</i> ′000 <i>千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
At 16 March 2016 Interest expense charged to consolidated income	於二零一六年三月十六日 計入綜合收益表 之利息開支(附註6(a))	348,083	37,486	385,569
statement (note 6(a))		33,857	_	33,857
Interest paid	已付利息	(10,548)	_	(10,548)
Conversion into shares	轉換為股份	(3,084)	(325)	(3,409)
Fair value gain (note 6(a))	公平值收益(附註6(a))		(6,331)	(6,331)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	368,308	30,830	399,138
At 1 January 2017 Interest expense charged to consolidated income	於二零一七年一月一日 計入綜合收益表 之利息開支(附註6(a))	368,308	30,830	399,138
statement (note 6(a))		44,431	_	44,431
Interest paid	已付利息	(27,279)	_	(27,279)
Fair value gain (note 6(a))	公平值收益(附註6(a))		(30,830)	(30,830)
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	385,460		385,460
Representing: At 31 December 2017 Current liabilities	指: 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 流動負債	385,460	_	385,460
A+ 24 Da h 2046				
At 31 December 2016 Non-current liabilities	於二零一六年十二月三十一日 非流動負債	368,308	30,830	399,138

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

24. 可換股債券(續)

The 2013 Convertible B 二零一三年可換股債券	onds	com	Liability nponent 負債部份 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity component 權益部份 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Put Option 認沽期權 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
At 1 January 2016 Interest expense charged to consolidated income statement	於二零一六年一月一 計入綜合收益表 之利息開支 (附註6(a))	日 1,	032,630	2,203	30,258	1,065,091
(note 6(a)) Interest paid Extinguishment upon the completion of the	已付利息 二零一六年可換股債 重組完成後	券	17,567 (37,192)		_	17,567 (37,192)
2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (Note (i))	註銷(附註(i))	(1,	013,005)	(2,203)	(30,258)	(1,045,466)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日					
Note 附註: (i) Loss on the 2016 Convo Restructure 二零一六年可換股債券重		Carrying amount of the 2013 Convertible Bonds 二 専製 匱金 上 乗 接 が そ が そ が を で を を を を を を を を を を を を を を を を を	Cash pa and fa value shar issur for the 20 Convertik Bon Restructu 二甲擬組項之 類份 (Note (i HK\$'0	air of res ed 116 116 116 116 116 117 117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118	Loss on the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure 二零投股虧損 (Note 6(a)) (附註 6(a)) <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Equity component of the 2013 Convertible Bonds transferred to retained profits 轉 零換權 零換權 HK\$*000 HK\$*000
Liability components and derivatives Equity component	負債部分及衍生工具 權益部分	1,043,263 2,203	720,8 1,5		(63,114)	— 687
Equity component	作血印列 .	1,045,466	722,3		(63,114)	687
	value of shares issued vertible Bonds Restruct			丰可換股債券重組 行股份之公平值:		HK \$ ′000 千港元
Cash payment Transaction costs			現金款項 交易成本			361,078 11,307
Total cash outflow in consolidated state Shares issued at fair v	ment of cash flows		計入綜合理 流出總額 按公平值额		<u> </u>	372,385 349,939
					X.	722,324

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

On 4 February 2013, the Company issued the convertible bonds with the principal amount of HK\$1,028 million which charged interest at 7.25% per annum and would be mature on 4 February 2018 (the "2013 Convertible Bonds"). On 5 February 2013, the 2013 Convertible Bonds were listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The 2013 Convertible Bonds entitled the bondholders to convert the 2013 Convertible Bonds into ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$1.8125 per share at any time on or after 17 March 2013 up to the close of business on the date falling ten days prior to the maturity date on 4 February 2018. The bondholders had the right to require the Company to redeem the 2013 Convertible Bonds on 4 February 2016 at its principal amount together with accrued unpaid interest (the "Put Option"). The Company had the right to redeem all of the 2013 Convertible Bonds at their principal amount together with accrued unpaid interest to such date at any time after 4 February 2016.

In 2016, the Company made the convertible bonds restructure (the "2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure") that included extinguishment of the bondholders' rights on the Put Option and amendment to the existing terms and conditions of the 2013 Convertible Bonds. On 16 March 2016, the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure was completed and the Company issued and allotted approximately 1,176 million new ordinary shares of the Company and paid the aggregate amount of approximately HK\$361 million to the bondholders. On the same date, the rights of all bondholders for the Put Option were extinguished with immediate effect. The Company's total outstanding principal amount of the 2013 Convertible Bonds was reduced to approximately HK\$379.5 million as at 16 March 2016.

24. 可換股債券(續)

於二零一三年二月四日,本 公司已發行本金金額為1,028 百萬港元之可換股債券,可 換股債券按年利率7.25厘計 息並將於二零一八年二月四 日到期(「二零一三年可換股 債券 1)。於二零一三年二月 五日,二零一三年可換股債 券於新加坡證券交易所有限 公司上市。二零一三年可换 股債券賦予債券持有人權利 可於二零一三年三月十七日 或之後百至二零一八年二月 四日到期日前第十日之營業 時間結束時為止隨時將二零 一三年可換股債券以兑換價 每股1.8125港元兑换為本公 司普通股。債券持有人有權 要求本公司於二零一六年二 月四日按其本金額連同應計 未付利息贖回二零一三年可 換股債券(「認沽期權」)。本 公司於二零一六年二月四日 之後隨時有權按可換股債券 之本金額連同截至該日止應 計未付之利息贖回全部二零 一三年可換股債券。

> 於二零一六年,本公司進行 可換股債券重組(「二零一六 年可換股債券重組」),其包 括撤銷債券持有人有關認沽 期權之權利及對二零一三年 可換股債券的現有條款及條 件作修訂。於二零一六年三 月十六日,二零一六年可換 股債券重組已完成,本公司 已發行及配發約1,176百萬 股本公司新普通股及支付合 共約361百萬港元予債券持 有人。同日,所有债券持有 人有關認沽期權之權利已撤 銷並即時生效。於二零一六 年三月十六日,本公司二零 一三年可換股債券之未償還 本金總額減少至約379.5百 萬港元。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(a) (continued)

The key amendments to other existing terms and conditions of the 2013 Convertible Bonds under the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (the "2016 Convertible Bonds") include a reduction in the conversion price to HK\$0.4283 per share and a reset to the conversion price on each of 4 August 2016 and 4 February 2017. If the volume weighted average price during a period of 20 consecutive trading days immediately prior to each date thereto is less than the conversion price prevailing on the last day of such period, the conversion price shall be reset, subject to a minimum reset price equal to HK\$0.25 ("Conversion Price Reset"). Modification is made to the redemption right at the option of the Company, whereby (i) the Company may at any time on, or after 4 February 2016 to, and including, 4 February 2017, redeem the outstanding the 2016 Convertible Bonds at 105% of their outstanding principal amount, with accrued but unpaid interest together with the interest which would have accrued from and including the date on which the 2016 Convertible Bonds are redeemed to, but excluding, 4 February 2017; and (ii) at any time after 4 February 2017, the Company may redeem, together with accrued but unpaid interest to (x) the aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Convertible Bonds such that after such redemption, the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Convertible Bonds remaining is two-thirds of the aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Convertible Bonds as at 4 February 2017 provided the volume weighted average price of the Company's shares for a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the date which is no more than 5 trading days prior to notice of redemption is at least 130% of the conversion price immediately prior to notice of redemption, (y) the aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Convertible Bonds such that after such redemption.

24. 可換股債券(續)

(a) (續)

二零一六年可換股債券重組 項下二零一三年可換股債券 (「二零一六年可換股債券」) 其他現有條款及條件的主要 修訂包括將兑換價調減至每 股 0.4283 港 元, 以 及 分 別 於二零一六年八月四日及二 零一七年二月四日重訂兑换 價,倘緊接各相關日期前連 續20個交易日期間內之成交 量加權平均價低於該期間最 後一日之現行 兑換價, 兑换 價應予重訂,惟重訂之最低 價格應相等於0.25港元(「重 訂兑換價」)。本公司選擇贖 回權利作出修改,據此:(i) 本公司可於二零一六年二月 四日或其後至二零一七年二 月四日(包括該日)期間隨時 按未償還本金額之105%, 連同應計但未付利息及由二 零一六年可換股債券被贖回 當日(包括該日)起至二零 一七年二月四日(不包括該 日)原本應計之利息,贖回 未兑换二零一六年可换股债 券;及(ji)於二零一十年二月 四日後任何時間,本公司可 贖回(連同應計但未付之利 息)(x)有關二零一六年可換股 債券本金總額,以令於贖回 後餘下之未兑換二零一六年 可換股債券本金總額為於二 零一七年二月四日二零一六 年可換股債券本金總額之三 分之二,惟本公司股份之成 交量加權平均價於截至有關 日期(不超過選擇贖回通知發 出之日前5個交易日)之30個

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(a) (continued)

the outstanding aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Convertible Bonds remaining is one third of the aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Convertible Bonds as at 4 February 2017 provided the volume weighted average price of the Company's share for a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the date which is no more than 5 trading days prior to notice of redemption is at least 140% of the conversion price immediately prior to notice of redemption, and (z) all remaining the 2016 Convertible Bonds outstanding provided the volume weighted average price of the Company's shares for a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the date which is no more than 5 trading days prior to notice of redemption is at least 150% of the conversion price immediately prior to notice of redemption. Save as disclosed as above, the 2016 Convertible Bonds bear interest rate at 7.25% per annum and will be mature on 4 February 2018 that are kept unchanged with these terms of the 2013 Convertible Bonds.

24. 可換股債券(續)

(a) (續)

連續交易日期間為緊接有關 贖回通知發出之日前之兑換 價至少130%,(y)有關二 零一六年可換股債券本金總 額,股債券本金總額之三分 之一,惟本公司股份之成交 量加權平均價於截至有關日 期(不超過選擇贖回通知發出 之日前5個交易日)之30個連 續交易日期間為緊接有關贖 回通知發出之日前之兑換價 至少140%,及(z)餘下所有 未兑换二零一六年可换股债 券,惟本公司股份之成交量 加權平均價於截至有關日期 (不超過選擇贖回通知發出之 日前5個交易日)之30個連續 交易日期間為緊接有關贖回 通知發出之日前之兑換價至 少150%。除上文所披露者 外,按年利率7.25厘計息並 將於二零一八年二月四日到 期之二零一六年可換股債券 與二零一三年可換股債券之 該等條款保持不變。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(a) (continued)

The amendments to the terms and conditions of the 2013 Convertible Bonds under the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure are considered to be substantial modification of terms and conditions of the 2013 Convertible Bonds. Accordingly, the 2013 Convertible Bonds have been accounted for as extinguishment and the 2016 Convertible Bonds have been recognised upon the completion of the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure on 16 March 2016. The Group recognised a loss of the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure of HK\$63,114,000 (note 6(a)) during the year ended 31 December 2016, which was mainly arisen from the difference between the issue price of the shares of HK\$0.25 each pursuant to the terms of the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure and the fair value of the Company's share of HK\$0.2975 with reference to market price of the Company's shares issued to the bondholders at the date of completion of the 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure on 16 March 2016. The Group recognised the liability component and derivatives of the 2016 Convertible Bonds on 16 March 2016 which were determined based on the valuations performed by an independent firm of professional valuers with recognised qualifications and experiences using an equivalent market interest rate for a similar bond without a conversion option and Monte Carlo simulation method, respectively. No equity component of the 2016 Convertible Bonds was recognised as it will not be settled by a fixed number of shares due to the Conversion Price Reset. The effective interest rate of the liability component is 12.7% per annum. The derivatives of the 2016 Convertible Bonds include the option of the bondholders to convert the 2016 Convertible Bonds into the Company's ordinary shares and the option of the Company to redeem the 2016 Convertible Bonds. Both options are interdependent.

24. 可換股債券(續)

(a) (續)

二零一六年可換股債券重組 下之二零一三年可換股債 券條款及條件之修訂被視 為二零一三年可換股債券 條款之重大修訂。因此, 二零一三年可換股債券已列 賬為註銷,而二零一六年 可換股債券已於二零一六年 三月十六日完成二零一六年 可換股債券重組後確認。截 至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團確認二 零一六年可換股債券重組 虧損63,114,000港元(附註 6(a)),該虧損主要產生於股 份根據二零一六年可換股債 券重組之條款所釐定發行價 每股0.25港元與於二零一六 年三月十六日二零一六年可 換股債券重組完成日期發行 予債券持有人之本公司股份 公平值0.2975港元(經參照 本公司股份市價所得)之間 之差額。本集團於二零一六 年三月十六日確認二零一六 年可換股債券負債部分及衍 生部分,乃根據具有認可資 質及經驗的獨立專業估值機 構分別利用同類債券(無兑 換權)之相等市場利率及蒙 特卡羅模擬方法作出之估值 釐定。二零一六年可換股債 券並沒有確認任何權益部 分,因為其不會被固定數量 的股份進行結算根據重訂兑 換價。負債部分的實際年利 率為12.7%。二零一六年可 換股債券衍生工具包括債券 持有人選擇將二零一六年可 換股債券轉換為本公司普通 股以及本公司選擇贖回二零 一六年可換股債券。兩者選 擇為相互依賴。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(b) During the year, none of the 2016 Convertible Bonds were exercised and the conversion price of the 2016 Convertible Bonds was adjusted from HK\$0.26 to HK\$0.25 under the Conversion Price Reset with effect from 4 February 2017. Details are set out in the Company's announcement on 6 February 2017. At 31 December 2017, the outstanding principal amount of the 2016 Convertible Bonds was approximately HK\$376 million. The 2016 Convertible Bonds will be mature on 4 February 2018. Accordingly, the liability component and derivatives of 2016 Convertible Bonds were reclassified from non-current liabilities to current liabilities as at 31 December 2017.

At 31 December 2017 and 2016, the fair values of derivatives of the 2016 Convertible Bonds was determined based on the valuation performed by an independent firm of professional valuers with recognised qualifications and experiences using Monte Carlo simulation method. The following assumptions are used to calculate the respective fair values of the derivatives:

Share price (HK\$)	股價(港元)
Conversion price (HK\$)	兑換價(港元)
Expected remaining life of	可換股債券預期剩餘
the convertible bonds (years)	年期(年)
Expected volatility (%)	預期波動(%)
Risk free rate (%)	無風險利率(%)
Expected dividend yield (%)	預期股息率(%)
Discount rate (%)	貼現率(%)

24. 可換股債券(續)

年內,概無二零一六年可換 股債券獲行使,而二零一六 年可換股債券之兑換價根據 重訂兑換價由0.26港元調 整至0.25港元於二零一七 年二月四日生效。有關詳情 載於本公司日期為二零一七 年二月六日之公佈內。於二 零一十年十二月三十一日, 二零一六年可換股債券之未 償還本金額約為376百萬港 元。二零一六年可換股債 券將於二零一八年二月四日 到期。因此,於二零一十年 十二月三十一日,二零一六 年可換股債券之負債部份及 衍生工具從非流動負債分類 為流動負債。

> 於二零一七年及二零一六年 十二月三十一日,二零一六 年可換股債券衍生工具之公 平值乃由具有認可資質及經 驗的獨立專業估值機構利用 蒙特卡羅模擬方法作出之估 值釐定。下列假設乃用於計 算各衍生工具之公平值:

2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
0.063	0.225
0.25	0.26
0.1	1.1
38	52
1.20	1.48
0	0
6.68	7.97

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the Company through an independent consent solicitation agent, Daiwa Capital Markets Hong Kong Limited, invited bondholders to consider amendment to the existing terms and conditions of the 2016 Convertible Bonds (the "2018 Convertible Bonds Restructure"). The key amendments to the existing terms and conditions of the 2016 Convertible Bonds under the 2018 Convertible Bonds Restructure include: (a) a cash redemption amount of HK\$131,099 per each bond with principal amount of HK\$1,000,000 to each bondholder in addition to the HK\$350,000 per HK\$1,000,000 principal amount paid on 16 March 2016 under 2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure (the "Principal Paydown Amount") plus an amount equal to 20% of the accrued interest to be paid on the completion date of the 2018 Convertible Bonds Restructure; (b) extension of the maturity of the 2016 Convertible Bonds together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon on 4 August 2019; (c) modification to the redemption right at the option of the Company, whereby: (i) the Company may at any time on or after 4 October 2018 to, and including 4 November 2018 (the "Optional Redemption Date"), redeem all, but not some only, of the bonds on the payment business day specified in the optional redemption notice as being the Optional Redemption Date at their outstanding principal amount together with accrued but unpaid interest to such date; (ii) if the Company issues an optional redemption notice, each bondholder will have the right to elect that all or some only of such holder's convertible bond(s) (subject to partial redemption at the amount equal to HK\$362,271.85 (the "Partial Redemption Amount") per each bond) shall not be redeemed (such bonds in respect of which such election is made) (the "Retained Bonds"); (iii) on the Optional Redemption Date, all Retained Bonds will be partially redeemed at the Partial Redemption Amount, whereupon the outstanding principal amount of such Retained

24. 可換股債券(續)

於報告期末後,本公司透過獨 (c) 立徵求同意代理大和資本市場 香港有限公司邀請債券持有人 考慮對二零一六年可換股債券 現有條款及條件所作的修訂 (「二零一八年可換股債券重 組一)。根據二零一八年可 換股債券重組對二零一六年 可換股債券現有條款及條件 所作的主要修訂包括:(a)在 二零一六年三月十六日根據 二零一六年可換股債券重組按 每1,000,000港元本金額支付 350,000港元之外,額外向本 金額為1,000,000港元的每份 债券的债券持有人支付現金贖 回金額131,099港元(「本金 首付款」),另加相當於將於 二零一八年可換股債券重組完 成日期支付的20%之應計利 息之金額;(b)延長二零一六 年可換股債券連同其應計但未 付利息至二零一九年八月四日 到期日;(c)對本公司贖回權利 之選擇權之修改,據此:(i)本 公司可於二零一八年十月四日 或其後至二零一八年十一月四 日(「選擇贖回日期」)(包 括該日)期間隨時按未償還本 金額連同至選擇贖回通知指明 之支付營業日(即選擇贖回日 期)止應計但未付利息,於該 日贖回全部(而非僅部分)債 券;(ii)倘本公司發出選擇贖回 通知,各债券持有人將有權選 擇該持有人全部或僅部分可 換股債券(惟須按每份債券 362,271.85港元(「部分贖回 金額」) 進行部分贖回) 不得 被贖回(作出選擇時所涉及之 債券統稱「保留債券」);

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(c) (continued)

Bond shall be reduced by the Partial Redemption Amount for all purposes; (iv) on the Optional Redemption Date, all convertible bonds other than Retained Bonds shall be redeemed in full by the Company at their outstanding amount together with accrued but unpaid interest to such date; and (v) removal of the Company's existing right to early redemption exercisable after 4 February 2017; (d) modification of the interest rate whereby the convertible bonds bear interest from and including 4 February 2013 but excluding 4 February 2018 at the rate of 7.25% per annum and thereafter at 8.5% per annum, and in the event that the Company does not issue the Optional Redemption Notice, the interest rate shall increase to 11% per annum with effect from and including 4 November 2018; (e) modification to the conversion period so that the conversion right in respect of a convertible bond may only be exercised at the option of the bondholder at any time on or after 5 November 2018; (f) reduction in the conversion price to HK\$0.0618; and (g) removal of Conversion Price Reset provision in the existing terms and conditions of the 2016 Convertible Bonds.

24. 可換股債券(續)

(c) (續)

(iii)於選擇贖回日期,所有保 留債券將按部分贖回金額被部 分贖回,據此,該等保留債券 之未償還本金額將就任何目的 而按部分贖回金額予以削減; (iv)於選擇贖回日期,除保留 债券以外之所有可換股債券應 按其未償還本金額連同截至該 日期止應計但未付之利息由本 公司悉數贖回;及(v)撤銷於二 零一七年二月四日後可行使之 本公司現有提早贖回權;(d)修 訂利率,據此,可換股債券自 二零一三年二月四日(包括該 日但不包括二零一八年二月四 日) 起按年利率7.25厘計息, 其後在任何情況下均按年利率 8.5厘計息,而倘本公司並無 發出選擇贖回通知,則利率將 自二零一八年十一月四日(包 括該日)起調高至每年11厘; (e)修訂轉換期,以便債券持有 人僅可於二零一八年十一月五 日或其後隨時選擇行使可換股 债券之換股權;(f)將換股價下 調至0.0618港元;及(q)刪除 二零一六年可換股債券現有條 款及條件所載之重訂換股價條 文。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

24. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

(c) (continued)

The 2018 Convertible Bonds Restructure was approved by a written resolution of the bondholders and by the shareholders at the Company's special general meeting on 5 January 2018 and 31 January 2018 respectively. On 2 February 2018, the Company completed the 2018 Convertible Bonds Restructure and paid the Principal Paydown Amount plus 20% of the accrued interest in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$78 million to the bondholders. The total outstanding principal amount of the 2016 Convertible Bonds of approximately HK\$376 million reduced to approximately HK\$312 million at 2 February 2018 and will be repayable on 4 August 2019. Details of the 2018 Convertible Bonds Restructure are set out in the Company's circular on 15 January 2018 and the Company's announcements between 21 December 2017 and 2 Februrary 2018.

24. 可換股債券(續)

(c) (續)

二零一八年可換股債券重組分 別於二零一八年一月五日及二 零一八年一月三十一日獲債券 持有人的書面決議案批准及本 公司股東特別大會的批准。 於二零一八年二月二日,本 公司完成二零一八年可換股 债券重組以及支付本金首付 款另加20%之應計利息(總 金額約78百萬港元)予債券 持有人。二零一六年可換股債 券未償還本金總額約376百萬 港元削減至二零一八年二月二 日的約312百萬港元,並須於 二零一九年八月四日償還。二 零一八年可換股債券重組之詳 情載於本公司日期為二零一八 年一月十五日之通函以及本公 司日期為二零一七年十二月 二十一日至二零一八年二月二 日之公佈內。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

25. DEFERRED TAX

(a) Deferred tax liabilities recognised

The components of deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

25. 遞延税項

Depreciation

(a) 已確認遞延税項負債

年內於綜合財務狀況表確認 之遞延税項負債部份及其變 動如下:

		Note 附註	Intangible assets 無形資產 HK\$*000 千港元	allowance in excess of related depreciation 折舊撥備 超出有關 折舊的金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
At 1 January 2016 Exchange adjustments Acquisition of subsidiaries (Credited)/charged to consolidated income statement	於二零一六年一月一日 匯兑調整 5 收購附屬公司 於綜合損益表(計入)/扣除	7(a)	580,644 (37,526) — (15,140)	12,166 (1,316) — 7,555	6,483 (679) 24,234	599,293 (39,521) 24,234 (6,886)
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年 十二月三十一日		527,978	18,405	30,737	577,120
At 1 January 2017 Exchange adjustments Acquisition of subsidiary (Note 32) (Credited)/charged	於二零一七年一月一日 匯兑調整 收購附屬公司(附註32) 於綜合損益表(計入)/扣除		527,978 39,282 —	18,405 1,820	30,737 1,822 38	577,120 42,924 38
to consolidated income statement At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年 十二月三十一日	7(a)	(17,019)	11,838	(210)	(5,391)

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

25. **DEFERRED TAX** (continued)

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities not recognised

As at 31 December 2017, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries of approximately to HK\$1,721 million (2016: HK\$1,773 million) and the related deferred tax liabilities of approximately HK\$172 million (2016: HK\$177 million) have not been recognised in these financial statements. In the opinion of the Company's directors, the Group controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute profits in the foreseeable future.

Save as disclosed above, at 31 December 2017, the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of approximately HK\$19 million (2016: HK\$19 million) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses of the Group do not expire under current tax legislation.

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the reporting period are set out below:

25. 遞延税項(續)

(b) 未確認遞延税項資產及 負債

於二零一七年十二月三十一 日,有關本集團其中國附 異,有關本集團其中國附 異,為1,721百萬港元(二 東約為1,721百萬港元(二 一六年:1,773百萬港元), 而相關遞延稅項負債約172 萬港元(二零一六年:177 萬港元)並未於此等財務 確認。本公司董事認為,本息 實控制該等附屬公司之股該 策,並認為於可預見未來 所屬公司有可能不會分派 利。

26. 股本及儲備

本集團綜合權益各組成部份於年初 與年末結餘之對賬載於綜合權益變 動表。本公司各個權益組成部份於 報告期初至結束之變動詳情如下:

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

26. 股本及儲備(續)

The Company

本公司

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 (note (b))	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$ 000 千港元 (notes (a) & (c) (ni) (附註(a) 及(c)(ni))	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 (note (a) & (c) (ii) (附註(a) 及(c) (ii))	Convertible bond equity reserve 可換股債券權益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (notes (c) (v) & 24) (附註(c) (V) & 24)	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$0000 千港元 (note (c) (同)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$ 000 千港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$</i> 000 千港元
At 1 January 2017 Changes in equity for 2017: Total comprehensive	於二零一七年一月一日 二零一七年之權益變動: 年度全面虧損總額	1,737,240	5,611,589	-	-	210,429	(1,603,635)	5,955,623
loss for the year Transfer of share premium account	股份溢價賬轉至實繳盈餘	-	_	_	_	_	(178,283)	(178,283)
to contributed surplus Lapse of share options	購股權失效		(5,611,589)	5,611,589		(114,918)	114,918	
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	1,737,240		5,611,589		95,511	(1,667,000)	5,777,340
At 1 January 2016 Changes in equity for 2016: Total comprehensive	於二零一六年一月一日 二零一六年之權益變動: 年度全面虧損總額	689,879	4,578,060	-	2,203	126,715	(1,153,671)	4,243,186
loss for the year Issue of new shares upon the	二零一六年可換股債券重組後	_	-	-		_	(508,067)	(508,067)
2016 Convertible Bonds Restructure Extinguishment upon 2016 Convertible	マーバーの決成債が重組及 發行新股份 二零一六年可換股債券重組後	147,033	202,906	-	-	-	-	349,939
Bond Restructure Issue of new shares upon loan	註銷 貸款資本化後發行新股份	-	-	_	(2,203)	-	687	(1,516)
capitalisation Issue of new shares by share	透過股份認購及配售	74,640	62,697	_	_	_	_	137,337
subscriptions and placements Issue of new shares upon	發行新股份 收購附屬公司後發行新股份	614,736	516,379	_	_	_	_	1,131,115
acquisition of subsidiaries Issue of new shares upon conversion	轉換可換股債券後	204,348	245,218	_	_	_	-	449,566
of convertible bonds Issue of new shares upon exercise	發行新股份 行使購股權後發行新股份	1,576	1,833	_	-	_	-	3,409
of share option Transaction costs attributable	透過股份認購及配售發行	5,028	8,675	_=		(3,703)	-	10,000
to issue of new shares by share	近週似切砣聃从配告货11 新股份應佔交易成本		(4.470)					(4.476)
subscriptions and placements	以肌锚社签为肌爪甘淋土山		(4,179)	-575 L D I	_	144 022	_	(4,179)
Equity-settled share-based payments Lapse of share options	以股權結算之股份基礎支出 購股權失效					(57,416)	57,416	144,833
At 31 December 2016	於二零一六年十二月三十一日	1,737,240	5,611,589			210,429	(1,603,635)	5,955,623

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

- (a) Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the extraordinary meeting by the Company's shareholders on 27 November 2017, the Company has taken the following events:
 - (i) cancellation of the entire amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company of approximately HK\$5,611,589,000 and to transfer the credit arising from such cancellation to an account designated as the contributed surplus account of the Company before the change of domicile becoming effective on 12 December 2017;
 - (ii) change the domicile of the Company from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda by way of de-registration in the Cayman Islands and continuation as an exempted company under the laws of Bermuda with effect from 12 December 2017; and
 - implemented the capital reorganisation (the "Capital Reorganisation") after the change of domicile becoming effective which comprises the following: (a) the issued share capital of the Company was reduced through a cancellation of the paid-up capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.12 on each of the issued existing shares such that the nominal value of each issued existing share was reduced from HK\$0.125 to HK\$0.005; (b) immediately following the capital reduction taking effect, all the authorised but unissued share capital of the Company (which shall include the authorised but unissued share capital arising from the capital reduction) was cancelled in its entirety and forthwith upon such cancellation, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased to HK\$150 million by the creation of such number of additional new shares as shall be sufficient to increase the authorised share capital of the Company to HK\$150 million divided into 30,000 million new shares; and (c) the credit arising in the books of the Company from the capital reduction was credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company. The Capital Reorganisation was completed on 2 January 2018, a credit of approximately HK\$1,668 million arisen from the capital reduction was transferred to the contributed surplus account of the Company.

Details of the above are set out in the Company's circular on 2 November 2017 and the Company's announcements on 12 October 2017, 27 November 2017, 12 December 2017 and 2 January 2018.

26. 股本及儲備(續)

- (a) 根據本公司股東於二零一七年 十一月二十七日在股東特別大會 上通過之特別決議案,本公司已 進行下列事件:
 - (i) 於二零一七年十二月十二 日遷冊生效前,註銷本公 司股份溢價賬之全部進賬 金額約5,611,589,000港 元,並將有關註銷所產生 之進賬額轉撥至指定為本 公司實繳盈餘賬之賬戶:
 - (ii) 透過撤銷在開曼群島之註 冊及根據百慕達法例以一 間獲豁免公司的形式存續 經營,將本公司由開曼群 島遷冊至百慕達,自二零 一七年十二月十二日起生 效;及
 - 在遷冊生效後進行股本重 (iii) 組(「股本重組」),此事涉 及下列步驟:(a)透過註銷 本公司繳足股本(以每股已 發行現有股份0.12港元為 限),致使每股已發行現有 股份之面值將由0.125港 元削減至0.005港元以削 減本公司已發行股本;(b) 緊隨股本削減牛效後,本 公司所有法定但未發行股 本(包括由股本削減產生之 法定但未發行股本)將會全 面註銷,及於註銷有關股 本後,隨即透過增設額外 新股份(足以增加本公司法 定股本至150百萬港元, 分 為 30,000 百 萬 股 新 股 份)增加本公司法定股本至 150 百 萬 港 元 ; 及 (c) 在 本 公司賬目中因股本削減而 產生之進賬將撥入本公司 之實繳盈餘賬。股本重組 已於二零一八年一月二日 完成,股本削減產生之進 賬約1,668百萬港元已撥 入本公司之實繳盈餘賬。

上述詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一七年十一月二日之通函及本公司日期為二零一七年十月十二 日、二零一七年十一月二十七 日、二零一七年十二月十二日及 二零一八年一月二日之公佈內。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

(b) Share capital

Authorised and issued share capital

26. 股本及儲備(續)

(b) 股本

法定及已發行股本

			20 ⁻ 二零-		2016 二零一六年	
		Note 附註	Number of shares 股份數目 <i>'000</i> <i>千股</i>	HK\$'000 千港元	Number of shares 股份數目 '000 千股	HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.125 each	法定股本: 每股面值 0.125 港元 普通股					
At 1 January	於一月一日		20,000,000	2,500,000	10,000,000	1,250,000
Increase during the year	於年內增加	(i)	10,000,000	1,250,000	10,000,000	1,250,000
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		30,000,000	3,750,000	20,000,000	2,500,000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.125 each, issued and fully paid:	每股面值 0.125 港元 普通股,已發行及繳足:					
At 1 January Issue of new shares upon 2016 Convertible	於一月一日 二零一六年可換股債券 重組後發行新股份		13,897,919	1,737,240	5,519,031	689,879
Bonds Restructure Issue of new shares upon loan	貸款資本化後發行新股份		_	-	1,176,265	147,033
capitalisations Issue of new shares by share subscriptions	透過股份認購及配售 發行新股份		_	_	597,120	74,640
and placements Issue of new shares upon acquisitions	收購附屬公司後發行新股份		_	_	4,917,889	614,736
of subsidiaries Issue of new shares upon	於兑換可換股債券後 發行新股份		_	_ _	1,634,783	204,348
conversion of convertible bonds Issue of new shares upon exercise of	行使購股權後發行新股份		_	_	12,606	1,576
share options					40,225	5,028
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		13,897,919	1,737,240	13,897,919	1,737,240
					200	

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

(b) Share capital (continued)

Authorised and issued share capital (continued) Notes:

(i) By an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company on 22 June 2017, the Company's authorised ordinary share capital was increased from HK\$2,500 million to HK\$3,750 million by the creation of additional 10,000 million ordinary shares of \$0.125 each. These shares rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing ordinary shares of the Company.

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus represents the transfer of the credit arising from the cancellation of share premium of the Company (note 26(a)). The contributed surplus is distributable to the shareholders of the Company.

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve comprises the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note 2(r)(ii). Details of the share option schemes of the Company are disclosed in note 31 to the financial statements.

(iii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises the exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of the Group's operations outside Hong Kong.

26. 股本及儲備(續)

(b) 股本(續)

法定及已發行股本(續) 附註:

(c) 儲備性質及用途

(i) 實繳盈餘

實繳盈餘指轉讓註銷本司股份溢價產生的進賬 (附註26(a))。實繳盈餘可分派予本公司股東。

(ji) 資本儲備

資本儲備包括授予本公司僱員之未行使購股權實際或估計數目之公平值,已根據附註2(r)(ii)內就以股份為基礎之付款而採納之會計政策確認。本公司購股權計劃之詳情於財務報表附註31披露。

(iii) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括本集團於 香港境外業務之財務報 表進行換算所產生之一 切匯兑差額。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(iv) Statutory reserves

Statutory surplus reserves

The Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are required to transfer 10% of their net profit, as determined in accordance with the PRC accounting rules and regulations, to statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of their registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend to shareholders.

Statutory surplus reserve can be used to make good previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by the issue of new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholdings or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them, provided that the balance after such issue is not less than 25% of their registered capital.

Safety production fund

Pursuant to the relevant regulations in the PRC, the Group's subsidiaries are required to transfer safety production fund at fixed rates based on a specific amount of volume of gold ores excavated to a specific reserve account. The fund is used for improvements of safety of the mines and is not available for distribution to the shareholders. Upon incurring qualifying safety expenditure, an equivalent amount would be transferred from safety production fund to retained profits.

26. 股本及儲備(續)

(c) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(iv) 法定儲備

法定盈餘儲備

根據中國會計規則及規例,本集團於中國內之之 屬公司須將10%之所屬公司須將10%之 利撥往法定盈餘儲備之 直至該項儲備結餘達。 其註冊資本之50%。 賴至該項儲備必須於 股東分派股息前進行。

安全生產基金

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(v) Convertible bonds equity reserve

The convertible bonds equity reserve comprises the value of the unexercised equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds in note 2(p) (i).

(vi) Share premium

Under section 34 of the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account is available for distribution to shareholders subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company which was in effect before the change of domicile becoming effective on 12 December 2017 and no distribution may be paid to shareholders out of the share premium account unless, immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company shall be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. Pursuant to a special resolution passed on 27 November 2017, the change of domicile of the Company from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda was approved by the shareholders. The change of domicile of the Company was subsequently completed on 12 December 2017. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the funds in the share premium account of the Company may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

(d) Distributability of reserves

At 31 December 2017, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to owners of the Company was HK\$3,944,589,000 (2016: HK\$4,007,954,000), which included the balances of contributed surplus (2016: share premium) and accumulated losses, provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

26. 股本及儲備(續)

(c) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(v) 可換股債券權益儲備

可換股債券權益儲備包括附註2(p)(i)中按照就可換股債券採納之會計政策確認由本集團發行之可換股債券未行使權益部份的價值。

(vi) 股本溢價

根據開曼群島公司法 (修訂)第34條,本公 司於二零一十年十二 月十二日遷冊生效前股 本溢價賬戶可根據公司 章程之規定向股東進行 分配,本公司從股份溢 價賬戶向股東進行分 配之前提條件為在已 宣告分配或派發的股 息已被提議支付之日 後及本公司有能力償付 在日常經營過程中產 生的債務。根據二零 一七年十一月二十七日 所通過的一項特別決 議,經股東批准,本公 司從開曼群島遷冊至百 慕大群島,本公司隨後 於二零一七年十二月 十二日完成遷冊。根據 《百慕大群島一九八一 年公司法》,本公司的 股票溢價賬戶中的資金 可通過股票股利的形式 進行分配。

(d) 可供分派儲備

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,可供分派額額 三十一日,可供分派額額 3,944,589,000港元(二 一六年:4,007,954,000港元),包括實繳盈餘(二 元),包括實繳盈餘(二 元),包括實繳盈餘(二 長) 一六年:股份溢價) 及關之 提 股息日期後,本 公司 類 是 到期之債務。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

(e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debts divided by total equity plus net debts. The Group's net debts include bank and other borrowings, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and convertible bonds, less cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits. The Group's total equity comprises total issued share capital and reserves of the Group. The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting periods is as follows:

Total debts Less: Pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents Net debts Total equity Total equity and net debts Gearing ratio 信項總額 減:已抵押存款 現金及現金等價物 總權益 權益總額及淨債項

26. 股本及儲備(續)

(e) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之首要目標 乃保障本集團能夠繼續根據 持續經營基準經營,從而透 過與風險水平相對應之產品 及服務定價以及獲得合理成 本之融資,繼續為股東創造 回報及為其他權益人創造實 益。

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
5,018,945	5,105,258
(612,155)	(1,018,472)
(142,039)	(105,595)
4,264,751	3,981,191
7,209,880	7,241,089
11,474,631	11,222,280
37%	35%

2047

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

26. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

(e) Capital management (continued)

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher returns to the owners of the Company that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

Except for share charge of certain subsidiaries of which details are set out in note 28, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

26. 股本及儲備(續)

(e) 資本管理(續)

除若干附屬公司的股份抵押 (詳情載於附註28)外,本 公司及其任何附屬公司於截 至二零一七年及二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年度概無 須遵守外部施加之資本規定。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

27. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

27. 本公司之財務狀況表

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non assurant access	非流動資產		
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	7,229,641	7 220 641
			7,229,641
Deposit paid for fixed assets	就固定資產所付按金	3,162	3,162
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	7,232,803	7,232,803
Current assets	流動資產		
Amounts due	應收附屬公司款項	282,892	480,737
from subsidiaries			
Other receivables,	其他應收款項、按金及		
deposits and	預付款項		
prepayments		17,504	19,272
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	, —	3,299
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	53,698	38,570
Total current assets	流動資產總額	354,094	541,878
Total carrent assets			311,070
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	298,527	14,743
Other payables	其他應付款項	64,834	32,288
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他貸款	54,782	362,989
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	385,460	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	803,603	410,020
Net current (liabilities)/assets	· 法乱(台	(440 500)	121 050
iver current (nabilities)/assets)加勒(吳谟)/ 吳煃/伊祖	(449,509)	131,858
Total assets less	總資產減流動負債		
current liabilities		6,783,294	7,364,661

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

27. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 27. 本公司之財務狀況表(續) THE COMPANY (continued)

		Note 附註	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities Bank and other borrowings Convertible bonds	非流動負債 銀行及其他貸款 可換股債券		1,005,954	1,009,900 368,308
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具			30,830
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		1,005,954	1,409,038
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		5,777,340	5,955,623
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備	26	1,737,240 4,040,100	1,737,240 4,218,383
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司擁有人 應佔權益總額		5,777,340	5,955,623

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2018.

經董事會於二零一八年三月二十九日核 准並許可發出。

Mr. Liu Liyang 劉力揚先生 Chairman 主席

Mr. Chen Sheng 陳勝先生 Chief Executive Officer 行政總裁

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

28. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2017, the Group's assets with the following carrying amounts were pledged to secure bank and other borrowings (note 23(a)) and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)):

		Note 附註	HK -
Intangible assets — mining rights	無形資產-採礦權	12(a)	2,17
Fixed assets	固定資產	13	81
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	15	25
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入損益之		
through profit or loss	金融資產	19(a)	
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	20	61
			2 0 5

Except as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2017, all issued shares of six (2016: six) subsidiaries of the Company were subject to share charge as security pledged for the Group's bank and other borrowings (note 23(a)) and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 19(b)).

28. 資產抵押

於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本 集團以下賬面值之資產已用於抵押 銀行及其他貸款(附註23(a))以及 透過損益按公平值列賬之金融負債 (附註19(b)):

	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年
ote	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
註	千港元	千港元
2(a)	2,174,843	2,903,813
3	816,326	1,298,933
5	251,958	117,128
9(a)	_	253,808
20	612,155	1,018,472
	3,855,282	5,592,154

除上述記載,於二零一七年十二月三十一日,本公司六間(二零一六年:六間)附屬公司之所有已發行股份已用作本集團銀行及其他貸款(附註23(a))以及透過損益按公平值列賬之金融負債(附註19(b))之股份抵押。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

29. SUBSIDIARIES

(a) The following list contains only the particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Group at 31 December 2017. The class of shares of those subsidiaries which were incorporated outside the PRC held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

29. 附屬公司

(a) 下表僅列載本集團於二零 一七年十二月三十一日之主 要附屬公司之資料。除另有 列明外,所持該等於中國境 外註冊成立之附屬公司股份 類別均為普通股。

Proportion of ownership interest

擁有權權益比例

Name of Company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Issued and fully paid-up share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益 %	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 %	Held by a subsidiary 由一附屬 公司持有 %	Principal activities 主要業務
China Precious Metal Resources Co., Limited 中國貴金屬資源有限公司	BVV/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US \$ 2 2美元	100	100	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Able Supplement Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Decent Connection Overseas Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Wah Heen Holdings Limited 華軒控股有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$10,000 10,000美元	100	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Sinowise Century Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US \$ 1 1美元	100		100	Investment holding 投資控股
Munsun Asset Management (Asia) Limited 麥盛資產管理(亞洲)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	100	100		Asset management and advisory service 資產管理及諮詢服務
Munsun Securities Limited 麥盛證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$95,140,000 95,140,000港元	100	100	101 - :	Securities brokerage 證券經紀
Hongkong Realking Mining Industry Ltd. 香港瑞金礦業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100		100	Investment holding 投資控股

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

29. SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

29. 附屬公司(續)

(a) (continued)

(a) (續)

Proportion of ownership interest

擁有權權益比例

	Place of incorporation/ operations	Issued and fully paid-up/registered capital	Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal
Name of Company 公司名稱	註冊成立/ 經營地點	已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	本集團 實際權益 <i>%</i>	由本公司 持有 <i>%</i>	由一附屬 公司持有 <i>%</i>	activities 主要業務
Hongkong T&R Mining Investment Limited 香港騰瑞礦業投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Kong Chun Hong Kong Limited 港俊香港有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000 1,000港元	100	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Fast Trend Investment Limited 弘捷投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 1 1港元	100	_	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Chifeng Yongfeng Kuangye Co., Ltd. (note (i)) 赤峰永豐礦業有限責任 公司(附註(i))	The PRC 中國	RMB40,820,000 人民幣40,820,000元	100	_	100	Mining and processing of gold ores and sale of gold products 金礦開採、加工及
Luanchuan County Jinxing Mining Co., Ltd. (note (i)) 欒川縣金興礦業有限責任 公司(附註(i))	The PRC 中國	RMB122,450,000 人民幣122,450,000元	100	-	100	Mining and processing of gold ores and sale of gold products 金礦開採、加工及
Luanchuan County Luanling Gold Mine Co., Ltd. (note (i)) 欒川縣欒靈金礦有限公司 (附註(i))	The PRC 中國	RMB102,050,000 人民幣102,050,000元	100	3,100	100	Mining and processing of gold ores and sale of gold products 金礦開採、加工及 黃金產品銷售

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

29. SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

29. 附屬公司(續)

(a) (continued)

(a) (續)

Proportion of ownership interest

擁有權權益比例

Name of Company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/ 經營地點	Issued and fully paid-up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益 %	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 %	Held by a subsidiary 由一附屬 公司持有 %	Principal activities 主要業務
Mojiang County Mining Co., Ltd. (note (i)) 墨江縣礦業有限責任公司 (附註(i))	The PRC 中國	RMB102,050,000 人民幣102,050,000元	100	_	100	Mining and processing of gold ores and sale of gold products 金礦開採、加工及
Pu'er Hengyi Mining Co., Ltd (note (i)) 普洱恒益礦業有限責任 公司(附註(i))	The PRC 中國	RMB102,050,000 人民幣102,050,000元	100	_	100	Mining and processing of gold ores and sale of gold products 金礦開採、加工及
Kai Yuan Financial Leasing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (note (i)) 凱源融資租賃(深圳)有限公司 (附註(i))	The PRC 中國	RMB150,000,000 人民幣150,000,000元	100	-	100	Provision of financing services 提供融資服務
Shenzhen Munsun Asset Management Company Limited (note (ii)) 深圳市麥盛資產有限公司 (附註(ii))	The PRC 中國	RMB17,857,140 人民幣17,857,140元	100		100	Asset management and advisory service 資產管理及諮詢服務
Zhuhai Munsun Asset Management Co., Ltd. (note (ii)) 珠海麥盛資產管理有限公司 (附註(ii))	The PRC 中國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100		100	Investment holding 投資控股

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

29. SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(a) (continued)

Notes:

- (i) These subsidiaries established in the PRC are wholly foreign-owned enterprises.
- (ii) This subsidiary established in the PRC is limited liability company.
- (iii) The English names of all above PRC subsidiaries are for identification purpose only.
- (b) Gain on disposal of subsidiaries

29. 附屬公司(續)

(a) (續)

附註:

- (i) 於中國成立之所有附屬公司均為外商獨資企業。
- (ii) 於中國成立之附屬公司為 有限責任公司。
- (iii) 以上全部中國附屬公司之 英文名稱僅供識別之用。

2016

(b) 出售附屬公司收益

		2016
		二零一六年
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Net liabilities disposed of:	已出售負債淨額:	
Fixed assets	固定資產	37
Deposits paid for fixed assets	就固定資產支付之按金	194
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	2,585
Other payables	其他應付款項	(5,234)
Tax payable	應付税項	(15,907)
		(18,325)
Release of capital reserves	解除資本儲備	(2,144)
Release of exchange reserve	解除匯兑儲備	7,995
		(12,474)
Gain on disposal of	出售附屬公司收益	
subsidiaries (note 5)	(附註5)	21,764
Satisified by Cash	以現金支付	9,290
		2016
		二零一六年
		HK\$'000
		千港元
Net Cash inflow from disposal	出售產生之現金淨額流入	
Consideration received in cash and	已收現金及現金等價物	
cash equivalents	代價	9,290
Less: Cash and cash	減:已出售現金及	
equivalents disposed of	現金等價物	(2,585)
		6,705

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

30. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group participates in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes (the "Schemes") organised by the relevant local government authorities in the PRC whereby the Group is required to make contributions to the Schemes at a rate ranging from 13% to 20% (2016: 13% to 20%) of the eligible employees' salaries. The local government authorities are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

The Group has no obligation for the payment of pension benefits associated with those schemes beyond the annual contributions described above.

The total costs charged to consolidated income statement of HK\$8,211,000 (2016: HK\$7,470,000) represent contributions payable to these schemes by the Group during the year.

30. 員工退休福利

根據中國之相關勞工規例及規則, 本集團參與由中國內地有關地方政 府機關成立之定額退休福利供款計 劃(「計劃」),據此,本集團須向計 劃作出供款,金額以合資格僱員薪 金之13%至20%(二零一六年: 13%至20%)計算。地方政府機關 負責向退休僱員全數發放退休金。

本集團亦根據香港強制性公積金計 劃條例,為按香港僱傭條例規管下 之僱員設立強制性公積金計劃(「強 積金計劃」)。強積金計劃是一個 由獨立信託人管理之定額供款退休 計劃。根據強積金計劃,僱主及關 僱員均須對計劃作出按僱員相關收 入之5%計算之供款,而每月計算 供款之相關收入上限為30,000港 元。計劃一旦作出供款即時歸屬。

除上述每年供款外,本集團概無與 支付退休福利計劃有關之責任。

於綜合損益表內計提之總費用 8,211,000港元(二零一六年: 7,470,000港元)指本集團於年內 應向該等計劃作出之供款。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

The Company has two share option schemes: the 2004 Share Option Scheme and the 2014 Share Option Scheme.

The 2004 Share Option Scheme was adopted by a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 18 September 2004 whereby the directors of the Company were authorised, at their discretion, to invite directors and employees of the Group, to take up options to subscribe for shares of the Company up to a maximum of 160,000,000 shares. By a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 26 May 2011, the Company refreshed the limit in respect of the granting of share options under the 2004 Share Option Scheme and all other share options scheme up to 10% of the total number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue. The 2004 Share Option Scheme would be valid and effective for a period of 10 years ended on 17 September 2014. By a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 30 May 2014, the 2004 Share Option Scheme was terminated and thereafter no further options would be offered or granted under the 2004 Share Option Scheme. However, outstanding options granted under the 2004 Share Option Scheme remain valid and exercisable.

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易

本公司有兩項購股權計劃:二零零四年購股權計劃及二零一四年購股權計劃及二零一四年購股權計劃。

二零零四年購股權計劃由本公司股 東通過決議案於二零零四年九月 十八日採納,據此,本公司董事獲 授權酌情激請本集團董事及僱員接 納購股權以認購最多160,000,000 股本公司股份。透過本公司股東於 二零一一年五月二十六日通過的一 項決議案,本公司已更新根據二零 零四年購股權計劃及所有其他購股 權計劃授出購股權之上限至本公 司已發行普通股總數最多10%。 二零零四年購股權計劃有效期為十 年,截至二零一四年九月十七日 止。透過本公司股東於二零一四年 五月三十日通過的一項決議案,二 零零四年購股權計劃已終止並且本 公司其後將不再根據二零零四年購 股權計劃提呈或授出其他購股權。 然而,在二零零四年購股權計劃項 下授出且尚未行使的購股權仍將有 效及可予行使。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The 2014 Share Option Scheme was adopted by a resolution passed by the Company's shareholders on 30 May 2014. The 2014 Share Option Scheme provides that the board of the directors of the Company (the "Board") may specify the eligible participants to whom the options shall be granted. The eligible participants include directors, employees, suppliers, customers, consultants, agents and advisers of the Company and its subsidiaries and any person who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group in recognition of their contribution to the Group. The Board shall determine the exercise price of option in accordance with the terms of the 2014 Share Option Scheme, which cannot in any event fall below the price stipulated in the Listing Rules. The maximum number of the ordinary shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2014 Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% (i.e. 435,127,903 shares) of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at the date when the 2014 Share Option Scheme was approved and adopted. The existing scheme mandate limit in respect of the granting of options to subscribe for shares under the 2014 Share Option Scheme was refreshed and renewed at the an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 19 September 2016. The maximum number of the ordinary shares of the Company upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2014 Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% (ie. 1,385,769,378 shares) of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 19 September 2016 being the date of approval of the refreshment of the existing scheme mandate limit. The 2014 Share Option Scheme was effective on 4 June 2014 and will remain valid and effective for a period of 10 years from that date. During the year ended 31 December 2016, 1,385,769,378 options were granted under the 2014 Share Option Scheme.

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易(續)

二零一四年購股權計劃由本公司股 東通過決議案於二零一四年五月 三十日採納。二零一四年購股權 計劃規定,本公司董事會(「董事 會」)可指定獲授購股權之合資格 參與者。合資格參與者包括本公司 及其附屬公司之董事、僱員、供 應商、客戶、諮詢顧問、代理及 顧問以及董事會全權酌情釐定對本 集團作出或可能作出貢獻之任何人 士,以認可其對本集團之貢獻。董 事會將根據二零一四年購股權計劃 之條款釐定購股權之行使價,惟無 論如何不得低於上市規則所訂明之 價格。根據二零一四年購股權計 劃及本公司任何其他計劃授出的 所有購股權獲行使而可能發行之 本公司最大普通股數目合共不得 超過於二零一四年購股權計劃獲 批准及採納當日本公司已發行普 通股之10%(即435,127,903股股 份)。有關根據二零一四年購股權 計劃授出之購股權以認購股份之現 有計劃授權上限已於二零一六年九 月十九日舉行之本公司股東特別大 會上獲更新及續期。根據二零一四 年購股權計劃及本公司任何其他計 劃將予授出之所有購股權獲行使 後,本公司普通股之最高數目合共 不得超過於二零一六年九月十九日 (即現有計劃授權上限獲批准及更 新之日期)本公司已發行普通股之 10%(即1,385,769,378股股份)。 二零一四年購股權計劃於二零一四 年六月四日生效, 並將由該日計 起十年期間仍然有效。截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年度,根 據二零一四年購股權計劃已授出 1,385,769,378份購股權。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The exercise price of options under the 2004 Share Option Scheme and the 2014 Share Option Scheme is at least the highest of:

- the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the date on which an offer of an option is made by the Company to the grantee (which date must be a business day);
- (ii) a price being the average of the closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the 2004 Share Option Scheme and 2014 Share Option Scheme, the maximum number of ordinary shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2004 Share Option Scheme and 2014 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not exceed 30% of the total number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易(續)

二零零四年購股權計劃及二零一四 年購股權計劃項下的購股權行使價 不會低於(以最高者為準):

- (i) 本公司向承授人提呈購股權 當日(必須為營業日)聯交所 每日報價表所示之本公司股 份收市價:
- (ii) 緊接提呈日期前五個營業日 在聯交所每日報價表所示之 本公司股份平均收市價;及
- (iii) 本公司股份面值。

即使二零零四年購股權計劃及二零一四年購股權計劃訂有任何其他條款,二零零四年購股權計劃及二司任何其他購股權計劃以及本公司任何其他購股權計劃項下所有授出及可投出,最多行之本公司普通股數目,最多亦不可超過本公司不時已發行普通股總數30%。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

2014 Share Option Scheme

The terms and conditions of the grants that existed during the year are as follows, whereby all options are settled by physical delivery of shares:

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交 易(續)

二零一四年購股權計劃

年內現有購股權授出之條款 及條件如下,據此,所有購 股權以股份之實物交收結算:

Number of shares issuable under options granted 根據已授出

> 購股權可予 **Vesting conditions** 發行股份之數目 歸屬條件

Exercise period 行使期

'000

千股

Options granted on 12 October 2016

於二零一六年

十月十二日

授出之購股權

Directors董事 612,000 Immediate on the date of the 3 years from the options granted date of the 於授出購股權當日 options granted 自授出購股權 日期起計三年 Employees僱員 283.000 Immediate on the date of the 3 years from the options granted date of the 於授出購股權當日 options granted 自授出購股權 日期起計三年 Consultants顧問 Immediate on the date of the 490.769 3 years from the options granted date of the 於授出購股權當日 options granted 自授出購股權 日期起計三年

1,385,769

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

2014 Share Option Scheme (continued)

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易(續)

二零一四年購股權計劃(續)

(b) 購股權數目及加權平均行使 價如下:

			2017			2016	
			二零一七年			二零一六年	
				Number of			Number of
				shares			shares
				issuable			issuable
				under			under
		Weighted		options	Weighted		options
		average		granted	average		granted
		exercise		根據已授出	exercise		根據已授出
		price	Exercise	購股權可	price	Exercise	購股權可
		加權平均	price	予發行股份	加權平均	price	予發行股份
		行使價	行使價	之數目	行使價	行使價	之數目
		HK\$	HK\$	′000	HK\$	HK\$	'000
		港元	港元	千股	港元	港元	千股
Outstanding at 1 January	一月一日尚未行使	0.2486	0.2486	1,342,544	_	_	_
Granted during the year	於年內授出	_	_	_	0.2486	0.2486	1,385,769
Exercised during the year	於年內行使	_	_	_	0.2486	0.2486	(40,225)
Lapsed during the year	於年內失效	0.2486	0.2486	(443,275)	0.2486	0.2486	(3,000)
Outstanding at 31 December	十二月三十一日 尚未行使	0.2486	0.2486	899,269	0.2486	0.2486	1,342,544
Exercisable at 31 December	十二月三十一日 可行使	0.2486	0.2486	899,269	0.2486	0.2486	1,342,544

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

2014 Share Option Scheme (continued)

- (c) (i) No options were exercised to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company during the year. The options were exercised to subscribe for 40,225,000 ordinary shares of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2016.
 - (ii) The share options outstanding at 31 December 2017 had an exercise price of HK\$0.2486 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.78 years.
- (d) Fair value of share options and assumptions

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of options granted is measured based on Black-Scholes Option Pricing model. The contractual life of options is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into Black-Scholes Option Pricing model.

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易(續)

二零一四年購股權計劃(續)

- (c) (i) 於年內,概無購股權獲 行使以認購本公司普 通股。截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止年 度,購股權已獲行使以 認購本公司40,225,000 股普通股。
 - (ii) 於二零一七年十二月 三十一日尚未行使之購 股權的行使價為0.2486 港元,而加權平均剩餘 合約年期為1.78年。
- (d) 購股權公平值及假設

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

2014 Share Option Scheme (continued)

(d) Fair value of share options and assumptions (continued)

Fair value of share options and assumptions are as follows:

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易(續)

二零一四年購股權計劃(續)

(d) 購股權公平值及假設(續)

購股權之公平值及假設如下:

		Directors 董事	Employees 僱員	Consultants 顧問
Fair value at	於計量日期之			
measurement	公平值(港元)			
date (HK\$)		0.106	0.092	0.110
Share price (HK\$)	股價(港元)	0.245	0.245	0.245
Exercise price (HK\$)	行使價(港元)	0.2486	0.2486	0.2486
Expected volatility (%)	預期波動(%)	72	72	72
Option life (expressed	購股權年期			
as weight average	按加權平均			
life) (years)	年期)(年)	3	3	3
Expected dividends	預期股息率(%)			
yield (%)		0	0	0
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率			
(based on Exchange	(按外匯			
Fund Notes) (%)	基金票據)(%)	0.62	0.62	0.62

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Expected dividends are based on historical dividends. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

Share options were granted under a service condition. The condition has not been taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received. There were no market conditions associated with the share options granted.

(e) The fair value of the share options granted under the 2014 Share Option Scheme of HK\$144,833,000 was fully recognised in equity-settled share-based payment expenses and the capital reserve of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2016.

預期波動乃以歷史波動為基 準根據公開可得資料之預期 未來波動變動而作出調整。 預期股息乃按歷史股息為依 據。主觀輸入參數假設之變 動可能對公平值之估計構成 重大影響。

購股權乃根據服務條件而授 出。此條件並無納入計算 所得服務於授出日期之公平 值。所授出購股權並無附帶 市場條件。

(e) 截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度,根據二零 一四年購股權計劃授出購股 權之公平值144,833,000港 元已悉數確認為本集團以股 權結算之股份基礎支出費用 及資本儲備。

麥盛資本集團有限公司

一零一十年年報

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

2004 Share Option Scheme

(a) The terms and conditions of the grants that existed during the year are as follows, whereby all options are settled by physical delivery of shares:

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易(續)

二零零四年購股權計劃

(a) 年內現有購股權授出之條款 及條件如下,據此,所有購 股權以股份之實物交收結算:

Number of shares issuable under options granted 根據已授出購股權可予發行股份之數目 '000 千股

Vesting conditions 歸屬條件 Contractual life of options 購股權之合約年期

	<i>十版</i>		
Options granted on 28 October 2011 於二零一一年			
十月二十八日 授出之購股權 Tranche 1			
第一批 — Directors -董事	33,600	24 months from date of grant 自授出日期起計二十四個月	6 years 6年
— Employees -僱員	46,830	24 months from date of grant 自授出日期起計二十四個月	6 years 6年
— Consultants -顧問	19,500	24 months from date of grant 自授出日期起計二十四個月	6 years 6年
	99,930		
Tranche 2 第二批			
— Directors -董事	44,800	36 months from date of grant 自授出日期起計三十六個月	6 years 6 年
— Employees -僱員 — Consultants	62,440 26,000	36 months from date of grant 自授出日期起計三十六個月 36 months from date of grant	6 years 6年
ー Edisuitants ー顧問		自授出日期起計三十六個月	6 years 6 年
Tuon shoo 2	133,240		
Tranche 3 第三批			
— Directors -董事	33,600	48 months from date of grant 自授出日期起計四十八個月	6 years 6年
— Employees -僱員	46,830	48 months from date of grant 自授出日期起計四十八個月	6 years 6年
— Consultants -顧問	19,500	48 months from date of grant 自授出日期起計四十八個月	6 years 6 年
	99,930		
Total number of shares issuable	333,100		

可予發行股份之總數

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

2004 Share Option Scheme (continued)

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易(續)

二零零四年購股權計劃(續)

(b) 購股權數目及加權平均行使 價如下:

			2017			2016	
			二零一七年			二零一六年	
				Number of			Number of
				shares			shares
				issuable			issuable
				under			under
		Weighted		options	Weighted		options
		average		granted	average		granted
		exercise		根據已授出	exercise		根據已授出
		price	Exercise	購股權可	price	Exercise	購股權可
		加權平均	price	予發行股份	加權平均	price	予發行股份
		行使價	行使價	之數目	行使價	行使價	之數目
		HK\$	HK\$	′000	HK\$	HK\$	′000
		港元	港元	千股	港元	港元	千股
Outstanding at 1 January	一月一日尚未行使						
Tranche 1	第一批		1.15	32,730		1.51	59,850
Tranche 2	第二批		1.15	43,640		1.51	79,800
Tranche 3	第三批		1.15	32,730		1.51	59,850
Total	總計	1.15		109,100	1.51		199,500
Exercised during the year	於年內行使						
Lapsed during the year	於年內失效						
Tranche 1	第一批		1.15	(32,730)		1.51	(27,120)
Tranche 2	第二批		1.15	(43,640)		1.51	(36,160)
Tranche 3	第三批		1.15	(32,730)		1.51	(27,120)
Total	總計	1.15		(109,100)	1.51		(90,400)
Outstanding at 31 December	十二月三十一日 尚未行使						
Tranche 1	第一批		1.15	_		1.51	32,730
Tranche 2	第二批		1.15	_		1.51	43,640
Tranche 3	第三批		1.15			1.51	32,730
Total	總計	1.15			1.51		109,100

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

31. EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

2004 Share Option Scheme (continued)

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows: (continued)

31. 以股權結算之股份基礎交易(續)

二零零四年購股權計劃(續)

(b) 購股權數目及加權平均行使 價如下:(續)

2016

	2017			2016	
	二零一七年			二零一六年	
		Number of			Number of
		shares			shares
		issuable			issuable
		under			under
Weighted		options	Weighted		options
average		granted	average		granted
exercise		根據已授出	exercise		根據已授出
price	Exercise	購股權可	price	Exercise	購股權可
加權平均	price	予發行股份	加權平均	price	予發行股份
行使價	行使價	之數目	行使價	行使價	之數目
HK\$	HK\$	′000	HK\$	HK\$	′000
港元	港元	千股	港元	港元	千股
	1.15	_		1.51	32,730
	1.15	_		1.51	43,640
	1.15			1.51	32,730
1.15			1.51		100 100
1.15			1.51		109,100

2047

(c) No options were exercised to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

十二月三十一日

可行使

第一批

第二批

第三批

總計

Exercisable at

Tranche 2

Tranche 3

Total

31 December Tranche 1

- (d) The exercisable period of the share options under 2004 Share Option Scheme expired during the year. The 109,100,000 outstanding share options were lapsed accordingly.
- (c) 於截至二零一七年及二零 一六年十二月三十一日止年 度,概無購股權獲行使以認 購本公司普通股。
- (d) 二零零四年購股權計劃項下 的購股權可行使期間已於年 內屆滿。109,100,000份尚 未行使之購股權已因此失效。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

32. BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 22 April 2016, the Company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Purchaser") entered into an agreement (the "Shenzhen Munsun Agreement") with all shareholders (the "Shenzhen Munsun Sellers") of Shenzhen Munsun, a company incorporated in the PRC. Pursuant to the Shenzhen Munsun Agreement, the Shenzhen Munsun Sellers agreed to sell and the Purchaser agreed to purchase the entire equity interest in Shenzhen Munsun at a consideration of RMB25,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$27,830,000). On 3 January 2017, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest in Shenzhen Munsun. Shenzhen Munsun is engaged in asset management and advisory services in the PRC. The acquisition was made to expansion on the Group's existing businesses into asset management and advisory service industry in the PRC and to broaden its source of revenue.

32. 業務合併

於二零一六年四月二十二日,本公 司及本公司之全資附屬公司(「買 方」)與深圳麥盛,一間於中國註 冊成立的公司)之全體股東(「深 圳麥盛賣方」) 訂立協議(「深圳 麥盛協議」)。根據深圳麥盛協 議,深圳麥盛賣方同意出售而買方 同意購買深圳麥盛之全部股權,代 價為人民幣25,000,000元(相當於 約27,830,000港元)。於二零一七 年一月三日,本集團完成收購深圳 麥盛全部股權。深圳麥盛在中國從 事資產管理及諮詢服務之業務。進 行收購是為了擴大本集團於中國資 產管理及諮詢服務行業,讓現時業 務組合更多樣化,以及擴闊集團之 收入來源。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

32. BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

32. 業務合併(續)

The fair values of identifiable assets and liabilities of Shenzhen Munsun as at the date of completion on the acquisition are as follows: 於收購完成當日,深圳麥盛可識別 資產及負債之公平值為:

		Note 附註	HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets acquired:	已收購資產淨值:		
Fixed assets	固定資產	13	4,386
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資		11,284
Investment in associate	於聯營公司之投資		6,424
Other receivables, deposits	其他應收款項、		
and prepayments	按金及預付款		13,460
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		1,566
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項		(16,477)
Deferred tax liabilities	延遞税項負債	25(a)	(38)
Total identifiable net assets	按公平值列賬之可識別		20.605
at fair value	資產淨值總額	12	20,605
Goodwill	商譽	12	7,225
		_	27,830
Satisfied by cash	以現金支付代價	_	27,830
An analysis of the consolidated cash flows in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary is as follows:	有關收購附屬公司事項之 綜合現金流量 分析如下:		
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價		(27,830)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	已收購現金及現金等價物	_	1,566
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents included in cash flows from investing activities	計入投資活動現金流量 所得現金及現金等價物		
	淨流出		(26,264)

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

32. BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

(i) Shenzhen Munsun contributed revenue and net profit after tax of HK\$18,707,000 and HK\$4,525,000 respectively to the Group for the period between the date of completion on the acquisition and the end of the reporting period.

Had the acquisition of Shenzhen Munsun taken place at 1 January 2017, the revenue and the net loss after tax of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017 would have been HK\$838,305,000 and HK\$390,332,000.

- (ii) The fair value of the other receivables were HK\$11,563,000 as at the date of completion of the acquisition. The gross contractual amounts of the other receivables were HK\$11,563,000. None of the receivables was expected to be uncollectible at the date of completion on the acquisition.
- (iii) The Group incurred transaction costs of HK\$92,000 for this acquisition. The transaction costs have been expensed and are included in consolidated income statement.
- (iv) The goodwill arising from the acquisition of Shenzhen Munsun is attributable to the expansion on the Group's businesses into asset management and advisory service industry in the PRC and revenue sources from the anticipated profitability and revenue growth of Shenzhen Munsun. None of the goodwill recognised is expected to be deductible for income tax purpose.

32. 業務合併(續)

(i) 深圳麥盛於收購完成日期後 直至報告期末之期間為本 集團帶來收入及稅後淨溢利 分別為18,707,000港元及 4,525,000港元。

假如收購深圳麥盛於二零一七年一月一日已進行,則本集團於二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度之收入及税後淨虧損應分別為838,305,000港元。

- (ii) 其他應收款項於收購完成日期的公平值為11,563,000港元。其他應收款項的總合約金額為11,563,000港元。於收購完成日期,概無應收款項預期乃無法收回。
- (iii) 本集團就是項收購產生交易 成本92,000港元。交易成本 已支銷,並於綜合損益表入 賬。
- (iv) 收購深圳麥盛產生的商譽乃 由於擴大本集團於中國資產 管理及諮詢服務行業及深圳 麥盛的預期盈利能力及收入 增長產生的收入來源。概無 已確認之商譽預期可就所得 税扣税。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's major financial instruments include pledged deposits, client trust bank balances, cash and cash equivalents, trade, loans and other receivables, available-for-sale investments, trade and other payables, bank and other borrowings, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial instruments and convertible bonds. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks. The Group is also exposed to price risk arising from any unexpected changes in price of gold products. These risks are limited by the Group's financial management policies described below.

(a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade, loans and other receivables, pledged deposits, client trust bank balances and bank balances. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to the credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and loan receivables, credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. Credit terms are granted to customers, depending on the credit worthiness of individual customers. At 31 December 2017, there is certain concentration of credit risk as 8% (2016: 22%) of the total trade debtors was due from the Group's five largest customers. The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances.

33 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值

(a) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要來自 應收賬款、貸款及其他應收 款項、已抵押存款、客戶信 託銀行結餘以及銀行結餘。 管理層設有既定信貸政策, 而該等信貸風險之承受程度 亦受到持續監察。

就應收賬款及貸款而言,會對 所有要求超過若干金額信貸評估。視乎個別 客戶進行信貸評估。視乎個別 客戶之信譽而定,客戶年十二月 完十一日,本集團應收五之8% (二零一六年:22%),故須 承受若干信貸集中風險。本集 團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵 押品。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

In respect of other receivables, the credit quality of the debtors is assessed by taking into account of their financial position, relationship with the Group, credit history and other factors. Management regularly reviews the recoverability about these receivables and follows up the amounts overdue, if any. The directors are of the opinion that the probability of default by counterparties is low.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by appropriate credit-rating agencies.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade, loans and other receivables are set out in note 18.

(b) Liquidity risk

At 31 December 2017, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$2,985,485,000. To manage liquidity risk, the Group regularly monitors its current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from banks and financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. The directors are of the opinion that the Group will be able to finance its future working capital and financial requirements as described in note 2(b) to the financial statements.

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

就其他應收款項而言,會考慮債務人之財務狀況,會與及關係、信貸歷史及關係、信貸歷史及素他因素而評估其信貸質其他實理層定期檢討該等其他實力。 管理層定期檢討該等其他與款項之可收回程度及關稅之可收回程度 逾期金額(如有)。董事認為對手方違約之可能性偏低。

流動資金之信貸風險屬有限度,原因為對手方為具合適的信貸評級機構授予高信貸評級的銀行。

有關本集團因應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款項而面臨的 信貸風險進一步量化披露於 附註18。

(b) 流動資金風險

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

Specifically, for bank and other borrowings which contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the lender's sole discretion, the analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the Group can be required to pay, that is, if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect. The maturity analysis for bank and other borrowings is prepared based on the scheduled repayment dates.

之公平值(續)

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團於報告期末之非衍生 金融負債及衍生金融負債及衍生金融負債及衍生金融負債 該下訂約到期時間乃於現 詳列,並以訂約未折現現 (包括按訂約利率計算別 制息支出,如屬行之利 則以報告期末現行之利 則以和息支出)及本集團 追索之最早還款日期作基準。

具體而言,就包含可由放款 人全權酌情行使之要實 款條款之銀行及其他貸款之銀行及其他貸款之期間(即倘收集 行使其無條件即時追收發 之權利)的現金流出, 其他貸款之到期分析乃根據 議定還款日期而編製。

		Carrying amount 期面值 <i>HKK\$'000</i> 千港元	Total contractual undiscounted cash outflow 訂約未析現 現金流出總額 <i>HKS'000</i> 千 <i>港元</i>		017 一七年 More than 1 year but less than 2 years 多歳一年 但少於二年 <i>HK\$000</i> <i>千港元</i>	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 多於二年 但少於五年 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 5 years 多於五年 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Carrying amount 販面值 <i>HKS</i> 2000 千港元	Total contractual undiscounted cash outflow 訂約未折現 現金流出總額 <i>HK\$</i> 000 千港元		016 —六年 More than 1 year but less than 2 years 多於一年 但少於二年 <i>HK\$</i> 000 <i>干港元</i>	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 多於二年 但少於五年 <i>HKS</i> 000 千港元	More than 5 years 多於五年 <i>HK\$</i> 2000 千港元
Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and other payables Bank and other borrowings Convertible bonds	非衍生金融負債 應付賬款改及其他應付款項 銀行及其他貸款 可換股債券	674,574 3,645,041 385,460 4,705,075	674,574 4,051,063 389,895 	674,574 2,185,601 389,895 3,250,070	849,289 — — 849,289	916,608 — — 916,608	99,565 — —————————————————————————————————	495,424 4,009,202 368,308 	495,424 4,501,747 417,174 5,414,345	495,424 2,422,174 27,279 2,944,877	795,208 389,895 	1,055,610 — 1,055,610	228,755 — 228,755
Derivative financial liabilities Derivative financial instruments Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	衍生金融負債 衍生金融工具 透過損益按公平值 列脹之金融負債	988,444	1,039,170	1,039,170	-		-	30,830	750,317	581,611	168,706		
		988,444	1,039,170	1,039,170	_			758,578	750,317 ———	581,611	168,706	_	_

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank and other borrowings and bank balances and fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate bank and other borrowings, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and pledged deposits.

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's bank and other borrowings, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, bank balances and pledged deposits at the end of the reporting period:

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

本集團之現金流量利率風險 與浮動利率銀行及其他貸款 及銀行結餘有關,而公平值 利率風險與固定利率銀行及 其他貸款、透過損益按公平 值列賬之金融負債及已抵押 存款有關。

(i) 利率特徵

2017

下表詳列於報告期末本 集團銀行及其他貸款、 透過損益按公平值列賬 之金融資產及負債、銀 行結餘及已抵押存款之 利率簡介:

		2017		2010	
		二零-	-七年	_零-	一六年
		Effective		Effective	
		interest		interest	
		rates		rates	
		實際利率	HK\$'000	實際利率	HK\$'000
		%	千港元	%	千港元
Variable rate bank and	浮動利率銀行及				
other borrowings	其他貸款	6-9	1,066,482	5-9	1,256,777
Fixed rate bank and	固定利率銀行及				
other borrowings	其他貸款	4-15	2,578,559	4-10	2,752,425
Total borrowings	貸款總額		3,645,041		4,009,202
Fixed rate borrowings	固定利率貸款				
as a percentage of	佔貸款總額				
total borrowings	之百分比		71%		69%
Fixed rate financial	固定利率透過損益				
liabilities at fair value	按公平值列賬				
through profit or loss	之金融負債	4-7	988,444	3-6	727,748
Variable rate bank balances	浮動利率 銀行結餘	0.1-0.4	141,721	0.1-0.4	105,397
Fixed rate pledged deposits	固定利率已抵押存款	0.1-3.8	612,155	0.1-3.8	1,018,472

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

All of the bank and other borrowings, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and pledged deposits of the Group which are fixed rate instruments are insensitive to any change in interest rates. A change in interest rate at the end of the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

At 31 December 2017, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates for variable rate bank and other borrowings and bank balances, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the Group's loss before tax and its accumulated losses by approximately HK\$9,248,000 (2016: HK\$11,514,000). Other components of consolidated equity would not change in response to the general increase/ decrease in interest rates.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for variable rate interest bearing financial instruments in existence at that date. The 100 basis point increase/decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the end of the next annual reporting period. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2016.

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

(ii) 敏感性分析

本集團所有屬固定利率 工具之銀行及其他值 款、透過損益按公及 列賬之金融負債以及 抵押存款對任何利率 動並不敏感。於會 影 表之利率 變動不會影響 損益。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(d) Price risk

(i) Gold product price risk

The Group is exposed to price risks arising from the market price fluctuations on gold products. To protect the Group from the impact of price fluctuations in gold products, the management closely monitors gold product price exposure and will consider to use derivative contracts should the need arises.

Changes in the fair value of derivative contracts that economically hedge the price fluctuations in gold products and for which no hedge accounting is applied are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

(ii) Equity Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk from equity instruments and fund investments held by the Group which are classified in the statement of financial position as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale investments. Price risk is the risk of changes in fair value of financial instruments from fluctuations, whether such a change in price is caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments traded in the markets. The Group did not enter into any equity securities forward contracts to manage this price risk. The Group mitigates this price risk by performing detailed analysis of investments and dedicated professionals are assigned to oversee and monitor the performance of investments. The management considers the Group's equity price risk is low as the Group has only availablefor-sale investment in relation to investment in a private equity fund of HK\$12,162,000 (2016: HK\$nil) at 31 December 2017 (note 15).

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(d) 價格風險

(i) 黃金產品價格風險

衍生工具合約公平值之 變動在經濟上對沖黃金 產品價格之變動,如並 無應用對沖會計法,則 於綜合損益表確認。

(ii) 股價風險

本集團因持有股本工具 及基金投資(於財務狀 況表分類為按公平值計 入損益的金融資產及可 供出售投資)而承受股 本證券價格風險。價格 風險指金融工具公平值 因波動而出現變動的風 險,無論有關價格變動 是因個別工具特有的因 素或影響市場上所有買 賣工具的因素所引致。 本集團並無訂立任何股 本證券遠期合約管理該 價格風險。本集團透過 對投資進行詳細分析降 低價格風險,並指派專 業人士監督及監控投資 表現。管理層考慮本集 **国股價風險為低,因為** 本集團於二零一七年 十二月三十一日只有可 供出售投資之私募股權 基金的投資12.162.000 港元(二零一六年:零 港元) (附注15)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(e) Currency risk

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from the following significant assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

The management may consider to use forward foreign exchange contracts to manage its foreign currency risk arising from above anticipated transactions denominated in foreign currencies. During the year, the Group did not enter into any forward foreign exchange contracts to manage its foreign currency risk.

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(e) 貨幣風險

(i) 外匯風險承擔

下表詳述了本集團於報告期末所承擔以其有關實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣列值之下列重大資產或負債而引起之外幣風險。

管理層可考慮使用遠期 外匯合約管理其因上述 預期以外幣列值之交。 所引致之外匯風險。年 內,本集團並無訂立任 何遠期外匯合約管理其 外幣風險。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR **VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

(continued)

(e) Currency risk (continued)

Exposure to currency risk (continued)

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(e) 貨幣風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險承擔(續)

		2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Assets/(liabilities) denominated in USD	按美元列值之 資產/(負債)		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	11	15
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	_	3,299
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他貸款		(350,383)
Total assets	總資產	11	3,314
Total liabilities	總負債		(350,383)

Sensitivity analysis

The management considers that the pegged rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the United States dollar would not be materially affected by any changes in movement in value of the United States dollar against the Hong Kong dollar. Therefore, no sensitivity analysis has been prepared. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2016.

敏感性分析 (ii)

管理層認為,美元兑港 元之任何幣值變化不 會對港元兑美元之聯繫 匯率造成重大影響。因 此,概無編製敏感度分 析。該分析按二零一六 年之同一基準進行。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

(f) Fair value measurement

(i) Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(f) 公平值計量

(i) 按公平值列賬的金融資 產及負債

公平值等級

- 一 第一階層估值:僅 按第一階層輸入 (即相同資產或負 債於計量日期在活 躍市場的未經調整 報價)計算的公平 值。
- 第二階層估值:利 用第二階層估值輸 (即未能達到解輸 (即未能達到察輸入 重並無利用力)和 可觀察輸入 的公平值。 察輸入為本無 數據的輸入。
- 第三階層估值:利 用重大不可觀察輸 入計量的公平值。

2017

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

- **(f)** Fair value measurement (continued)
 - (i) Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value (continued)

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(f) 公平值計量(續)

(i) 按公平值列賬的金融資 產及負債(續)

2016

		一参一七年		_ ~ ~ ~	-//干
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
		第 1 級	第2級	第1級	第2級
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value					
measurements	經常性公平值計量				
Assets/(Liabilities):	資產/(負債):				
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公平值				
through profit or loss	列賬之金融資產	_	_	253,808	51,057
Financial liabilities at fair value	透過損益按公平值				
through profit or loss	列賬之金融負債	_	(988,444)	_	(727,748)
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	_	_	_	(30,830)

There were no transfers between instruments in all levels during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2016.

An independent valuation company with appropriate recognised professional qualifications is engaged to value the derivative financial instruments at each financial reporting period. Appropriate valuation methods and assumptions with reference to market conditions existing at each financial reporting period to determine the fair value of the derivative financial instruments are adopted. The basis for determining the fair value is disclosed in notes 19 and 24.

截至二零一七年及二零 一六年十二月三十一日 止年度,工具於所有等 級之間並無進行轉移。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(continued)

- (f) Fair value measurement (continued)
 - (ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2017 and 2016 except for the convertible bonds. As at 31 December 2017, the fair value of the convertible bonds amounted to approximately HK\$346,392,000 (2016: HK\$326,169,000) which is categorised into Level 1 fair value measurements (i.e. unadjusted quoted prices).

34. COMMITMENTS

(a) As at 31 December 2017, the Group had contracted but not provided for capital commitments in respect of the acquisitions of gold mining and exploration rights of HK\$14,998,000 (2016: HK\$13,944,000) and fixed assets of HK\$119,726,000 (2016: HK\$91,950,000). Investment in unlisted equity investment funds of HK\$46,804,000 (31 December 2016: nil) and capital contribution in associate of HK\$4,799,000 (31 December 2016: nil).

33. 金融風險管理及金融工具 之公平值(續)

(f) 公平值計量(續)

(ii) 按公平值以外列賬之金 融資產及負債之公平值

34. 承擔

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

34. COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) At 31 December 2017, the Group's total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

Within 1 year	一年內
After 1 year but within 5 years	一年以上但五年以內
After 5 years	五年以上

The Group is the lessee in respect of a number of properties for an initial period of three to ten years (2016: two to ten years). None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

34. 承擔(續)

(b) 於二零一七年十二月三十一 日,本集團根據不可解除之 經營租賃在日後應付之最低 租賃付款額總數如下:

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
42.720	11,317
13,729	11,517
4,290	14,649
	2
18,019	25,968

本集團為多項物業之承租 人,初步為期三至十年(二零 一六年:二至十年)。該等租 賃並不包括或然租金。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) During the year, the Group had the following related party transactions:
 - As further detailed in note 32, the Group completed the acquisition of Shenzhen Munsun on 3 January 2017. Mr. Li Xianghong ("Mr. Li"), was one of the executive directors and the shareholders of Shenzhen Munsun and Mr. Li's spouse was also one of the shareholders of Shenzhen Munsun. Mr. Li was appointed as the executive director of the Company on 10 July 2015 and the chairman and the chief executive director on 7 August 2015 and resigned all above posts on 31 August 2017. Mr. Zhang Lirui ("Mr. Zhang"), the executive director of the Company, was one of the shareholders of Shenzhen Munsun. The spouse of Mr. Zhang was also one of the shareholders of Shenzhen Munsun. The above acquisition transaction has been approved by the Company's shareholders at extraordinary general meeting on 20 July 2016. Further details are set out in the Company's circular on 4 July 2016 and announcements on 22 April 2016, 1 June 2016, 20 July 2016, 25 October 2016 and 3 January 2017.

35. 關連人士交易

- (a) 於年內,本集團進行下列關 連人士交易:
 - 誠如附許32進一步詳 (i) 述,本集團於二零一七 年一月三日完成收購深 圳麥盛。李向鴻先生 (「李先牛」) 為深圳麥 盛之執行董事兼股東, 而李先生之配偶亦為深 圳麥盛的股東之一。李 先生於二零一五年七月 十日獲委任為本公司執 行董事,於二零一五年 八月七日獲委任為主席 兼總執行董事,並於二 零一七年八月三十一日 辭任上述所有職銜。本 公司執行董事張利鋭先 生(「張先生」)為深圳麥 盛的股東之一。張先生 之配偶亦為深圳麥盛的 股東之一。上述收購交 易已獲本公司股東於二 零一六年十月二十日在 股東特別大會上批准。 進一步詳情載於本公司 日期為二零一六年七月 四日之诵承以及日期為 二零一六年四月二十二 日、二零一六年六月 一日、二零一六年七月 二十日、二零一六年十 月二十五日及二零一十 年一月三日之公佈內。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2016, Munsun Assets Management Ltd ("Munsun Assets") and Tai Ning Investment Holdings Limited ("Tai Ning") (the "Joint Lenders") jointly granted a loan of HK\$300 million (the "Joint Loan") to the Group and the Group through the acquisition of Munsun Asia had a loan of HK\$165 million (the "Loan") due to Munsun Assets. At 31 December 2017, Munsun Assets and Tai Ning held approximately 0.2% (2016: 18.87%) and 7.04% (2016: 7.78%), respectively, shareholding in the Company. Tai Ning is wholly-owned by Mr Liu. Both loans are charged at an effective interest rate of 9% per annum and unsecured. During the year, the Group fully settled the Loan and agreed with the Joint Lenders to extend the repayment date of the Joint Loan to January 2019. The Group recognised interest on the Joint Loan and the Loan of HK\$27,000,000 (2016: HK\$259,000) and HK\$30,000 (2016: HK\$4,242,000) respectively in the consolidated income statement during the year. At 31 December 2017, the outstanding balances of the Joint Loan and the Loan, were HK\$300,000,000 (2016: HK\$300,259,000) and HK\$nil (2016: HK\$5,428,000) respectively as included in the Group's bank and other borrowings (note 23).

35. 關連人士交易(續)

(a) (續)

截至二零一六年十二月 (ii) 三十一日止年度,麥盛 資產管理有限公司(「麥 盛資產1)及泰寧投資控 股有限公司(「泰寧」) (「聯席放款人」)聯席向 本集團授出一筆300百 萬港元的貸款(「聯席 貸款」),而本集團透 過收購麥盛亞州因而欠 付麥盛資產165百萬港 元的貸款(「貸款」)。 於二零一七年十二月 三十一日,麥盛資產及 泰寧分別持有本公司 約0.2%(二零一六年: 18.87%) 及7.04%(二 零一六年:7.78%)股 權。泰寧由劉先生全資 擁有。兩筆貸款均按實 際利率每年9%計算, 屬無抵押。於年內,本 集團已悉數結清貸款並 與聯席放款人協定將 聯席貸款的還款日期 延至二零一九年一月。 本集團於報告期間分 別於綜合損益表就聯 席貸款及貸款確認利 息27,000,000港 元(二 零一六年:259,000港 元)及30,000港元(二 零 一 六 年:4,242,000 港元)。於二零一七年 十二月三十一日, 聯席 貸款及貸款的未償還結 餘分別為300,000,000 港元(二零一六年: 300,259,000港元)及 零港元(二零一六年: 5,428,000港元),計入 本集團的銀行及其他貸 款(附註23)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) (continued)

- (iii) During the year, Mr. Li and Mr Zhang have provided personal guarantee for bank and other borrowings facilities granted to the Group of HK\$404 million (2016: HK\$167 million) and HK\$126 million (2016: HK\$nil), respectively (note 23(a)).
- (iv) During the year, Mr. Li, Mr. Liu, Mr. Zhang Shuguang (who was appointed as the executive director of the Company on 6 September 2011 and resigned on 31 August 2017) and their spouses, Mr. Zhang and two senior management staff of two subsidiaries have provided certain joint personal guarantees for bank and other borrowings facilities granted to the Group with an aggregate amount of HK\$765 million (note 23(a)). During the year ended 31 December 2016, Mr. Zhang Shuguang and his spouse provided personal guarantee for bank and other borrowings facilities granted to the Group with an aggregate amount of HK\$538 million.

35. 關連人士交易(續)

(a) (續)

- (iii) 於年內,李先生及張先生已分別就本集團獲授之銀行及其他貸款信貸404百萬港元(二零一六年:167百萬港元)及126百萬港元(二零一六年:零港元)提供個人擔保(附註23(a))。
- (iv) 年內,李先生、劉先 生、張曙光先生(於二 零一一年九月六日獲委 任為本公司執行董事, 以及於二零一七年八月 三十一日辭任)及他們 的配偶、張先生及兩間 附屬公司之兩名高級管 理人員就本集團獲授之 銀行及其他貸款融資總 額765百萬港元提供若 干聯席個人擔保(附註 23(a))。 截至二零一六 年十二月三十一日止年 度,張曙光先生及其配 偶就本集團獲授之銀行 及其他貸款融資總額 538百萬港元提供個人 擔保。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) (continued)

- (v) During the year ended 31 December 2016, Mr. Chang Yim Yang, who was appointed as the executive director of the Company on 19 June 2008 and resigned on 9 August 2016 provided the share charge of his wholly-owned company as security together with his personal guarantee for bank and other borrowings facilities granted to the Group approximately HK\$678 million. The share charge and his personal guarantee were released during the year (note 23(a)).
- (vi) During the year, a (2016: two) senior management staff of a (2016: two) subsidiary has provided personal guarantee for bank and other borrowings facilities granted to the Group of approximately HK\$180 million (2016: HK\$167 million) (notes 23(b)).

35. 關連人士交易(續)

(a) (續)

- (vi) 年內,一(二零一六年:兩)間附屬公司之一(二零一六年:兩)名高級管理人員已就本集團獲授之銀行及其他貸款信貸約180百萬港元(二零一六年:167百萬港元)提供個人擔保(附註23(b))。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's directors and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in notes 8 and 9 is as follows:

Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits Equity-settled share-based payment expenses 短期僱員福利 離職福利 以股權結算之股份 基礎支出費用

35. 關連人士交易(續)

(b) 主要管理人員酬金

主要管理人員酬金(包括附註 8及9所披露支付予本公司董 事之款項及支付予若干最高 酬金僱員之款項)如下:

36. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The method, estimates and judgements the directors use in applying the Group's accounting policies have a significant impact on the Group's financial position and operating results. Some of the accounting policies require the Group apply estimates and judgements on matters that are inherently uncertain. In addition to note 31 which contains information about the assumptions and the risk factors relating to fair value of share options granted, certain critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies are described below.

36. 會計估計及判斷

該等估計及相關假設須作持續檢討。若有關會計估計之修訂僅影響其修訂之期間,則該等修訂將於修訂有關估計之期間確認;而若該估計之修訂影響該期間及日後期間,則有關修訂在該期間及日後期間確認。

董事應用本集團會計政策時所使用 之方法、估計及判斷對本集團會 於況及經營業績有重大影響。 份會定之若干事項使用估計及 斷。除附註31載有有關所授購資 權公平值之假設及風險因素的的 權公平的關應用本集團會計政策 十重要會計判斷載述如下。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

36. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(a) Mining rights and mining structures

Mining rights and mining structures are amortised or depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the mines, in accordance with the production plans of the mines concerned, by using the unit of production method based on the actual production volume over the estimated total proven and probable reserves of the ore mines. Proven reserves refer to the economically mineable part of measured resources. Probable reserves include economically mineable part of indicated resources. The process of estimating quantities of reserves is inherently uncertain and complex. It requires significant judgements and decisions based on available geological, geophysical, engineering and economic data. These estimates may change substantially as additional data from ongoing development activities and production performance becomes available and as economic conditions impacting mineral prices and costs change. Reserve estimates are based on current production forecasts, prices and economic conditions. The directors exercise their judgement in estimating the total proven and probable reserves of the ore mines.

(b) Renewal of mining rights

The Group's mining rights will expire during the period from the date of approval of these financial statements up to 2026 and, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group will be able to renew the mining rights with the relevant authorities in the PRC continuously at insignificant cost.

36. 會計估計及判斷(續)

(a) 採礦權及採礦構築物

根據相關礦場的生產計劃, 採礦權及採礦構築物乃於該 等礦場估計可使用年限按礦 山之估計總證實及概略儲量 根據實際產量使用生產單位 法推行攤銷或折舊。 證實儲 量指探明礦產資源量中在經 濟上可開採的部份; 概略儲 量包括控制資源量中在經濟 上可開採的部份。估計儲量 之過程本身存在不確定性及 複雜性,需要根據可用之地 質、地理、工程及經濟數據 作出重要判斷及決定。該等 估計可能會隨著取得持續開 發活動及生產表現之額外數 據及由於影響礦物價格及成 本之經濟狀況發生變動而出 現大幅變動。儲量估計乃根 據現時之生產預期、價格及 經濟狀況作出。董事於估計 礦山之總證實及概略儲量時 會運用其判斷。

(b) 續領採礦權

本集團之採礦權將由該等財務報表批准日直至二零二六年或期間屆滿,而本公司董事認為,本集團將能繼續以並不重大的成本向中國相關部門續領採礦權。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

36. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(c) Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets, other than mining structures, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account their estimated residual values. The Group reviews annually the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any. Interests in leasehold land held for own use under operating leases are amortised on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the leased assets and the lease term. Both the period and methods of amortisation are reviewed annually. The depreciation and amortisation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(d) Valuation of inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value at the end of the reporting period. Net realisable value is determined on the basis of the estimated selling price less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The directors estimate the net realisable value for inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. In addition, the directors perform an inventory review at each year end date and assess the need for write down of inventories.

36. 會計估計及判斷(續)

(c) 折舊及攤銷

(d) 存貨估值

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

36. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(e) Impairments

In considering the impairment losses that may be required for the Group's intangible assets, fixed assets, deposits paid for gold mining and exploration rights and fixed assets, recoverable amounts of the assets need to be determined. The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. It is difficult to precisely estimate fair value less costs of disposal because quoted market prices for these assets may not be readily available. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgement relating to items such as level of sales volume, selling price and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is reasonable approximation of recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of items such as sales volume, selling price and amount of operating costs. Had different parameters and discount rates been used to determine the fair value of the intangible assets, the Group's results of operations and financial position could be materially different.

36 會計估計及判斷(續)

(e) 減值

當本集團考慮可能須對無形 資產、固定資產以及就金 礦之採礦及探礦權及固定資 產支付之按金作出減值虧損 時,須計算該等資產之可收 回金額。可收回金額是以公 平值減去出售成本與使用價 值兩者中之較高者計算。由 於可能難以取得這些資產之 市場報價,因此難以準確地 估計公平值減去出售成本。 在釐定使用價值時,資產所 產生之預期現金流量會折現 至其現值,因而需要對銷售 量、售價及經營成本金額等 項目作出重大判斷。本集團 在釐定與可收回金額相若之 合理數額時採用所有可供使 用之資料,包括根據合理及 有證據支援之假設所作出之 估計及銷售量、售價及經營 成本等項目之預測。倘使用 不同參數和折算率釐定無形 資產之公平值,本集團之經 營業績和財務狀況可能大幅 改變。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

36. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(e) Impairments (continued)

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 December 2017 was HK\$ 281,118,000 (2016: HK\$273,893,000). Further details are given in note 12(c).

Impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts are assessed and provided based on the directors' regular review of ageing analysis and evaluation of collectibility. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the directors when assessing the credit worthiness and past collection history of each individual customer.

An increase or decrease in the above impairment losses would affect the net profit of the Group in future years.

36 會計估計及判斷(續)

(e) 減值(續)

呆壞賬減值虧損乃根據董事 定期作出之賬齡分析及可 收回情況評估而作出評估及 計提撥備。董事於評估個別 客戶之信譽及過去還款記錄 時,須作出很大程度之判斷。

以上減值虧損之任何增減均 會影響本集團於未來年度之 溢利淨額。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

36. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(f) Fair value of derivative financial instruments and financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

The fair value of derivative financial instruments and financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss that are not traded in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques are used to determine fair values, they are periodically reviewed. To the extent practical, models use only observable data, however areas such as credit risk, volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair values of derivative financial instruments and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(g) Income tax

Determining income tax provision involves judgement on the future tax treatment of certain transactions. The directors carefully evaluate tax implications of transactions and tax provisions are set up accordingly. The tax treatment of such transactions is reconsidered periodically to take into account all changes in tax legislations. Deferred tax assets are recognised for temporary deductible differences. As those deferred tax assets can only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised, the directors' judgement is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. The directors' assessment is constantly reviewed and additional deferred tax assets are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

36. 會計估計及判斷(續)

(f) 衍生金融工具及透過損益按公平值列賬之金融資產及負債之公平值

(a) 所得税

釐定所得税撥備涉及對若干 交易未來税務處理的判斷。 董事慎重評估各項交易的税 務影響,並計提相應的稅項 撥備。本集團會根據稅務法 規的所有修訂,定期重新考 慮該等交易的税務處理。本 集團會就暫時可扣稅差額確 認遞延税項資產。由於該等 遞延税項資產僅限在很可能 獲得可以利用上述未動用税 務抵免的未來應課税溢利 時才會確認,故董事須判斷 獲得未來應課税溢利的可 能性。董事經常檢討有關評 估,如預計未來應課税溢利 足以使遞延税項資產得以收 回,即會增加確認遞延税項 資產。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

36. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(h) Functional currency of the Company

The Company is carrying out its operating activities and making management decisions in Hong Kong, that is, raising finance in Hong Kong dollars and has a significant degree of autonomy from its subsidiaries in the PRC in the way its business is managed. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, its functional currency is Hong Kong dollars.

(i) Environmental contingencies

During the year and up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the Group has not involved in any significant environmental remediation at this initial stage of gold mining activities and has complied with the existing environmental legislation requirements. The PRC government, however, may move further towards more rigorous enforcement of applicable laws and the adoption of more stringent environmental standards. Under existing environmental legislation, management believes that there are no probable liabilities that will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operating results of the Group for the current reporting period.

(j) Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

The Group is required to determine whether waste removal costs ("stripping costs") incurred during the production phase of a property of a surface mine provide improved access to a component of an ore body that will be mined in a future period, and whether the costs can be reliably measured. The Group has to apply judgment when identifying components of the mine over which stripping costs are capitalised, estimate the average stripping ratio for each component, and use judgment determining the period over which the stripping activity assets is amortised.

36. 會計估計及判斷(續)

(h) 本公司之功能貨幣

本公司在香港從事其經營活動並作出管理決定,以港元 籌資,此舉令其於業務管理 方式上與其中國附屬公司享 有高度自主權。本公司董事 認為,其功能貨幣為港元。

(i) 環境或有費用

(j) 露天礦生產階段的剝離 成本

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

37. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Saved as disclosed in notes 24(c) and 26(a), the Group had the following significant events subsequent to the end of the reporting period and up to the date of approval of these financial statements:

- On 17 January 2018, the Company entered into a placing agreement with an independent placing agent whereby the Company conditionally agreed to place, through the placing agent, on best effort basis, up to 2,779 million new ordinary shares of the Company at the subscription price of HK\$0.057 per share. On 1 February 2018, the above transaction was completed and the Company issued and alloted 2,779 million new ordinary shares of the Company with net proceeds approximately HK\$155 million after deducting issuing expenses. The Company intends that the net proceeds will be used for the settlement of the Group's debts of HK\$120 million and its general working capital of HK\$35 million (including production costs, finance costs and administrative expenses of approximately HK\$20 million, HK\$10 million and HK\$5 million respectively). Details are set out in the Company's announcements on 17 January 2018 and 1 February 2018.
- (b) The Group has been granted new bank and other borrowings of HK\$130 million which include loans repayable within and beyond the next twelve months after the end of the reporting period of HK\$50 million and HK\$80 million respectively.

37. 報告期後事項

除於附註24(c)及26(a)所披露外, 本集團於報告期末後及直至該等財 務報表批准日有下列重大事項:

- 於二零一八年一月十七日, (a) 本公司與獨立配售代理訂立 配售協議,據此,本公司有 條件同意诱過配售代理按盡 力基準配售不超過2,779百 萬股本公司新普通股,認購 價為每股股份0.057港元。 於二零一八年二月一日,上 述交易已完成及本公司已發 行及配發2.779百萬股本公 司普通股經扣除發行開支後 之所得款項淨額約155百萬 港元。本公司擬將所得款項 淨額用於償還本集團債務 120百萬港元以及其一般營 運資金35百萬港元(包括生 產成本、財務成本及行政開 支之分別約20百萬港元、 10百萬港元及5百萬港元)。 有關詳情載於本公司於二零 一八年一月十七日及二零 一八年二月一日之公佈內。
- (b) 本集團已獲授新增銀行及其 他貸款約130百萬港元,其 中包括報告期後分別於十二 個月內及超過十二個月須償 還之貸款50百萬港元及80百 萬港元。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

38. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Changes in liabilities/(assets) arising from financing activities

38. 綜合現金流量表附註

來自融資活動之負債/(資產)變動

				Financial			
				liabilities			
				at fair value			
				through			
		Bank and		profit or loss			
		other	Convertible	透過損益	Pledged	Accrued	
		borrowings	Bonds	按公平值	deposits	interest	
		銀行及	可換股	列賬之	已抵押	應付	Total
		其他貸款	債券	金融負債	存款	利息	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年						
· ·· · · · ,	一月一日	4,009,202	368,308	727,748	(1,018,472)	22,649	4,109,435
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動		·	,	, , ,		
Proceeds from bank and	銀行及其他貸款						
other borrowings	所得款項	1,167,506	_	_	_	_	1,167,506
Repayment of bank and	償還銀行及						
other borrowings	其他貸款	(1,789,544)	_	_	_	_	(1,789,544)
Proceeds from financial	按公平值計入						
liabilities at fair value	損益之金融						
through profit or loss	負債所得款項	_	-	780,450	_	_	780,450
Repayment of financial	償還按公平值						
liabilities at fair value	計入損益之						
through profit or loss	金融負債	_	_	(574,919)	_	_	(574,919)
Decrease in pledged deposits	已抵押存款減少	_	_	_	466,202	_	466,202
Interest paid	已付利息		(27,279)			(367,791)	(395,070)
		(622,038)	(27,279)	205,531	466,202	(367,791)	(345,375)
Effect of foreign exchange	匯率變動之影響						
rate changes		236,400	_	53,777	(59,885)	1,604	231,896
Interest expenses	利息支出	21,477*	44,431	-	_	397,078	462,986
Fair value loss	公平值虧損			1,388	- 1.0		1,388
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年						
	十二月三十一日	3,645,041	385,460	988,444	(612,155)	53,540	4,460,330
	2 3 63 C						

^{*} Representing amortisation of financing transaction costs.

^{*} 代表融資活動的交易成本攤銷。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

39. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued the following amendments, new and revised standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2017:

The Group has not early applied any of the following new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Annual Improvements Amendments to HKFRS 1 and 2014-2016 Cycle HKAS 28¹

Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfer of investment property ¹

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based payment:

Classification and measurement of share-based payment

transactions ¹

Amendments to HKFRS 4 Insurance contracts: Applying

HKFRS 9 Financial instrument

with HKFRS 4 1

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or contribution of Assets and HKAS 28 between an investor and

its Associate or joint Venture 4

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ¹

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Prepayment features with negative compensation ²

39. 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度已頒佈但 尚未生效之修訂本、新訂 準則及詮釋之潛在影響

直至該等財務報表刊發日期,香港 會計師公會已頒佈以下於截至二零 一七年十二月三十一日止年度尚未 生效之修訂本、新訂及經修訂準則 及詮釋:

本集團並無提早應用下列任何已頒 佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂準 則、修訂本或詮釋。

二零一四年至 香港財務報告

二零一六年 準則第1號及 週期之 香港會計準則 年度改進 第28號(修訂本)¹

香港會計準則 轉讓投資物業1

第40號(修訂本)

香港財務報告 以股份為基礎的 準則第2號 付款:以股份

(修訂本) 為基礎付款交易

之分類及計量1

香港財務報告 保險合約:將香港

 準則第4號
 財務報告準則

 (修訂本)
 第9號金融工具

運用至香港財務報告準則第4號1

香港財務報告 投資者與其聯營

準則第10號及 或合營企業之間

香港會計準則 的資產出售 第28號(修訂本) 或注資⁴

第28號(修訂本) 或注負 ⁴ 香港財務報告 金融工具 ¹

準則第9號

香港財務報告 提早還款特性

 準則第9號
 及負補償

 (修訂本)
 (修訂本)²

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated 以港元列示,除另有所指外)

39. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 (continued)

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts

with Customers ¹

Amendments to HKFRS 15 Clarifications to HKFRS 15

Revenue from Contracts

with Customers¹

HKFRS 16 Leases ²

HKFRS 17 Insurance contracts³

HKFRIC 22 Foreign currency transactions and

advance consideration ¹

HKFRIC 23 Uncertainty over income tax

treatments 2

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
 2019.
- Effective for annual periods begining on or after 1 January 2021.
- Mandatory effective date is not determined but is available for early adoption.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

39. 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日止年度已頒佈但 尚未生效之修訂本、新訂 準則及詮釋之潛在影響(續)

香港財務報告 客戶合約收益1

準則

第15號

香港財務報告 澄清香港財務報告 準則第15號 準則第15號客戶

(修訂本) 合約收益1

香港財務報告 租賃2

準則第16號

香港財務報告 保險合約3

準則第17號

香港財務報告 外幣交易及預付

第22號

第23號

- 1 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- ² 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 3 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 4 尚未釐定強制生效日期,惟可提 早採納。

本集團正評估初步應用該等新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則之期間預 期帶來之影響。迄今結論是採納該 等修訂本應不會對綜合財務報表產 生重大影響。

FIVE YEARS SUMMARY

五年概要 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars 以港元列示)

		2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets	總資產	11,716,331	12,768,249	12,777,902	13,493,195	13,591,807
Total liabilities	總負債	(5,793,484)	(6,885,708)	(7,012,120)	(6,252,106)	(6,381,927)
Net assets	資產淨值	5,922,847	5,882,541	5,765,782	7,241,089	7,209,880
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人 應佔權益	5,922,847	5,882,541	5,765,782	7,241,089	7,209,880
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
		二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收益	1,562,409	1,286,873	746,605	766,654	838,305
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)	330,053	(82,205)	(117,589)	(407,139)	(371,678)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(148,670)	(101,820)	(20,071)	(12,012)	(18,512)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	181,383	(184,025)	(137,660)	(419,151)	(390,190)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

LIU Liyang (appointed as Chairman on 6 September 2017)

CHEN Sheng (appointed as Chief Executive Officer on 24 January 2018)

YU Yong (appointed as Deputy Chief Executive Officer on 6 September 2017)

ZHANG Lirui

WANG Baozhi

ZANG Dongling

Independent Non-executive Directors

WU Tai Cheung XIAO Rong Ge ZHANG Tianyu

COMPANY SECRETARY

LEUNG Lai Seung

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

LIU Liyang LEUNG Lai Seung

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

LIU Liyang (Chairman)

CHEN Sheng

WANG Baozhi

ZHANG Lirui

YU Yong

ZANG Dongling

董事會

執行董事

劉力揚(於二零一七年九月六日 獲委任為主席)

陳勝(於二零一八年一月二十四日 獲委任為行政總裁)

余勇(於二零一七年九月六日 獲委任為副總裁)

張利鋭

王保志

臧東玲

獨立非執行董事

胡大祥

肖榮閣

張田余

公司秘書

梁麗嫦

法定代表

劉力揚

梁麗嫦

執行委員會

劉力揚(主席)

陳勝

王保志

張利鋭

余勇

臧東玲

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

AUDIT COMMITTEE

WU Tai Cheung *(Chairman)* XIAO Rong Ge ZHANG Tianyu

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

ZHANG Tianyu (*Chairman*) WU Tai Cheung LIU Liyang

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

LIU Liyang *(Chairman)* WU Tai Cheung ZHANG Tianyu

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

LIU Liyang *(Chairman)* WANG Baozhi ZANG Dongling

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 7810 The Center 99 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

AUDITORS

Ascenda Cachet CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants

審核委員會

胡大祥(主席) 肖榮閣 張田余

薪酬委員會

張田余*(主席)* 胡大祥 劉力揚

提名委員會

劉力揚*(主席)* 胡大祥 張田余

企業管治委員會

劉力揚(主席) 王保志 臧東玲

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

香港主要營業地點

香港 皇后大道中 99 號 中環中心 7810 室

核數師

天健德揚會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

LEGAL ADVISERS

As to PRC law: Bastion Law Firm

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

In Hong Kong:
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

In the PRC:
Ping An Bank
Bank of Communications

WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

http://cpm.etnet.com.hk

法律顧問

中國法律: 邦盛律師事務所

股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-16號舗

主要往來銀行

香港: 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

中國: 平安銀行 交通銀行

公司網頁

http://cpm.etnet.com.hk

MUNSUN 麥盛